# **U.S. Department of Commerce Office of the Secretary**



Privacy Threshold Analysis
for the
Workers' Compensation Claims and Case Management System

### **U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis**

## Office of the Secretary/Contract Claim Service System Unique Project Identifier: OS-062

**Introduction:** This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

**Description of the information system and its purpose:** *Provide a general description of the information system in a way that a non-technical person can understand.* 

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines "information system" by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).

The Contract Claim Service System (CCSS) through the Workers' Compensation (WC) Case Management Support System assists the Department with medical review and oversight of all WC claims to ensure injured employees receive timely and appropriate medical care to enable a successful return to the workforce as soon as medically appropriate.

#### **Questionnaire:**

1.

What	This is a new information system. Continue to answer questions and complete certification.  This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks.  Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.							
	Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR)							
	a. Conversions	d. Significant Merging	g. New Interagency Uses					
	b. Anonymous to Non-	e. New Public Access	h. Internal Flow or					
	Anonymous		Collection					
	c. Significant System  Management Changes	f. Commercial Sources	i. Alteration in Character of Data					
	j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify):							
	This is an existing information risks, and there is not a SAOP questions and complete certification.	•	•					

		This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2015 or	
		later). Skip questions and complete certification.	
2.	Concer NIST Spec collection those activ	T system or its information used to support any activity which may raise privacy ns?  cial Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appendix J, states "Organizations may also engage in activities that do not involve the and use of PII, but may nevertheless raise privacy concerns and associated risk. The privacy controls are equally applicable to vities and can be used to analyze the privacy risk and mitigate such risk when necessary." Examples include, but are not limited ecordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions.	
		Yes. Please describe the activities which may raise privacy concerns.	
		No	
3. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate business identifiable information As per DOC Privacy Policy: "For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is d the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemp "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations" but includes any records [or information] in which submitter has a commercial interest" and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.)."			
		Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII about: (Check all that apply.)	
		Companies	
		Other business entities	
	No No	, this IT system does not collect any BII.	
4.	Person	ally Identifiable Information	
4a.	Does th	ne IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate personally identifiable information	
	trace an in	MB 07-16, Footnote 1: "The term 'personally identifiable information' refers to information which can be used to distinguish or dividual's identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, etc alone, or when combined with other r identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother's maiden"	
		Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.)	
	$\boxtimes$	DOC employees	
		Contractors working on behalf of DOC	

[	☐ Members of the public						
	No, this IT system does not collect any PII.						
If the answer is "yes" to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.							
4b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?							
	Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.						
	No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.						
4c. Will the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or disseminated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level?  Examples of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease treatments, etc.							
	Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.						
	No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.						

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, and/or 4c are "Yes," a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the approved PIA must be a part of the IT system's Assessment and Authorization Package.

### **CERTIFICATION**

☑ I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above <b>appl</b> Compensation Claims and Case Management System and as a consequence I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.						
☐ I certify the criteria implied by the questions above <b>do not apply</b> to the Workers' Compensation Claims and Case Management System and as a consequence of this non-applicability, a PIA for this IT system is not necessary.						
Name of Information System Security Officer (ISSO) or System Owner (SO	O): Stew	art Merritts				
Signature of ISSO or SO:  STEWART MERRITS Digitally vigored by STEWART MERRITS District Coloremment, our-Office of the Secretary, Proceedings of Commence, our-Office of	Date:	4-17-2018				
Name of Information Technology Security Officer (ITSO): Jun Kim  Digitally signed by JUN KIM DN: c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=Department of Commerce, ou=Office of the Secretary, cn=JUN KIM, 09:2342.19200300.100.1.1=1 3001001483988	D	1/20/2019				
Signature of ITSO: 09.2342.19200300.100.1.1=13001001483988 Date: 2018.04.20 08:24:23 -04'00'	Date:	4/20/2018				
Name of Authorizing Official (AO): Rodney W. Turk  Digitally signed by TERRI WARE DN: c=US, 0=U.S. Government, ou=Department of Commerce, ou=Office of the Secretary, cn=TERRI WARE, 0.9.2342.19200300.100.1.1=13001000105411  Date: 2018.06.12 17:07:09 -0400'	Date:					
Name of Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO): Kathleen M. Gioffre						
KATHLEEN GIOFFRE  Digitally signed by KATHLEEN GIOFFRE DN: c=US, c=US, Government, ou=Department of Commerce, ou=Office of the Secretary, cn=KATHLEEN GIOFFRE, 0.9.2342.19200300.100.1.1=13001000075444 Date: 2018.04.23 09:19:08 -04'00'	Date:					