U.S. Department of Commerce Office of Acquisition Management



Privacy Threshold Analysis for the C.Suite Application

U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis

Office of Acquisition Management/ComprizonSuite (C.Suite)

Unique Project Identifier: An EAS OS-059 Application

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

Description of the information system and its purpose: *Provide a general description (in a way that a non-technical person can understand) of the information system that addresses the following elements:*

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines "information system" by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: "Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).

- a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system
 - C.Suite is a Minor System; it is a child system of the EAS application system boundary.
- b) System location
 - The C.Suite Management Office is located in Washington, DC. Application infrastructure is located at the Department of Transportation Enterprise Services Center (DOTESC) in Oklahoma City.
- *c)* Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)
 - C.Suite exchanges data with the Commerce Financial System (CFS) installations at NOAA, NIST and Census, through the Obligation and Requisition System Interface (ORSI). ORSI uses Enterprise Application Interface (EAI) technology to standardize and transfer information among the systems. The CFS and elements of ORSI are part of the Commerce Business Systems (CBS) suite of financial applications, while C.Suite and remaining elements of ORSI, are part of the Commerce Business Environment (CBE)suite of procurement applications. C. Suite also sends data in an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file to the Federal Procurement Data System -Next Generation (FPDS-NG) for public reporting requirements⁻
 - DOC operates and manages C.Suite in two locations. DOC currently houses the Enterprise Services/ cquisition, 1stNet, NOAA and Census C.Suite installations at the Department of Transportation's Enterprise Service Center (ESC) in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The Commerce Service Center (CSC) provides C.Suite application-level support and ESC provides the required hosting environment support through a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with CSC. NIST operates and maintains a separate instance of C.Suite at their Gaithersburg, Maryland facility
- d) The purpose that the system is designed to serve
 - The application represents the standard procurement business practice for all Commerce agencies except PTO.
- e) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose
 - C.Suite provides an environment to create, route, track and report all procurement activity for Commerce. This includes small purchase requirements as well as complex contract activities. The program is designed to provide consistent automated support to all Commerce procurement offices and offer aggregate procurement reporting information and analysis capabilities to operating unit and departmental management.
- *f)* A general description of the type of information collected, maintained, use, or disseminated by the system

- The application collects taxpayer ID numbers, personal data such as name and address, and work related contact information.
- g) Identify individuals who have access to information on the system
 - Employees and contractors within the DOC bureaus and Federal agencies involved in the federal acquisition process for services, goods, and materials provided by the vendor community to the Federal Government will have access to the information.
- *h)* How information in the system is retrieved by the user
 - Data is retrieved by authorized access users through a secured data extract point from the System for Award Management.
- *i)* How information is transmitted to and from the system
 - Information is transmitted to and from C.Suite through the System for Award Management, which consolidates several existing Federal government wide procurement and award support systems into a single database and single entry point.

Questionnaire:

- 1. Status of the Information System
- 1a. What is the status of this information system?
 - This is a new information system. *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*
 - _____ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. *Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.*

a. Conversions	d. Significant Merging	g. New Interagency Uses
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous	e. New Public Access	h. Internal Flow or Collection
c. Significant System Management Changes	f. Commercial Sources	i. Alteration in Character of Data

- ____ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*
- This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2015 or 01-2017). *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*
- X This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2019 or later). *Skip questions and complete certification.*
- 1b. Has an IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist been completed with the appropriate signatures?
 - _____ Yes. This is a new information system.
 - Yes. This is an existing information system for which an amended contract is needed.
 - No. The IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist is not required for the acquisition of equipment for specialized Research and Development or scientific purposes that are not a National Security System.
 - _____ No. This is not a new information system.

2. Is the IT system or its information used to support any activity which may raise privacy

concerns?

NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appendix J, states "Organizations may also engage in activities that do not involve the collection and use of PII but may nevertheless raise privacy concerns and associated risk. The privacy controls are equally applicable to those activities and can be used to analyze the privacy risk and mitigate such risk when necessary." Examples include, but are not limited to, audio recordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions.

Yes. (Check all that apply.)

Activities		
Audio recordings	Building entry readers	
Video surveillance	Electronic purchase transactions	
Other (specify):		

No.

3. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate business identifiable information (BII)? As per DOC Privacy Policy: "For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is defined in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption. "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations" but includes any records [or information] in which the submitter has a commercial interest" and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information that, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.)."

____ Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII.

____ No, this IT system does not collect any BII.

4. Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

4a. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII?

As per OMB 17-12: "The term PII refers to information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual."

Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: *(Check all that apply.)*

____ DOC employees

_____ Contractors working on behalf of DOC

- Other Federal Government personnel
- _____ Members of the public

____ No, this IT system does not collect any PII.

If the answer is "yes" to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.

4b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate Social Security numbers (SSNs), including truncated form?

Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates SSNs, including truncated form.

Provide an explanation for the business need requiring the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.

Provide the legal authority which permits the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.

- _____ No, the IT system does not collect, maintain, or disseminate SSNs, including truncated form.
- 4c. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?
 - Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.
 - No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.
- 4d. Will the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or disseminated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level?

Examples of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease treatments, etc.

- Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.
- No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, 4c, and/or 4d are "Yes," a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the SAOP approved PIA must be a part of the IT system's Assessment and Authorization Package.

CERTIFICATION

X I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above **apply** to the C. Suite and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.

_____ I certify the criteria implied by the questions above **do not apply** to the C. Suite and as a consequence of this non-applicability, a PIA for this IT system is not necessary.

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