U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Privacy Impact Assessment for the **Collection of Multiple Enterprise Tools (COMET)**

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☑ Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

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U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Collection of Multiple Enterprise Tools (COMET)

Unique Project Identifier: EIPL-ITMS-01-00

Introduction: System Description

Provide a brief description of the information system.

Collection of Multiple Enterprise Tools (COMET) is a collection of independent application that live on ORACLE's Application Express (APEX) lightweight database.

COMET provides United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) an opportunity to develop minor independent applications for business purposes in an easy and cost-effective manner.

Access is granted to the independent applications at the application level but COMET will intercept all failed APEX application log-in attempts and redirect the user to the respective contact page.

The only application within COMET that collects Personally Identifiable Information (PII) is Cybersecurity Role Training and Certification Tracking System (CRTCT). CRTCT is a manual, self-reporting database of USPTO employees' professional certifications and the status of applicable trainings (complete or not complete). Employees enter their information into CRTCT to assist the USPTO in managing reporting to Department of Commerce (DOC) regarding compliance with DOC Information Technology Security Baseline Policy.

Address the following elements:

- (a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system It is a General Support System.
- (b) System location

COMET information is stored in Manassas, Virginia.

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

Data Storage Management System (DSMS): provides secure environment for archival and storage of data and records vital to USPTO's Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery plan. Does not store PII for COMET for its applications. See section 6.3 for systems authorized to process PII or BII.

Enterprise Software Service (ESS): provides COMET the active directory to facilitate access management. ESS provides USPTO with a collection of programs that utilize common business applications and tools for modeling how the entire organization works.

ESS provides a centralized solution for assisting developers in building applications unique to the organization. Does not store PII for COMET for its applications. See section 6.3 for systems authorized to process PII or BII.

ICAM Identity as a Service (ICAM-IDaaS): provides an enterprise authentication and authorization service for COMET and its applications. Does not store PII for COMET for its applications. See section 6.3 for systems authorized to process PII or BII.

Service Management Platform (SMP): provides a single system of record for IT services, operations, and business management by automating IT service applications and processes. Does not store PII for COMET for its applications. See section 6.3 for systems authorized to process PII or BII.

- (d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4 Individuals can access COMET applications only when on USPTO's network. USPTO users, with application-level access, use single-sign-on to access the application. The users can then review the information within the applications database in a user-friendly way. Depending on the application, the user may amend or add information to the application. If the user has a need and the application allows, the user can export data at the application level, to conduct further analysis of the information.
- (e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user Information at the application level is retrieved by authorized users at the appropriate privilege level.
- (f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

 Information in the system is transmitted to and from the system

Information in the system is transmitted to and from the system through HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) browser. It ensures the confidentiality, integrity and authentication during communication by employee encryption through Transport Layer Security. HTTPS works transmits information by initiating a secure connection, having a key exchange and encryption setup, secures data transmission and ensures data integrity and authentication prior to ending the session.

(g) Any information sharing

COMET applications may have interactive reports, Comma-separated values (CSV), Excel, Hyper Text Markup Language (HTML) and Portable Document Format (PDF) which enables the individuals to email data from the application as necessary. The interconnections are not used for this type of sharing to take place.

(h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information
5 U.S.C. 4118; 5 U.S.C. 2105; 5 U.S.C. 301; 35 U.S.C. 2; the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, Public Law 106-229 (codified at 15 U.S.C 7001); 28 U.S.C. 533-535; Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 and IRS Publication-1075. CRTCT is the only application that collects, maintains, and (could potentially) disseminate PII.

Section 1: Status of the Information System 1.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system. □ This is a new information system. □ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. (Check all that apply.) □ Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR) □ a. Conversions □ d. Significant Merging □ g. New Interagency Uses □ b. Anonymous to Non-□ e. New Public Access □ h. Internal Flowor □ Anonymous □ c. Significant System □ f. Commercial Sources □ i. Alteration in Character □ Management Changes □ f. Commercial Sources □ i. Alteration in Character □ of Data □ j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify): □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment						
1.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system. □ This is a new information system. □ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. (Check all that apply.) □ Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR) □ a. Conversions □ d. Significant Merging □ g. New Interagency Uses □ b. Anonymous □ d. New Public Access □ h. Internal Flow or □ Collection □ c. Significant System □ f. Commercial Sources □ i. Alteration in Character □ Management Changes □ j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify): □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks,						
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j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify): □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks,						
 □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. □ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. 						
Section 2: Information in the System						
<u>Section 2</u> : Information in the System						
2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (Check all that apply.)						
Identifying Numbers (IN) a. Social Security*						
b. TaxpayerID						
c. EmployerID						
d. Employee ID 🖂 i. Credit Card 🦳 m. Medical Record						
e. File/Case ID						
n. Other identifying numbers (specify):						
*Explanation for the business need to collect, maintain, or disseminate the Social Security number, including						

truncated form:								
Conord Dorsond Data (CD)								
General Personal Data (GPI a. Name	D) ⊠	h. Date of Birth		o. Financial Information				
b. Maiden Name		i. Place of Birth		p. Medical Information				
c. Alias		j. Home Address		q. Military Service				
d. Gender	H	k. Telephone Number		r. Criminal Record	H			
e. Age	$\frac{1}{1}$	l. Email Address		s. Marital Status				
f. Race/Ethnicity		m.Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name				
g. Citizenship	\overline{H}	n. Religion						
u. Other general personal da	ta (spec	eify):						
Work-Related Data (WRD) a. Occupation		e. Work Email Address	\boxtimes	i. Business Associates				
b. Job Title		f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business				
				Information				
c. Work Address		g. Work History		k. Procurement/contracting records				
d. Work Telephone Number h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information								
l. Other work-related data (s	specify	<u>)</u> :	•					
Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)								
a. Fingerprints		f. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		k. Signatures				
b. Palm Prints		g. Hair Color		l. Vascular Scans				
c. Voice/Audio Recording		h. Eye Color		m. DNA Sample or Profile				
d. Video Recording		i. Height		n. Retina/Iris Scans				
e. Photographs								
p. Other distinguishing features/biometrics (specify):								
System Administration/Aud a. User ID		c. Date/Time of Access		e. IDFiles Accessed				
b. IP Address		f. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files				
	ion/aud	` `		1. Contents of Files				
g. Other system a dministrat	ion/auc	ш чам (specify).						
Other Information (specify)								

2.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)

Directly from Individual about Whom the Information Pertains								
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	\boxtimes			
Telephone		Email						
Other(specify):								
Government Sources								
Within the Bureau		Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies				
State, Local, Tribal								
Other(specify):								
Non-government Sources								
Public Organizations								
Third Party Website or Application								
Other(specify):								

2.3 Describe how the accuracy of the information in the system is ensured.

The accuracy of the information is ensured by obtaining the information either directly from the individual or from the ESS, active directory, where the information was originally provided by the individual. Individuals are able to review the information and can either update it themselves directly or work with Human Resources (HR) to update it at the source system.

The system is secured using appropriate administrative physical and technical safeguards in accordance with the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) security controls (encryption, access control, and auditing). Mandatory IT awareness and role-based training is required for staff who have access to the system and address how to handle, retain, and dispose of data. All access has role-based restrictions and individuals with privileges have undergone vetting and suitability screening. The USPTO maintains an audit trail and performs random, periodic reviews (quarterly) to identify unauthorized access and changes as part of verifying the integrity of administrative account holder data and roles. Inactive accounts will be deactivated and roles will be deleted from the application.

	s the information covered by the Pa	perwor	k Reduction Act?		
	Yes, the information is covered by the Pa Provide the OMB control number and th				
\boxtimes	No, the information is not covered by the Pa perwork Reduction Act.				
	dicate the technologies used that conployed. (Check all that apply.)	ntain PI	/BII in ways that have not been previously	,	
	nnologies Used Containing PII/BII Not P	reviously			
Sma	rt Cards		Biometrics		
Calle	er-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards		
Othe	er(specify):	I .			
	n 3: System Supported Activities		PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deplo	yed.	
Activ	apply.) vities		ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al	l that	
Activ Audi	apply.)		Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions	that	
Activ Audi Vide	apply.) vities io recordings	xt.	Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions	l that	
Active Audit Vide Othe Section 4.1	vities io recordings so surveillance er (specify): Click or tap here to enter text There are not any IT system supported a en 4: Purpose of the System Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT sy (Check all that apply.)	xt.	Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions		
Active Audi Vide Othe	vities io recordings so surveillance er (specify): Click or tap here to enter text There are not any IT system supported a en 4: Purpose of the System Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT sy (Check all that apply.)	xt.	Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions /hich raise privacy risks/concerns.		
Active Audit Vide Other Section 4.1 Purp Fora	vities io recordings to surveillance er (specify): Click or tap here to enter text There are not any IT system supported as n 4: Purpose of the System Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT systems (Check all that apply.)	xt.	Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions /hich raise privacy risks/concerns. being collected, maintained, or dissemina For a dministering human resources programs		
Active Audit Vides Other Section 4.1 Purp Fora Fora	vities io recordings o surveillance er (specify): Click or tap here to enter tex There are not any IT system supported a n 4: Purpose of the System Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT sy (Check all that apply.) pose a Computer Matching Program	xt.	Building entry readers Electronic purchase transactions /hich raise privacy risks/concerns. being collected, maintained, or dissemina		

For civil enforcement activities	For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online	For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)	For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other(specify):		

Section 5: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

USPTO user's information is used to manage general log-in access to applications within COMET. The application within COMET, CRTCT, has information regarding USPTO user's that have been identified in a certain role that requires specific qualifications be maintained per DOC requirements.

The individual will be able to log-in to the system and confirm if they are in that role and identify if they have completed the necessary training. If a professional certification is required the individual will upload the professional certificate and provide the certification information, such as date the certification was obtained, certification ID number, and certification expiration.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

In the event of computer failure, insider threats, or attach against the system by adversarial or foreign entities, any potential PII data stored within the system could be exposed. To avoid a breach, the system has certain security controls in place to ensure the information is handled, retained, and disposed of appropriately. Access to individual's PII is controlled through the application, and all personnel who access the data must first authenticate to the system at which time an audit trail is generated when the database is accessed. These audit trails are based on application server out-of-the-box logging reports reviewed by the Information System Security Officer (ISSO) and System Auditor and any suspicious indicators such as browsing will be immediately investigated and appropriate action taken. Also, system users undergo annual mandatory training regarding appropriate handling of information.

NIST security controls are in place to ensure that information is handled, retained, and disposed of appropriately. For example, advanced encryption is used to secure the data both during transmission and while stored at rest. Access to individual's PII is controlled through the application and all personnel who access the data must first authenticate to the system at which time an audit trail is generated when the database is accessed. USPTO requires annual security role based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees. All offices of the USPTO adhere to the USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.

Section 6: Information Sharing and Access

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. (*Check all that apply.*)

Dooiniont	How Information will be Shared				
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access		
Within the bureau	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
DOC bureaus	\boxtimes				
Federalagencies					
State, local, tribal gov't agencies					
Public					
Private sector					
Foreign governments					
Foreign entities					
Other(specify):					

|--|

shared with external agencies/entities? Yes, the external agency/entity is required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before redissemination of PII/BII. No, the external agency/entity is not required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before redissemination of PII/BII. No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities. No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities. No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities. No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities. Yes, this IT system connects with or receives information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII. Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage: DSMS ESS ICAM-IDaaS SMP				
dissemination of PII/BII. No, the external agency/entity is not required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before redissemination of PII/BII. No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities. 6.3 Indicate whether the IT system connects with or receives information from any other IT systems authorized to process PII and/or BII. Yes, this IT system connects with or receives information from a nother IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII. Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage: DSMS ESS ICAM-IDaaS				
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NIST security controls are in place to ensure that information is handled, retained, and disposed of appropriately. For example, advanced encryption is used to secure the data both during transmission and while stored at rest. Access to individual's PII is controlled through the application and all personnel who access the data must first authenticate to the system at which time an audit trail is generated when the database is accessed. USPTO requires annual security role based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees. All offices of the USPTO adhere to the USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.				
No, this IT system does not connect with or receive information from a nother IT system(s) author process PII and/or BII.				
6.4 Identify the class of users who will have access to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.) Class of Users				
General Public Government Employees				
Contractors				
Other(specify):				

Section 7: Notice and Consent

7.1 Indicate whether individuals will be notified if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminated by the system. *(Check all that apply.)*

\boxtimes	Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a sys discussed in Section 9.	stem of records notice published in the Federal Register and
\boxtimes	Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy Act and/or privacy policy can be found at: h	t statement and/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement https://www.uspto.gov/privacy-policy
\boxtimes	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify how: This PIA serves as notice. See Appendix A
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:

7.2 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not: The individuals do not have the opportunity to decline to provide the PII/BII. The information that is requested to be entered into COMET by the individual is required for them to perform their duties.

7.3 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.

	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:
\boxtimes	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not: The individuals do not have the opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII within COMET. The COMET applications, collect the least amount of PII/BII allowed to complete their USPTO tasks.

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how: For the sub application, CRTCT individual can log directly into the system and update the training information about
	themselves.
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII perta ining to them.	Specify why not: For COMET and its application, the PII data points: name, employee ID and email address, the individual would need to contact HR to have the information updated.

Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. *(Check all that apply.)*

\boxtimes	All users signed a confidentiality a greement or non-disclosure agreement.
\boxtimes	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
\boxtimes	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to a uthorized personnel only.
\boxtimes	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded.
	Explanation:
\boxtimes	The information is secured in a ccordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act
	(FISMA) requirements.
	Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): 5/20/2024
	☐ This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
\boxtimes	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a
	moderate or higher.
\boxtimes	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended
	security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan
	of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
\boxtimes	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined
	that there are no additional privacy risks.
	Contractors that have a ccess to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts
\boxtimes	required by DOC policy.
	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
\boxtimes	
\boxtimes	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in a greements with customers.
	Other(specify):
_	

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (*Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable*).

PII within the system is secured using appropriate management, operational, and technical safeguards in accordance with NIST requirements. Such management controls include a review process to ensure that management controls are in place and documented in the System Security Privacy Plan (SSPP). The SSPP specifically addresses the management, operational, and technical controls that are in place and planned during the operation of the system. Operational safeguards include restricting access to PII/BII data to a small subset of users. All access has role-based restrictions and individuals with access privileges have undergone vetting and suitability screening. Data is maintained in areas accessible only to authorized personnel. The system maintains an audit trail and the appropriate personnel is alerted when there is suspicious activity. Data is encrypted in transit and at rest.

Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1	Is the I	PII/BII searchable by a persona	l identi	fier (e.g, name or Social Security numbe	r)?
	\boxtimes	Yes, the PII/BII is searchable	by a p	ersonal identifier.	
		No, the PII/BII is not searcha	ble by	a personal identifier.	
9.2	§ 552a by an e	. (A new system of records not existing SORN). Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of record is retrieved by the name of the individual or	ice (SC	g created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. (PRN) is required if the system is not cover as a group of any records under the control of any agency from entifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular ass	red
	Provi	de the SORN name, number, a: /GOVT-1 – General Personnel	nd link. Record		
		SORN has been submitted to the Depis system is not a system of records a			
Sectio 10.1	Indicat	Retention of Information te whether these records are corred for compliance. (Check al		y an approved records control schedule a	und
\boxtimes	Provid	is an approved record control schedule the name of the record control sche	edule:		
		ere is not an approved record control le the stage in which the project is in o		e. ng and submitting a records control schedule:	
		etention is monitored for compliance tention is not monitored for compliar			
10.2	Indicat	te the disposal method of the PI	I/BII.	(Check all that apply.)	
	posal				
Shr	edding			Overwriting	\boxtimes
Deg	gaussing			Deleting	

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Other (enecify)		
Other (Specify).		
(1)		

Section 11: NIST Special Publication 800-122 PII Confidentiality Impact Level

11.1 Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed. (The PII Confidentiality Impact Level is not the same, and does not have to be the same, as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category.)

Low—the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational a ssets, or individuals.
Moderate—the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a serious a dverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
High—the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic a dverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact level. (Check all that apply.)

	Identifiability	Provide explanation: COMET collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about USPTO employees and contractors. The types of information collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the system that are identifiable include: name, email, and certificate information.
	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation: The number of records collected generate a minimal amount of PII. There are general data points about all USPTO employees and contractors potentially within COMET and its subapplications. CRTCT has information regarding around 200 USPTO employees and/or contractors, which the individual will provide their qualifications for their role.
	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: The types of identifying information within COMET are of a low sensitivity level.
\boxtimes	Context of Use	Provide explanation:

		Information within COMET is used for identifying and authenticating. Additionally, the information in CRTCT is used to show USPTO compliance to DOC requirements.
	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: USPTO privacy policy requires the PII information collected within the system to be protected in accordance with NIST SP 800-122, Guide to Protecting the Confidentiality of Personally Identifiable Information.
	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: Access is limited to USPTO employees and contractors connected to USPTO's network. The application CRTCT which has more PII, has role-based access.
	Other:	Provide explanation:

Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

The PII in this system poses a risk if exposed. System users undergo annual mandatory training regarding appropriate handling of information. Physical access to servers is restricted to only a few authorized individuals. The servers storing the potential PII are located in a highly sensitive zone within the cloud and logical access is segregated with network firewalls and switches through an Access Control list that limits access to only a few approved and authorized accounts. USPTO monitors, in real-time, all activities and events within the servers storing the potential PII data and personnel review audit logs received on a regular bases and alert the appropriate personnel when inappropriate or unusual activity is identified.

12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes. Explanation:
\boxtimes	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.

12.3 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes.	
	Explanation:	
\boxtimes	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.	

Appendix A: Warning Banner

Sign in	
Email address	USPTO employee?
Remember my email addres	SS
Continue	
Create a USPTO.gov account	
By signing in, I certify to the US Privacy Policy.	SPTO's <u>Terms of Use</u> and <u>USPTO</u>
	es government information system.
	a violation of federal law and may
ubject you to civil and criminal pen nonitored, audited, and recorded	enalties. Use of this system may be d; therefore, there is no right of ng this system may be disclosed as

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