U.S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



Privacy Threshold Analysis for the

Office of Response and Restoration Products System (ORRPS), NOAA6702

U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis

Office of Response and Restoration Products System (ORRPS), NOAA6702

Unique Project Identifier: NOAA6702

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

Description of the information system and its purpose: Provide a general description of the information system in a way that a non-technical person can understand.

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines "information system" by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).

NOAA6702 NOS OR&R operates the Office of Response and Restoration Products System (ORRPS). ORRPS is comprised of products developed and published by the Divisions within OR&R - Assessment and Restoration Division (ARD), the Emergency Response Division (ERD), Disaster Response Center (DRC) and Marine Debris Program (MDP). The ORRPS incorporates the product systems from these divisions. ORRPS is currently located in the Amazon Web Services (AWS) East/West FedRamp cloud. The applications currently include the Environmental Response Management Application (ERMA®) subsystem and the Data Integration, Visualization, Exploration, and Reporting (DIVER) subsystem application as part of the system boundary. The other websites currently hosted in ORRPS, include the Marine Debris, NOAA Response Asset Directory (NRAD), NOAA's Damage Assessment Remediation and Restoration Program (DARRP), and the OR&R Intranet. NOAA6702 has user identification requirements and applications that support assessment and restoration of natural resources, which may require the collection of PII or BII.

Questionnaire:

Ι.	w nat 1	is the status of this informati	ion system?					
		This is a new information system. Continue to answer questions and complete certification.						
	X	This is an existing information system that does not have an approved PIA, with						
		changes that create new privacy risks. Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.						
			_					
		Changes That Create New Praga. Conversions	d. Significant Merging	g. New Interagency Uses				
		b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous	e. New Public Access	h. Internal Flow or Collection				
		c. Significant System Management Changes	f. Commercial Sources	i. Alteration in Character of Data				
j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify): NOAA6702 underwent initial Authorization (A&A) in 2017 and after ISSO/ITSO review of the system data types and it was determined that the system required a PIA.								
	This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new private risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. Continue to answ questions and complete certification. This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new private risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-201 later). Continue to answer questions and complete certification.							
2.	NIST Sp collection	rns? ecial Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appe n and use of PII, but may nevertheless rais ivities and can be used to analyze the priv	endix J, states "Organizations may also engate privacy concerns and associated risk. The acy risk and mitigate such risk when necessarity readers, and electronic purchase transar	ge in activities that do not involve the privacy controls are equally applicable to ary." Examples include, but are not limited	d			
	to, audio recordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions. X Yes. Please describe the activities which may raise privacy concerns.							
N(co	DAA670 llected	02 gathers information for useduring the incidents that may	er authentication which may habe used for litigation which m	ave PII and information ay include BII.				
	2	No						
3.	Does	the IT system collect, maint	ain, or disseminate business i	dentifiable information (BII))?			

submitter has a commercial interest" and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information that, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.)." __X__Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII about: (Check all that apply.) ___X_ Companies X_Other business entities No, this IT system does not collect any BII. 4. Personally Identifiable Information 4a. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate personally identifiable information (PII)? As per OMB 07-16, Footnote 1: "The term 'personally identifiable information' refers to information which can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, etc... alone, or when combined with other personal or identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother's maiden name, etc ... ' Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.) X DOC employees X Contractors working on behalf of DOC X Members of the public No, this IT system does not collect any PII. If the answer is "yes" to question 4a, please respond to the following questions. 4b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID? X____ Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID. No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.

As per DOC Privacy Policy: "For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is defined in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption. "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations" but includes any records [or information] in which the

Will the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or disseminated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact				
level? Examples of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contaging treatments, etc.				
	Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.			
_X	No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.			
	dissemi level? Examples treatments			

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, and/or 4c are "Yes," a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the approved PIA must be a part of the IT system's Assessment and Authorization Package.

CERTIFICATION

X I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above apply to the NOAA6702 and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.							
I certify the on NAME] and as a cor	criteria implied by the questing and applications of this non-application.	ions above do not apply tability, a PIA for this IT s	to the [IT SYSTEM system is not necessary.				
	n System Security Officer (I		SO):				
Nancy Wal	lace						
		Digitally signed by	Date:				
Name of Information	Technology Security Offic	er (ITSO): John D. Par	ker				
	PARKER.JOHN.D.13658	Digitally signed by PARKER.JOHN.D.1365835914 Date: 2018.03.13 20:40:24 -04'00'	3/13/18 Date:				
Name of Authorizing	Official (AO):Dave	Westerholm					
Signature of AO:	Caff What	\$	Date: 3/13/2018				
Name of Bureau Chie	of Privacy Officer (BCPO):						
	GRAFF.MAF	DN: c=US, o=U.S	by GRAFF.MARK.HYRUM.1514447892 . Government, ou=DoD, ou=PKI,				
Signature of BCPO:	M.1514447	892 Ou=OTHER, cn=0 Date: 2018.03.20	GRAFF.MARK.HYRUM.1514447892 0 15 150-56: 04'00'				
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