U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Privacy Threshold Analysis for the Enterprise Data Warehouse

U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis USPTO Enterprise Data Warehouse

Unique Project Identifier: PTOC-003-00

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Senior Agency Official for Privacy (SAOP).

Description of the information system and its purpose:

The Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW) is a Major Application (MA) that provides access to integrated United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) data to support the decision-making activities of managers and analysts in the USPTO's business areas as needed to achieve business goals. It helps USPTO managers and analysts to answer a variety of strategic and tactical business questions using quantitative enterprise business information. Specifically, EDW provides a tool that allows managers and analysts to analyze business processes, resource use and needs, and other facets of the business. The EDW master system is composed of the following two subsystems:

- Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW): EDW provides an integrated view of PTO's business information about PTO General Ledger, Revenue, Payroll, Cost Accounting, Human Resources, Budget, Compensation Cost Projection, Patent Case, Patent Examiner Production and Job Application Rating System (JARS), Time and Attendance, Federal Procurement, Corporate Planning, Contractor Actual, Fixed Assets, Automated Disbursements, Accounts Receivable, Travel, Accounts Payable, Acquisitions, IT Project Information, IT Deployment, and Patent Trial and Appeal Board (PTAB) data to support strategic and tactical decision-making.
- Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS): EL4FMS provides access to USPTO financial-related documents to support the decision-making activities of managers and analysts. EL4FMS also supports authorized users' business operations by providing access via Fee Processing Next Generation (FPNG) to various financial documents relating to their FPNG account.

Questionnaire:

1.	What is the status of this information system?							
		This is a new information system. <i>Continue to answer questions and complete certification.</i> This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.						
		Changes That Create New I	rivac	v Risks (CTCNPR)				
		a. Conversions		d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses		
		b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous		e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection		
		c. Significant System Management Changes		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data		
		j. Other changes that create i	new pr	ivacy risks (specify):				
2	⊠	risks. Continue to answer ques	tions, a	nd complete certification.	_	s do not create new privac	гу	
2.	NIST collecthose	ne IT system or its informations? Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4 action and use of PII, but may neverthele activities and can be used to analyze the dio recordings, video surveillance, buil	, Appen ss raise e privac	dix J, states "Organizations may al privacy concerns and associated ri- y risk and mitigate such risk when	so enga sk. The necessa	ge in activities that do not involve the privacy controls are equally applicatory." Examples include, but are not li	ole to	
		Yes. Please describe	the ac	ctivities which may rais	e pri	vacy concerns.		
	\boxtimes	No						
3.	As pe the Fr privile "Com submi	es the IT system collect, mer DOC Privacy Policy: "For the purporreedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "eged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(amercial" is not confined to records that itter has a commercial interest" and can although it may not be exempt from release	se of thi trade sec 4)). This reveal t include	s policy, business identifiable inforcerets and commercial or financial is information is exempt from automossic commercial operations" but it information submitted by a nonpression of the submitted by a non-submitted by a non-submitted by a no	rmation nformat natic rel ncludes ofit enti	consists of (a) information that is deficion obtained from a person [that is] lease under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption any records [or information] in which ty, or (b) commercial or other inform	ined in on. h the	
	Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII about: (Check all apply.)							!t
		□ Companies						

		Other business entities
		No, this IT system does not collect any BII.
4.	Person	ally Identifiable Information
	(PII)? As per ON trace an in	des the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate personally identifiable information of the term 'personally identifiable information' refers to information which can be used to distinguish or adividual's identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, etc alone, or when combined with other or identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother's maiden"
		Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.)
	\boxtimes	DOC employees
	\boxtimes	Contractors working on behalf of DOC
	\boxtimes	Members of the public
		No, this IT system does not collect any PII.
If i	the answ	ver is "yes" to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.
	4b.	Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?
	\boxtimes	Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.
		No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.
	dissem level?	Il the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or ninated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease s, etc.

	Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.
\boxtimes	No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, and/or 4c are "Yes," a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the approved PIA must be a part of the IT system's Assessment and Authorization Package.

CERTIFICATION

☑ I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above apply to the ENTERPRISE DATA WAREHOUSE and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.
☐ I certify the criteria implied by the questions above do not apply to the ENTERPRISE DATA WAREHOUSE and as a consequence of this non-applicability, a PIA for this IT system is not necessary.
Name of System Owner (SO):
Signature of SO: Mta ZoKs Date: 5/8/17
Name of Senior Information Security Officer (SISO): Rami Dillon
Signature of SISO: Pollin Date: 5/10/17
Name of Authorizing Official (AO) & Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO): John B. Owens II
Signature of AO & BCPO: Date: 5/11/17
Name of Authorizing Official (AO) or Designated Representative: Frank Murphy
Signature of AO: 10/2017