U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Privacy Threshold Analysis for the Patent Search System – Primary Search and Retrieval (PSS-PS) System

U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis USPTO Patent Search System – Primary Search & Retrieval (PSS-PS)

Unique Project Identifier: PTOP-008-00

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

Description of the information system: Provide a brief description of the information system.

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines "information system" by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).

PSS-PS (Primary Search and Retrieval), is a Major system, which supports the Patent Cost Center. It is considered a mission critical "system." It consists of Search and Retrieval automation tools that provide a comprehensive prior art search capability and the retrieval of patent and related information, which comprise text and images of United States (US), European Patent Office (EPO) and Japan Patent Office (JPO patents), US pre-grant publications, Derwent data and IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins. The following applications are being used by public without any access authentication: Application Full Text (AppFT), Patent Full Text on the Web (PATFT), Application Images on the Web (AIW), Patent Images on the Web (PIW). The rest of the applications for PSS-PS are accessed by those who can authenticate to the USPTO network.

Address the following elements:

- a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system PSS-PS is a major application.
- b) System location

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c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

PSS-PS interconnects with the following systems:

Enterprise Windows Services (EWS): The EWS is an infrastructure information system, and provides a hosting platform for major applications that support various USPTO missions.

Enterprise UNIX Service (EUS): The EUS System consists of assorted UNIX operating system variants (OS), each of which is comprised of many utilities, along with the master control program, the kernel.

Network and Security Infrastructure System (NSI): The NSI is an Infrastructure information system, and provides an aggregate of subsystems that facilitates the communications, secure access, protective services, and network infrastructure support for all United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTOP IT) applications.

Patent Capture and Application Processing System – Initial Processing (PCSPS-IP): The PCAPS-IP is an Application information system, and provides support to the USPTO for the purposes of capturing patent applications and related metadata in electronic form; processing applications electronically; reporting patent application processing and prosecution status; and retrieving and displaying the patent applications. PCAPS-IP is comprised of multiple Automated Information Systems (components) that perform specific functions, including submissions, categorization, metadata capture, and patent examiner assignment of patent applications.

Patent Capture and Application Processing System – Examination Support (PCAPS-ES):

The PCAPS-ES is an information system composed of 20 Components: Electronic Business Center Imaging System, Electronic Desktop Application Navigator, File Inspection Utility, Image File Wrapper, Office Action Correspondence System, Patent Resource Management System, PAIR User Resource Manager, Patent Application Location Monitoring – Examination and Post-Examination, Patent Application Location Monitoring-Services Gateway, Patent Application Location Monitoring- File Ordering System, Patent Application Location Monitoring- Infrastructure, Patent Application Information Retrieval-Private, Patent Enterprise Access Integration Public Patent Application Information Retrieval-Public, Trilateral Document Access, Patent File Wrapper, Quality Review System, Supplemental Complex Repository for Examiners, Technology Assessment and Forecast, Patents Telework Enterprise System, & Integrated Quality System.

Enterprise Desktop Platform (EDP): The EDP is an infrastructure information system that provides a standard enterprise-wide environment that manages desktops and laptops running on the Windows operating system (OS), providing the United States Government Configuration Baseline (USGCB) compliant workstations.

Service Oriented Infrastructure (SOI): The SOI provides a feature-rich and stable platform upon which USPTO applications can be deployed.

Enterprise Software System (ESS): Provides Enterprise Directory Services, Role-Based Access Control System, Email as a Service, PTO Exchange Services, Symantec Endpoint Protection, Enterprise SharePoint Services, etc.

Security and Compliance Services (SCS): Provides Security Incident and Event Management, Enterprise Forensic, Enterprise Management System, Security and Defense, Enterprise Scanner, Enterprise Cybersecurity Monitoring Operations, Performance Monitoring Tools, Dynamic Operational Support Plan, & Situational Awareness and Incident Response.

Database Services (DBS): The DBS is an infrastructure information system, and provides a Database Infrastructure to support mission of USPTO database needs.

Trilateral Network (TRINET): TRINET is an Infrastructure information system, and provides secure network connectivity for electronic exchange and dissemination of sensitive patent data between authenticated endpoints at the Trilateral Offices and TRINET members. The Trilateral Offices consist of the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), the European Patent Office (EPO), and the Japanese Patent Office (JPO). The TRINET members consist of the World Intellectual Property Office (WIPO), the Canadian Intellectual Property Office (CIPO), the Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO), the State Intellectual Property Office of the People's Republic of China (SIPO) and the Intellectual Property Office of Australia (IPAU).

Patent End to End (PE2E): Patents End-to-End (PE2E) is a Master system portfolio consisting of next generation Patents Automated Information Systems (AIS). The goal of PE2E is to make the interaction of USPTO's users as simple and efficient as possible in order to accomplish user goals. PE2E will be a single web-based examination tool providing users with a unified and robust set of tools. PE2E will overhaul the current patents examination baseline through the development of a new system that replaces the existing tools used in the examination process.

Data Storage Management System (DSMS): DSMS is an infrastructure system that provides archival and storage capabilities securely to the USPTO. The information system is considered an essential component of USPTO's Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery program. DSMS consists of the following subsystems: Boyers Data Capture System, Enterprise Tape Backup System, and Storage Infrastructure System.

d) The purpose that the system is designed to serve

PSS-PS supports legal determinations of prior art for patent applicants, including text and image searches of repositories of US application and grant publications, Foreign application and grant publications, various concordances, and non-patent literature. It represents the databases that contain the images and text data for US Patent Grants, Published applications, and unpublished

applications. This area includes the examiner interfaces that provide the search capability through East and West.

e) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose

PSS-PS supports legal determinations of prior art for patent applications, including text and image searches of repositories of US application and grant publications, Foreign application and grant publications, various concordances, and non-patent literature. It represents the databases that contain the images and text data for US Patent Grants, Published applications, and unpublished applications. This area includes the examiner interfaces that provide the search capability through East and West.

The PSS-PS master system has multiple AIS's with search and retrieval automation tools that supports the USPTO Patent examiners legal determination of prior art of patent applications.

The AIS's are:

Application Image Retrieval System (AIRS): The purpose of AIRS is to provide patent application images and metadata to the following subsystems: Examiners Automated Search Tool (EAST), Hypertext Transfer Protocol Print Service (HPS), Order entry Management System (OEMS) and the Web Examiner's Search Tool (WEST).

Application Images on the Web (AIW): AIW is an internet application that runs outside the USPTO firewall and provides an access point for public users to retrieve domestic patent application images. The purpose of AIW is to provide images and metadata to the Application Full-Text (AppFT) subsystem.

The Patent Image Retrieval System (PIRS): The purpose of PIRS is to provide Patent images and metadata to the following subsystems: EST, HPS, OEMS, and WEST.

Patent Images on the Web (PIW): PIW is an internet application that runs outside the USPTO firewall and provides an access point for public users to retrieve domestic Patent images. The purpose of PIW is to provide images and metadata to the Patents Full-Text (PatFT) subsystem.

Web-based Examiner's Search Tool (WEST): WEST is a Web browser-based client interface, which utilizes HTTP as a front end to the Bibliographic Retrieval System (BRS) database system. It operates over the USPTO Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Intranet (PTONet). This intranet tool also supports text search capabilities and retrieval functions of abstracts, images, and full-text patent documents from other domestic, international, and commercial databases.

PubWEST: PubWEST is the publicly-accessible version of WEST. PubWEST, similarly to WEST, provides search access to most USPTO patent text searchable databases.

Enterprise Text Search 1 (ETS1): The ETS1 system is a continuation of the BRS Middle-tier Phase 1 and BRS Middle-tier Phase 2 systems. ETS1 is a multi-tiered application that improves the scalability and the performance of the BRS search system while using fewer system resources.

Examiners Automated Search Tool (EAST): A single user interface that can be used to search for prior art of any type, this application integrates with other activities performed by patent examiners to reduce the time required to examine applications. EAST provides full text and abstract text data search and retrieval of domestic and international, commercial and government databases using the BRS search engine.

Public Examiners Automated Search Tool (PubEAST): This application is the publicly-available version of EAST. It provides search request capability for most USPTO patent text searchable databases to public users. It has full text search capabilities from the following databases: USPAT, USOCR, EPO, and JPO text/image databases.

Patent Linguistic Utility Search (PLUS): PLUS uses the BRS query by example technology to compare keywords in a patent application to keywords in published patent applications and granted patents. Search results include matching patent and/or patent application numbers, and classification and sub-classification for patents matched, along with relevance ranking for the match.

European Patent Office Query System (EPOQUE): EPOQUE connects to the Trilateral Secure Virtual Private Network (TSVPN), part of the USPTO Trilateral Network (TriNet), to access and allow queries from US Patent Examiners and other users to the European Patent Office (EPO) at The Hague, Netherlands.

HTTP Print Service (HPS): HPS allows USPTO internal users and users in the public search rooms to print patent/publication application images to designated Windows-based group printers.

Applications Full-Text (AppFT): A standalone internet application that runs outside of the USPTO firewall and provides general public access to Pre-Grant, published patent applications. It connects to the PGPub/CSS application and AIW for images.

Patent Full Text on the Web (PATFT): A stand-alone internet application, which allows the general public to search and retrieve granted US patents. It runs outside the USPTO firewall with a copy of the USPTO BRS database that is provided to USPTO examiners.

Classification Data System (CDS): CDS is a collection of applications and processes which support the capture and maintenance of patent and PGPub classification data of US documents as well as the maintenance of the USPC. CDS also supports the maintenance of the US-to-IPC Concordance and Limited Family data and is the data source of several classification publications.

Computer Search Systems (CSS): CSS is a set of databases, conversion and load software, data administration tools, and procedures to maintain and keep available a number of internal, external, government, and commercial databases for text search and retrieval via other USPTO applications.

f) A general description of the type of information collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the system

Members of the public have access to search through databases containing selected pre-grant data and published grant data.

g) Identify individuals who have access to information on the system

Members of the Public, Contractors and USPTO employees.

h) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

Information in the system is retrieved by PSS-PS applications. These applications are tools for users retrieve information.

i) How information is transmitted to and from the system

Information is transmitted to and from PSS-PS via an HTTPS connection to the internet. For the internal USPTO network information is transmitted via an HTTPS connection through additional servers and a firewall to PTOnet.

Questionnaire:

1.	Status	of the Information System		
1a.	. What is the status of this information system?			
		This is a new information system. Continue to answer questions and complete certification.		

	\boxtimes	U	This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks.							
	Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.									
		Changes That Create New	Privacy							
		a. Conversions		1		nt Merging	\boxtimes	g. New Interagency Uses		
		b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous		e. Ne	w Pub	ic Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection		
		c. Significant System Management Changes				al Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data		
		j. Other changes that create	at create new privacy risks (specify):							
		This is an existing information	tion s	ystem i	n whi	ch change:	s do r	not create new privacy		
	risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. Continue to questions and complete certification.									
	This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. Skip questions and complete certification.									
1b.	b. Has an IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist been completed with the appropriate signatures?									
☐ Yes. This is a new information system.										
		Yes. This is an existing in	g information system for which an amended contract is needed.							
 No. The IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist is not required for the acquisition of equipment for specialized Research and Development or scientific purposes that are not a National Security System. No. This is not a new information system. 										
2. Is the IT system or its information used to support any activity which may raise privaconcerns?					n may raise privacy					
NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appendix J, states "Organizations may also engage in activities that do not involve the collection and use of PII, but may nevertheless raise privacy concerns and associated risk. The privacy controls are equally applicable to those activities and can be used to analyze the privacy risk and mitigate such risk when necessary." Examples include, but are not limited to, audio recordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions.										
☐ Yes. (Check all that apply.)										
	Г	Activities								
	ľ	Audio recordings				Building e	ntry re	aders		
	ŀ	Video surveillance				Electronic	purch	ase transactions	\top	

		Ot	ther(specify):			
	-					
	\boxtimes		No.			
3.	Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate business identifiable information (BII)? As per DOC Privacy Policy: "For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is defined in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption. "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations" but includes any records [or information] in which the submitter has a commercial interest" and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information that, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.)."					
	\boxtimes		Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII.			
			No, this IT system does not collect any BII.			
	Personally Identifiable Information (PII) Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII? As per OMB 17-12: "The term PII refers to information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual."					
	\boxtimes		Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.)			
		\boxtimes	DOC employees			
		\boxtimes	Contractors working on behalf of DOC			
			Other Federal Government personnel			
		\boxtimes	Members of the public			
			No, this IT system does not collect any PII.			
If t	If the answer is "yes" to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.					
4b.	b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate Social Security numbers (SSNs), including truncated form?					
			Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates SSNs, including truncated form.			

Provide an explanation for the business need requiring the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.				
Provide the legal authority which permits the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.				
	\boxtimes	No, the IT system does not collect, maintain, or disseminate SSNs, including truncated form.		
4c. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?				
	\boxtimes	Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.		
		No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.		
4d.	dissem level?	e purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or inated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease, etc.		
		Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.		
	\boxtimes	No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.		

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, 4c, and/or 4d are "Yes," a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the SAOP approved PIA must be a part of the IT system's Assessment and Authorization Package.

CERTIFICATION

☑ I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above apply to the Patent Search

System-Primary Search and Retrieval (PSS-PS) System and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.					
☐ I certify the criteria implied by the questions above do not apply to the Patent Search System-Primary Search and Retrieval (PSS-PS) System and as a consequence of this non-applicability, a PIA for this IT system is not necessary.					
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Co-Authorizing Official Name: Andrew Faile Office: Office of the Commissioner for Patents Phone: (571) 272-8800 Email: Andrew.Faile@uspto.gov Users, Faile, Andrew Andrew Date: 2022.01.26 11:18:46-05'00' Date signed:					

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