U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Privacy Impact Assessment for the **Consolidated Financial System (CFS)**

Reviewed by: Henry J. Holcombe, Bureau Chief Privacy Officer

- X Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer
- ☐ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

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U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Consolidated Financial System (CFS)

Unique Project Identifier: PTOC-001-00

Introduction: System Description

Provide a brief description of the information system.

The Consolidated Financial System(CFS) provides financial management, procurement, and travel management in support of the USPTO mission. CFS communicates with other federal agencies as part of these activities and includes the following four subsystems:

Momentum: Momentum is a full-featured Commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) accounting software package that permits full integration of the processing of financial transactions with other normal business processes. The Momentum system empowers the USPTO program offices to tie together many financial accounting functions, including plans, purchasing transactions, fixed assets, travel accounting, accounts receivable, accounts payable, reporting, security and workflow processes, general ledger, external reports, budget, payroll and automated disbursements through an integrated relational database.

Concur Government Edition (CGE): CGE is a web-based travel and planning management solution owned, hosted, maintained and operated by Concur, Inc. This is a general support application of the Federal Government's more broadly defined eTravel 2 (ETS2) program, including funds control, accounting and fiscal management of Agency travel, the USPTO was required to construct an interface between the CGE and Momentum. The CGE application falls within the security boundary of the General Services Administration (GSA) and is authorized to operate by GSA. The USPTO has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and an Interconnection Security Agreement (ISA) in place with GSA for this integration.

eAcquisition Tool (ACQ): ACQ is a web-based COTS solution to support users in the acquisition community at the USPTO. This general support application allows procurement users to create acquisition plans and track the life of procurement actions and documents associating with the plan. ACQ integrates with Momentum, Vendor Portal, Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW), and the Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS).

VendorPortal: VendorPortal is a web-based COTS solution to provide a platform for interaction and information exchange between USPTO and the vendor community. This general support application provides the ability to publish notices, solicitations and award announcements; enables vendor offer, invoice and receipt submission, and provides vendors insight into awards, deliverables and invoice statuses.

Address the following elements:

- (a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system CFS is a major application.
- (b) System location

Momentum: Momentum is located in Alexandria, Virginia PTO Data Center; disaster recovery is located in Manassas, Virginia.

Concur Government Edition (CGE): CGE is located in Alexandria, Virginia PTO Data Center; disaster recovery is located in Manassas, Virginia. The Concur application is externally hosted and managed by GSA.

eAcquisition Tool (ACQ): ACQ is located in Alexandria, Virginia PTO Data Center; disaster recovery is located in Manassas, Virginia.

VendorPortal: VendorPortal is located in Alexandria, Virginia PTO Data Center; disaster recovery is located in Manassas, Virginia.

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

Momentum: Momentum interconnects with:

- eAcquisition Tool (ACQ): ACQ is a web-based COTS solution to support users in the acquisition community at the USPTO.
- VendorPortal: VendorPortal is a web-based COTS solution to provide a platform for interaction and information exchange between USPTO and the vendor community.
- Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW): EDW is an information system that provides access to integrated USPTO data to support the decision-making activities of managers and analysts to answer strategic and tactical business questions.
- Fee Processing Next Generation (FPNG): Fee Processing Next Generation is the USPTO "Next Gen" solution for free process.
- Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS) is an information system that provides access to USPTO financial-related documents to support the decision-making activities of managers and analysts. EL4FMS also supports users' business operations by providing access via FPNG to various financial documents relating to their FPNG account.
- General Services Administration Concur Government Edition (CGE): CGE is a webbased travel and planning management solution owned, hosted, maintained and operated by Concur, Inc.
- General Services Administration System Award Management (SAM) GSA's SAM is a combined system of nine federal procurement systems along with the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance. SAM was designed to streamline the process of both obtaining and procuring federal contracts by integrating systems.
- Central Contractor Registration Connector (CCRC) application allows for the transfer, as well as daily updates, of vendor data from the SAM database into agency applications (i.e., the agency's financial, procurement, and/or travel applications).
- Department of Agriculture (USDA) National Finance Center (NFC) The USDA NFC is a shared service provider for financial management services and human resources management services. NFC's assists in achieving cost-effective, standardized, and interoperable solutions that provide functionality to support strategic financial management and human resource management direction.

Department of Treasury Do Not Pay (DNP): The Department of Treasury operates DNP dedicated to preventing and detecting improper payments. DNP is authorized and governed by the <u>Payment Integrity Information Act of 2019 (PIIA)</u>, and several Office of Management and Budget (OMB) memoranda and circulars. The authorities generally belong to OMB, which delegated the operational aspects to the Department of the Treasury.

- Department of Treasury Payment Application Modernization (PAM): The U.S. Government uses the Payment Automation Manager (PAM) to pay all bills, except payments in foreign currency.
- (d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4

Momentum: Momentum serves as accounting software package that permits full integration of the processing of financial transactions with other normal business processes. The system empowers the USPTO program offices to tie together many financial accounting functions, including plans, purchasing transactions, fixed assets, travel accounting, accounts receivable, accounts payable, reporting, security and workflow processes, general ledger, external reports, budget, payroll and automated disbursements through an integrated relational database.

Concur Government Edition (CGE): CGE serves as a web-based travel and planning management solution owned, hosted, maintained and operated by Concur, Inc. In order to support the Federal Government's more broadly defined eTravel 2 (ETS2) program, including funds control, accounting and fiscal management of Agency travel, the USPTO was required to construct an interface between the CGE and Momentum. The CGE application falls within the security boundary of the General Services Administration (GSA) and is authorized to operate by GSA.

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VendorPortal: VendorPortal serves as a web-based COTS solution to provide a platform for interaction and information exchange between USPTO and the vendor community. VendorPortal provides the ability to publish notices, solicitations and award announcements; enables vendor offer, invoice and receipt submission, and provides vendors insight into awards, deliverables and invoice statuses.

(e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

Momentum – Graphical User Interface (GUI) Concur – Graphical User Interface (GUI) ACQ – Graphical User Interface (GUI) VP – Graphical User Interface (GUI)

(f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

Momentum: Momentum information is transmitted via various integrations and user data entry.

Concur Government Edition (CGE): Concur - information is transmitted via various integrations and user data entry.

e Acquisition Tool (ACQ): ACQ information is transmitted via various integrations and user data entry.

VendorPortal: VendorPortal information is transmitted via various integrations and user data entry.

(g) Any information sharing

Momentum: Momentum processes payment activities and sends files to the Department of Treasury for disbursements. Momentum receives payroll data from the Department of Agriculture National Finance Center. A component of Momentum allows for integration with the General Services Administration (GSA) System for Award Management (SAM) database. The integration allows for scheduled updates from SAM to be updated in the Central Contractor Registration Connector before ultimately updating the Momentum vendor table. In addition, Momentum receives revenue accounting information from the Fee Processing Next Generation (FPNG).

CGE: CGE receives employee information from USPTO internal systems (Momentum and Enterprise Data Warehouse) for creating and maintaining travelers; and CGE shares both itinerary and credit card information with Momentum.

ACQ: ACQ shares acquisition documents with the Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS) and procurement data with the Momentum and the Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW).

VendorPortal: VendorPortal shares information and documents related to the submission of offers, invoices and eDeliverables with ACQ.

- (h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information
 - 31 U.S.C. 3325, 5 U.S.C. 301; 31 U.S.C. 3512, 3322; 44 U.S.C. 3101, 3309

- 5 U.S.C. 5701-09, 31 U.S.C. 3711, 31 CFR Part 901, Treasury Financial Manual
- Budget and Accounting Act of 1921; Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950; and Federal Claim Collection Act of 1966
- 35 U.S.C. 2 and 41 and 15 U.S.C. 1113
- (i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

Section 1:	Status	of the	Information	System

Moderate.						
Section 1: Status of the Info	rmation	System				
.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system.						
☐ This is a new infor	☐ This is a new information system.					
☐ This is an existing	informa	tion system with chang	ges tha	t create new privacy risks	s.	
(Check all that ap	ply.)					
Changes That Create New	Privacy l	Risks (CTCNPR)				
a. Conversions		d. Significant Merging	5 🗆	g. New Interagency Uses		
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous		e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection		
c. Significant System Management Changes		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data		
j. Other changes that create	e new priv	acy risks (specify):				
risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. Section 2: Information in the System Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (Check all that apply.)						
Identifying Numbers (IN)						
		Driver's License		j. Financial Account	\boxtimes	
		Passport		k. Financial Transaction	\boxtimes	
1 '	☐ h.	Alien Registration		l. Vehicle Identifier		
	⊠ i.	Credit Card	\boxtimes	m. Medical Record		
e. File/Case ID						
n. Other identifying numbers (s	pecify):					
*Explanation for the business ne	ed to coll	ect, maintain, or disseminat	e the So	ocial Security number, includi	ng	
		_				

truncated form:					
Momentum cantures the Socia	al Secu	rity numbers for employees so th	at it m	ay he used for navroll	
Momentum captures the Social Security numbers for employees so that it may be used for payroll. VendorPortal and ACQ capture DUNS number for vendor records.					
General Personal Data (GPI))				
a. Name	\boxtimes	h. Date of Birth		o. Financial Information	\boxtimes
b. Maiden Name		i. Place of Birth		p. Medical Information	
c. Alias		j. Home Address	\boxtimes	q. Military Service	
d. Gender		k. Telephone Number	\boxtimes	r. Criminal Record	
e. Age		1. Email Address	\boxtimes	s. Marital Status	
f. Race/Ethnicity		m. Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name	
g. Citizenship		n. Religion			
u. Other general personal da	ta (spec	eify):			
Work-Related Data (WRD)					
a. Occupation	Τп	e. Work Email Address	\boxtimes	i. Business Associates	
b. Job Title	 	f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business	H
***		·	L	Information	
c. Work Address		g. Work History		k. Procurement/contracting records	
d. Work Telephone	\boxtimes	h. Employment			
Number		Performance Ratings or other Performance			
		Information			
l. Other work-related data (s	specify):			
Distinguishing Features/Bio	metric	s (DFB)			
a. Fingerprints		f. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		k. Signatures	
b. Palm Prints		g. Hair Color		1. Vascular Scans	
c. Voice/Audio Recording		h. Eye Color		m. DNA Sample or Profile	
d. Video Recording		i. Height		n. Retina/Iris Scans	
e. Photographs		j. Weight		o. Dental Profile	
p. Other distinguishing featu	ures/bio	ometrics (specify):			
System Administration/Aud				I ID E'1 A 1	
a. UserID	\boxtimes	c. Date/Time of Access		e. ID Files Accessed	
b. IP Address		f. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files	
g. Other system administrat	ion/auc	lit data (specify):			
Other Information (specify)					
I					

Directly if oill illurvidual	about Wh	nom the Information Pertain	ns		
In Person	\boxtimes	Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	
Telephone	\boxtimes	Email	\boxtimes		
Other(specify):	•		•		
Government Sources Within the Bureau		Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies	
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign		other reactain igenetes	\boxtimes
Other (specify):		Totelgii			
Non-government Sources	s				
Public Organizations		Private Sector		Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Ap	plication				
Other(specify):					
B Describe how the a	accuracy	of the information in the	system	is ensured.	
Administrators and specia the accuracy of the inform management controls to premployed to ensure inform intended by the agency an	lists have nation. From	the ability to modify user info ma technical implementation inappropriate disclosure of se sistant to tampering, remains I by authorized users. Manag	ormation and USPTO in confident conf	nd work with employees to valimplements security and formation. Security controls are ial as necessary, and is available trols are utilized to prevent the	e e as
Administrators and specia the accuracy of the inform management controls to premployed to ensure inform intended by the agency an inappropriate disclosure of	lists have action. From revent the nation is redexpected f sensitive	the ability to modify user info ma technical implementation inappropriate disclosure of se sistant to tampering, remains I by authorized users. Manag	ormation as , USPTO i ensitive inf confident ement con , including	nd work with employees to valimplements security and formation. Security controls are ial as necessary, and is available trols are utilized to prevent the gather concept of least privilege,	e e as
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Administrators and specia the accuracy of the inform management controls to premployed to ensure inform intended by the agency an inappropriate disclosure or place within the system to Yes, the information Provide the OMB control of the OMB	lists have nation. From revent the nation is redexpected from sensitive protect the nation is covered land is covered land is covered national Transact	the ability to modify user informatechnical implementation inappropriate disclosure of sessistant to tampering, remains I by authorized users. Managin formation. Access controls e integrity of this data as it is good to be the Paperwork Reduction ber and the agency number formation of the paper of the paper of the Paperwork Reduction ber and the agency number for the paper of the	ormation as, USPTO is ensitive information action Action Act.	nd work with employees to valimplements security and formation. Security controls are ial as necessary, and is available trols are utilized to prevent the gathe concept of least privilege, or stored.	e e as

deployed. (Check all that apply.)			
Technologies UsedContaining PII/BII Not Pre	viously	Deployed (TUCPBNPD)	
Smart Cards		Biometrics	
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other(specify):	•		
There are not any technologies used that co	ontain F	PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deplo	yed.
<u>Section 3</u>: System Supported Activities3.1 Indicate IT system supported activities apply.)	s whic	ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check ala	l that
Activities	T_	I D. 111	
Audio recordings		Building entry readers	
Video surveillance Other(specify):		Electronic purchase transactions	
☐ There are not any IT system supported acti	wities	shich raica privacy ricks son carns	
Section 4: Purpose of the System			
(Check all that apply.)	tem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
Purpose For a Computer Matching Program	Тп	For administering human resources programs	
For administrative matters		To promote information sharing initiatives	
For litigation		For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities			
		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online		For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other (specify):			

2.5 Indicate the technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously

Section 5: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

CFS system contains information about DOC employees, contractors, and members of the public.

CFS is the USPTO's financial and acquisition system of record and is responsible for processing and maintaining all financial transactions in support of the USPTO mission. Data is collected and maintained in support of this mission. PII/BII stored in the system is for a combination of employees, contractors, and vendors.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

Private information exposure through insider threat and unauthorized access by foreign entities pose potential risks to this system. USPTO has policies, procedures and training to ensure that employees are aware of their responsibility of protecting sensitive information and the negative impact on the agency if there is a loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to or modification of sensitive private information. USPTO requires annual security role-based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees.

The following are USPTO current policies; Information Security Foreign Travel Policy (OCIO-POL-6), IT Privacy Policy (OCIO-POL-18), IT Security Education Awareness Training Policy (OCIO-POL-19), Personally Identifiable Data Removal Policy (OCIO-POL-23), USPTO Rules of the Road (OCIO-POL- 36). All offices of USPTO adhere to USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.

Section 6: Information Sharing and Access

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. (Check all that apply.)

Recipient	How Information will be Shared				
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access		
Within the bureau		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
DOC bureaus					

Federalagencies		\boxtimes			
State, local, tribal gov't agencie	s \square				
Public					
Private sector					
Foreign governments					
Foreign entities					
Other(specify):					
			•		
☐ The PII/BII in the system	will not be shared.				
shared with external ag	operating unit place a limit gencies/entities?				
dissemination of PII/BII.	entity is not required to verify w unit does not share PII/BII with				
process PII and/or BII.	ects with or receives information	-			
Provide the name of the IT systemand describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage: USPTO Systems: Consolidated Financial System(CFS) Momentum ACQ VendorPortal Information Delivery Product (IDP) Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW) Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS) Fee Processing Next Generation (FPNG)					
General Service Department of Central Contra Department of Department of Department of All data transmissions are through dedicated lines re	es Administration Concur Gover es Administration System for Av Agriculture National Finance Ce ctor Registration Connector (CC Treasury Do Not Pay (DNP) Treasury Payment Application Notes encrypted and requires credent equire security certificates. In both ment agencies pass through a DM crypted while at rest.	ward Management (SAM) enter (NFC) CRC) Modernization (PAM) ial verification. All data traund transmis sions as well a	ansmis sions not done as outbound		

	No, this IT system does not connect wit process PII and/or BII.	II OI ICCCIV	e information nomanother 11 system(s) addition	<u> </u>
4	Identify the class of users who will all that apply.)	have ac	cess to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Che	eck
Clas	s of Users			
Gen	eral Public		Government Employees	\triangleright
Con	tractors	\boxtimes		
Othe	er(specify):			
ectio	Indicate whether individuals will be disseminated by the system. (Check		I if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or tapply.)	r
\boxtimes	Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system discussed in Section 9.	stemofrec	ords notice published in the Federal Register and	
\boxtimes			tand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement https://www.uspto.gov/privacy-policy	į.
\boxtimes	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify	how:	
		(i.e. from PII/BII in applicate	eives PII/BII indirectly from other applications ystatend systems). Individuals may be notified that the scollected, maintained, or disseminated by the princion ingress system. In addition, CGE provides a price on its website.	neir mary
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify	why not:	
	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify		II.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	CFS rec (i.e. fror function authoriz	why not: eives PII/BII indirectly from other application systems eit-end systems). These front-end systems provide the ality for the data that is being collected. CFS has not ation to decline any type of information since it's by the primary application.	nis

their PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not: CFS receives PII/BII indirectly from other application systems (i.e. front-end systems). These front-end systems provide this functionality for the data that is being collected.

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not: CFS receives PII/BII indirectly from other application systems (i.e. front-end systems). These front-end systems provide this functionality for the data that is being collected. CFS has no authorization to review/update any type of information since it is owned by the primary application.

Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. (Check all that apply.)

\boxtimes	All users signed a confidentiality agreement or non-disclosure agreement.
\boxtimes	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
\boxtimes	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to authorized personnel only.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded. Explanation: Access to PII/BII is monitored and tracked via (ARMS). General system logging is monitored and tracked.
\boxtimes	The information is secured in accordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) requirements. Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A):7/23/21 This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
\boxtimes	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
\boxtimes	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
\boxtimes	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
\boxtimes	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
\boxtimes	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
\boxtimes	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.

		Other(specify):
8	.2	Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).
	safe	on ally identifiable information in CFS is secured using appropriate administrative, physical, and technical guards in accordance with the applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, standards.
	suita an a Add Infra	ability screening. Data is maintained in areas accessible only to authorize personnel. The USPTO maintains udit trail and performs random periodic reviews to identify unauthorized access. Litionally, CFS is secured by various USPTO infrastructure components, including the Network and Security as tructure (NSI) system and other OCIO established technical controls to include password authentication at server and database levels.
	SSN	s and Taxpayer IDs are encrypted while at rest and in transit.
<u>S</u>	<u>e ctic</u>	on 9: Privacy Act
9	.1	Is the PII/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?
		☐ Yes, the PII/BII is searchable by a personal identifier.
		\square No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.
9	.2	Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN). As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."
	\boxtimes	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN). Provide the SORN name, number, and link. (list all that apply):
		Existing Systems Records cover the information pulled from other systems residing in the CFS. These include:
		COMMERCE/DEPT-1: Attendance, Leave, and Payroll Records of Employees and Certain Other Persons
		COMMERCE/DEPT-2: Accounts Receivable COMMERCE/DEPT-9: Travel Records (Domestic and Foreign) of Employees and Certain Other Persons
		COMMERCE/PAT-TM-10: Deposit Accounts and Electronic Funds Transfer Profile PAT-TM-22: Patent e-Commerce Database DEPT-22: Small Purchase Records
		Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).

	☐ No, this system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.				
<u>Secti</u>	on 10: Retention of Information				
10.1	Indicate whether these records are	covered b	v an approved records control schedule	and	
10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule an monitored for compliance. (Check all that apply.)					
	momerca for companies. (Sween		PP9.)		
\boxtimes	There is an approved record control sch	edule.			
	Provide the name of the record control's chedule:				
	C 1A C 1M	1 311 341	05.1.5.1		
	General Accounting and Management Fi				
Assignment Accounting and Management Files: N1-241-05-1:5a2 Fee Refund and Accounting Management Files: N1-241-05-1:5a3					
	No, there is not an approved record com				
	Provide the stage in which the project is	in develop	ing and submitting a records control schedule:		
\boxtimes	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance to the schedule.				
	No, retention is not monitored for comp				
	, ,		1		
10.2	Indicate the disposal method of the	PII/BII.	(Check all that apply.)		
	pos al	ı			
Shredding			Overwriting		
Deg	gaussing		Deleting	\boxtimes	
Oth	er(specify):				
<u>Se cti</u>	on 11: NIST Special Publication 8	800-122 P	II Confidentiality Impact Level		
11.1 Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed. (The PII					
	Confidentiality Impact Level is not	the same,	, and does not have to be the same, as th	le.	
	Federal Information Processing St	andards ((FIPS) 199 security impact category.)		
	J	,			
Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse					
effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.					
-					
	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, in	ntegrity, or	availability could be expected to have a serious		
	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, in adverse effect on organizational operation	ntegrity, or a	availability could be expected to have a serious zational as sets, or individuals.		
	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, in adverse effect on organizational operation. High – the loss of confidentiality, integr	ntegrity, or ons, organiz rity, or avai	availability could be expected to have a serious		

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact level. (Check all that apply.)

	Identifiability	Provide explanation: Name, Social security number, taxpayer ID, home/business address, email address, telephone number, financial information etc. may together identify a particular individual.
\boxtimes	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation: Collectively, the number of records collected generate an enormous amount of PII and a breach in such large numbers of individual PII must be considered in the determination of the impact level.
\boxtimes	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: Combination of information such as name, SSN, and financial information may can make the data fields more sensitive.
	Context of Use	Provide explanation: PII stored in the system is for processing requisitions, procurement and non-procurement obligations, receivers, invoices, payments, billing documents for receivables; to record payroll transactions; for planning and budget execution; to record and depreciate assets; and to disburse payments.
\boxtimes	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: Based on the data collected USPTO must protect the PII of each individual in accordance to the Privacy Act of 1974.
	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: Because the information containing PII must be transmitted outside of the USPTO environment, there is an added need to ensure the confidentiality of information during transmission. Necessary measures must be taken to ensure the confidentiality of information during processing, storing and transmission.
	Other:	Provide explanation:

Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

Private information exposure through insider threat pose risks and USPTO has policies, procedures and training to ensure that employees are aware of their responsibility of protecting sensitive information and the negative impact on the agency if there is a loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to or modification of sensitive private information. USPTO requires annual security role-based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees. The following are USPTO current policies; Information Security Foreign Travel Policy (OCIO-POL-6), IT Privacy Policy (OCIO-POL-18), IT Security Education Awareness Training Policy (OCIO-POL-19), Personally Identifiable Data Removal Policy (OCIO-POL-23), USPTO Rules of the Road (OCIO-POL- 36). All offices of USPTO adhere to USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation. 12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes. Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes. Explanation: No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes. \boxtimes 12.3 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes. Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes. Explanation:

No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.

Points of Contact and Signatures

System Owner	Chief Information Security Officer
Name: Marci Etzel	Name: Don Watson
Office: Office of Financial Management Systems	Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
Phone: (571) 272-5415	Phone: (571) 272-8130
Email: Marci.etzel@uspto.gov	Email: Don.Watson@uspto.gov
I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security	I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security
controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.	controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.
Digitally signed by Users, Etzel,	_ Digitally signed by Users, Watson,
Users, Etzel, Marci M. Marci M. Marci M. Date: 2022.03.09 16:03:18 -05'00'	Signature: Users, Watson, Don Don Date: 2022.03.13 12:37:09 -04'00'
Date signed:	Date signed:
D	D CI'CD' OF LC
Privacy Act Officer	Bureau Chief Privacy Officer and Co-
Name: Ezequiel Berdichevsky Office: Office of General Law (O/GL)	Authorizing Official
Phone: (571) 270-1557	N I II-11
Email: Ezequiel.Berdichevsky@uspto.gov	Name: Henry J. Holcombe Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
Zazan Zarafanzarana enj @mepre ge	Phone: (571) 272-9400
	Email: Jamie.Holcombe@uspto.gov
I certify that the appropriate authorities and SORNs (if applicable)	Linuit. Junic. Holeonio e di aspio. gov
are cited in this PIA.	I certify that the PII/BII processed in this IT system is necessary, this
	PIA ensures compliance with DOC policy to protect privacy, and the
Users, Berdichevsky, Digitally signed by Users, Berdichevsky, Ezequiel	Bureau/OU Privacy Act Officer concurs with the SORNs and authorities cited.
Signature: Ezequiel Date: 2022.03.09 15:15:30 -05'00'	
Data signadu	Users, Holcombe, Digitally signed by Users,
Date signed:	Signature: Henry Date: 2022.03.14 13:22:59 -04'00'
	Date signed:
C. AAb	
Co-Authorizing Official Name: Dennis Hoffman	
Office: Office of the Chief Financial Officer (OCFO)	
Phone: (571) 272-7262	
Email: Jay.Hoffman@uspto.gov	
I certify that this PIA accurately reflects the representations made	
to me herein by the System Owner, the Chief Information Security Officer, and the Chief Privacy Officer regarding security controls	
in place to protect PII/BII in this PIA.	
Users, Hoffman, Dennis Digitally signed by Users, Hoffman,	
Signature: (Jay) Date: 2022.03.16 16:28:49 -04'00'	
Data alamada	
Date signed:	

This page is for internal routing purposes and documentation of approvals. Upon final approval, this page <u>must</u> be removed prior to publication of the PIA.