# **U.S. Department of Commerce** U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



## **Privacy Impact Assessment** for the **Global Patent Solutions (GPS)**

$\boxtimes$	Concurrence of Senior Agency	Official for Privacy/DOC	Chief Privacy Officer
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□ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

CHARLES CUTSHALL Digitally signed by CHARLES CUTSHALL Date: 2024.09.09 18:44:18 -04'00'

9/9/2024

# U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Global Patent Solutions (GPS)

**Unique Project Identifier: PTOC-024-00** 

**Introduction: System Description** 

Provide a brief description of the information system.

The Global Patent Solutions (GPS) is a system that allows authenticated GPS employees to search patent applications that are part of the Patent Cooperation Treaty<sup>3</sup> (PCT). It also enables GPS employees to provide a written opinion regarding the patentability of the invention, based on the search results, to be submitted to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). All USPTO source documents and other USPTO provided patent application documentation (i.e. search results, follow-on papers, etc.) are maintained by GPS in accordance with the agreement with USPTO and the applicable record retention schedule.

GPS is involved in the main procedural steps before the international searching authority. GPS assists USPTO, who is a "receiving office" in the establishment of the international search report and written opinion as one of the international searching authorities<sup>4</sup>. The written opinion is detailed advice established by the International Searching Authority which gives a preliminary non-binding opinion on whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve inventive step and to be industrially applicable.

The timely completion of these International Search Report/Written Opinions is essential for the applicants to obtain an international search and opinion prior to their deadline for submission of a national stage application in one (1) or more of the PCT Contracting States.

The purpose of the work that GPS performs as a USPTO contractor is to secure professional comprehensive services to provide an International Search Report and a Written Opinions of the International Searching Authority under the provisions of the PCT for International Applications in which the USPTO is the International Searching Authority.

Address the following elements:

(a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system

GPS is a General Support System (GSS).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Patent Cooperation Treaty | USPTO

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> PCT Applicant's Guide Introduction to the International Phase - Valid as from 15 Sep 2023 (wipo.int)

(b) System location

The GPS data is stored on the GPS owned AWS FedRAMP approved cloud account (U.S. West Region). Local infrastructure is located in Arizona.

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

**Network and Security Infrastructure System (NSI):** The NSI is an Infrastructure information system, and provides an aggregate of subsystems that facilitates the communications, secure access, protective services, and network infrastructure support for all the USPTO IT Applications.

**Patent End to End (PE2E):** is a Master system portfolio consisting of next generation Patents Automated Information Systems (AIS). PE2E provides GPS the patent information needed to complete their work related to international patents applications.

(d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4

GPS facilitates PCT searches and enables GPS employees to submit an accompanying written opinion regarding the patentability of the invention in question.

(e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

GPS receives the information from USPTO via secure file transfer. Assigned applications are accessed by analysts who connect to GPS hosted on AWS via Virtual Private Network (VPN) and Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP). Completed applications are returned to USPTO.

(f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

Patent data is imported/exported from/to the GPS System via Secure Shell File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) provided by USPTO.

(g) Any information sharing

GPS shares information with USPTO only.

(h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information

35 U.S.C. 1, 2, 6, 41, 115, and 261; E.O. 9424; 5 U.S.C. 301

system					
Moderate					
Section 1: Status of the Infor	mation	System			
1.1 Indicate whether the inf	ormatio	on system is a new or e	xistir	ng system.	
☐ This is a new information	n syster	n.			
$\Box$ This is an existing inform	nation s	ystem with changes th	at cre	eate new privacy risks. (C	heck
all that apply.)					
Changes That Create New P	rivacy R				
a. Conversions		d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses	
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous		e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection	
c. Significant System Management Changes		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data	
j. Other changes that create n	ew priva	cy risks (specify):	•		
Section 2: Information in the	<b>Systen</b> y identi	fiable information (PII	)/bus	iness identifiable informa	tion
Identifying Numbers (IN)					
a. Social Security*		Oriver's License		j. Financial Account	
b. TaxpayerID	1 -	Passport		k. Financial Transaction	
c. EmployerID	1	Alien Registration		l. Vehicle Identifier	
d. Employee ID	i. (	Credit Card		m. MedicalRecord	
e. File/Case ID					
n. Other identifying numbers (spec	eify): Pa	tent application number, pa	tent n	umber	

(i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the

*Explanation for the business need to collect, maintain, or disseminate the Social Security number, including truncated form:					
General Personal Data (GPI	D)				
a. Name	×	h. Date of Birth		o. Financial Information	
b. Maiden Name		i. Place of Birth		p. MedicalInformation	
c. Alias		j. Home Address	$\boxtimes$	q. Military Service	
d. Gender		k. Telephone Number	$\boxtimes$	r. Criminal Record	
e. Age		l. Email Address	$\boxtimes$	s. Marital Status	
f. Race/Ethnicity		m.Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name	
g. Citizenship	$\boxtimes$	n. Religion			
u. Other general personal dat	ta (spec	eify):			
Work-Related Data (WRD)					
a. Occupation		e. Work Email Address	$\boxtimes$	i. Business Associates	
b. Job Title	$\boxtimes$	f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business Information	$\boxtimes$
c. Work Address	$\boxtimes$	g. Work History		k. Procurement/contracting records	
d. Work Telephone Number	$\boxtimes$	h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information			
l. Other work-related data (s	pecify	):			
Distinguishing Features/Bio	metric	` '		le Signatures	
a. Fingerprints b. Palm Prints				k. Signatures l. Vascular Scans	
c. Voice/Audio Recording		·		m. DNA Sample or Profile	
d. Video Recording		i. Height		n. Retina/Iris Scans	
e. Photographs		j. Weight		o. Dental Profile	
p. Other distinguishing featu	ires/bic	ometrics (specify):			
System Administration/A3	it Data	(CAAD)			
System Administration/Aud a. User ID	It Data	c. Date/Time of Access		e. IDFiles Accessed	
b. IP Address		f. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files	
g. Other system a dministrati		`			
Other Information (specify)					
Salet Information (specify)					

AN: 08282411138698

### 2.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)

Directly from Individual about Whom the Information Pertains							
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	$\boxtimes$		
Telephone		Email					
Other(specify):							
Government Sources							
Within the Bureau	$\boxtimes$	Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies			
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign					
Other(specify):							
Non-government Sources							
Public Organizations		Private Sector		Commercial Data Brokers			
Third Party Website or Applic	Third Party Website or Application						
Other(specify): GPS							

2.3 Describe how the accuracy of the information in the system is ensured.

GPS connects to the USPTO File Transfer system, which is a part of the Network and Security Infrastructure (NSI) Master System.

USPTO data is received by way of a secured file transfer using Tumbleweed. When USPTO data is transferred to GPS through this connection, GPS-a uthorized staff members will validate the data received and save it to the appropriate virtual storage device. Access to the virtual storage device where USPTO data is stored is strictly controlled using Active Directory groups. The Research Analysts will access the data from the virtual storage device via RDS. When the work deliverables are approved by a Search Approval Official, the Docket Manager transmits the work deliverables via the same secured file transfer back to the USPTO.

In accordance with the USPTO Privacy Policy guidelines, the GPS system is designed and administered to ensure the integrity of PII provided to GPS by USPTO. Bibliographic data (Inventor name, Inventor address, Citizenship, Correspondence address, Employer name and address, Telephone number[s], and Email address) are collected from the applicant or applicant's legal representative and attached to the electronic patent application files sent to GPS.

Specific sa feguards that are employed by GPS to protect the patent applications include:

- The GPS system and its facility are physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals authorized by GPS to access USPTO data are granted logical access to the system.
- All patent information is encrypted when transferred between GPS and USPTO using secure electronic methods.
- All patent information is encrypted at rest.
- Technical, operational, and management security controls are in place at GPS and are verified regularly.

	<ul> <li>Periodic security testing is conducted on the vulnerabilities are discovered and fixed.</li> <li>All GPS personnel are required to take security.</li> </ul>				
perta		licatio	nd has the opportunity to review or update PII/BII n ingress system. That information is volunteered b	y	
2.4 I	Is the information covered by the Pape	erwor.	k Reduction Act?		
$\boxtimes$	Yes, the information is covered by the Pa perwork Reduction Act. Provide the OMB control number and the agency number for the collection.				
	0651-0021 Patent Cooperation Treaty				
	No, the information is not covered by the P	a perw	ork Reduction Act.		
Sma	<b>hnologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Pre</b> art Cards er-ID	viously	Deployed (TUCPBNPD)     Biometrics     Personal I dentity Verification (PIV) Cards		
	er-ID er (specify):		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards		
	<b>(1</b>				
$\boxtimes$	There are not any technologies used that co	ntain F	PH/BH in ways that have not been previously deplo	yed.	
	There are not any technologies used that co	ntain F	PH/BH in ways that have not been previously deplo	yed.	
	There are not any technologies used that co	ntain F	PH/BH in ways that have not been previously deplo	y ed.	
Section 3.1	on 3: System Supported Activities		PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed.  Such raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al.		
Section 3.1	on 3: System Supported Activities  Indicate IT system supported activitie apply.)  vities		ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al.		
Section 3.1	on 3: System Supported Activities  Indicate IT system supported activities  apply.)  vities io recordings		ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al.  Building entry readers		
Section 3.1  Actinutus Aud Vide	on 3: System Supported Activities  Indicate IT system supported activitie apply.)  vities		ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al.		
Section 3.1  Actinudud Videe	on 3: System Supported Activities  Indicate IT system supported activities apply.)  vities io recordings eo surveillance		ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al.  Building entry readers		
Section 3.1  Actinudud Videe	on 3: System Supported Activities  Indicate IT system supported activities apply.)  vities io recordings eo surveillance	s whi	Check all Building entry readers  Electronic purchase transactions		

#### **Section 4:** Purpose of the System

4.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminated. (*Check all that apply.*)

Purpose			
For a Computer Matching Program		For a dministering human resources programs	
For a dm in istrative matters	$\boxtimes$	To promote information sharing initiatives	
For litigation		For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online		For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other(specify):		<b>C</b> \	

#### **Section 5**: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

The PII/BII that is collected by the USPTO is used to identify PCT patent applicants. The information is collected and disseminated by the Patent ingress systems owned and operated by USPTO.

The GPS system does not disseminate this information outside of the organization. The PII/BII may come from persons applying for and reviewing patents through the USPTO who are considered members of the public.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

The potential threats to the system are insider threats, adversarial entities and foreign governments. To mitigate threats GPS has implemented the following:

- The GPS system and its facility are physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals authorized by GPS to access USPTO data are granted logical access to the system.
- All patent information is encrypted when transferred between GPS and USPTO using secure electronic methods.
- All patent information is encrypted at rest.
- Technical, operational, and management security controls are in place at GPS and are verified regularly.
- Data Loss Prevention (DLP) technology is used to prevent dissemination of data.
- Periodic security testing is conducted on the GPS system to help ensure that any new security vulnerabilities are discovered and corrected/mitigated.
- All GPS personnel are required to take security training.

NIST security controls are in place to ensure that information is handled, retained, and disposed of appropriately. For example, advanced encryption is used to secure the data both during transmission and while stored at rest. Access to individual's PII is controlled through the application and all personnel who access the data must first authenticate to the system at which time an audit trail is generated when the database is accessed. USPTO requires annual security role based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees. All offices of the USPTO adhere to the USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.

#### **Section 6: Information Sharing and Access**

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. *(Check all that apply.)* 

Recipient	How Information will be Shared					
	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access			
Within the bureau	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$				
DOC bureaus						
Federalagencies						
State, local, tribal gov't agencies						
Public						
Private sector						
Foreign governments						
Foreign entities			$\boxtimes$			
Other(specify):						

	The PII/BII in the system will not be shared	d.				
6.2	Does the DOC bureau/operating unit place a limitation on re-dissemination of PII/BII shared with external agencies/entities?					
$\boxtimes$	Yes, the external agency/entity is required to dissemination of PII/BII.	o verif	y with the DOC bureau/operating unit before re-			
	No, the external agency/entity is not require dissemination of PII/BII.  No, the bureau/operating unit does not share		erify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before re-			
	No, the oureawoperating unit does not share	CIII/D	m with external agencies, criticis.			
6.3	Indicate whether the IT system conne systems authorized to process PII and		th or receives information from any other I	T		
$\boxtimes$	process PII and/or BII.		mation from a nother IT system(s) a uthorized to e technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:			
	No, this IT system does not connect with or process PII and/or BII.	receiv	ve information from a nother IT system(s) authorized	Ito		
6.4	Identify the class of users who will ha <i>all that apply.)</i>	ive ac	cess to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Che	ck		
	11 0 /					
	ss of Users					
Gen	ss of Users eral Public		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$		
Gen	ss of Users		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$		
Gen Con	ss of Users eral Public		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$		
Gen Con Oth	ss of Users  deral Public  attractors  er (specify):  on 7: Notice and Consent	otifie	d if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, o			
Gen Con Oth	ss of Users leral Public attractors er (specify):  on 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will be notice disseminated by the system. (Check of Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system)	otifie	d if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, o			
Gen Con Otho Section 7.1	eral Public atractors er (specify):  On 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will be not disseminated by the system. (Check of the system)  Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system discussed in Section 9.	otifie	d if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, on the apply.) Fords notice published in the Federal Register and the tand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement			

No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:

7.2 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not: Individuals do not have the opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII to GPS. GPS only handles patents that are part of the PTC and the system a patent applicant chooses to submit their application would inform the individual of their right to decline to provide PII/BII. USPTO employees and contractors do not have the opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII as the information is necessary as a part of the international patent application processing.

7.3 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not: Individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII as the information provided to GPS is only used for the purpose the patent applicant submitted the application.  USPTO employees and contractors do not have the opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII within GPS as it is necessary as part of the international patent application processing.

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how:
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not: Individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them within GPS, as GPS is not a system a vailable to the public. If an individual would like to review/update the PII/BII pertaining to them within GPS, the individual would need to refer to the system on which they submitted their international patent application. Additionally, Individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them up to and before the patent application is published and finalized.

#### **Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls**

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. *(Check all that apply.)* 

$\boxtimes$	All users signed a confidentiality a greement or non-disclosure agreement.
$\boxtimes$	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
$\boxtimes$	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to a uthorized personnel only.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded.  Explanation: The Perimeter Network (NSI) and SCS provide additional automated transmission and monitoring mechanisms to ensure that PII/BII information is protected and not breached by external entities.
$\boxtimes$	The information is secured in a ccordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) requirements.  Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): 12/26/2023  This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a
$\boxtimes$	moderate or higher.
$\boxtimes$	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
$\boxtimes$	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
$\boxtimes$	Contractors that have a ccess to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
$\boxtimes$	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
$\boxtimes$	Acceptance of lia bility for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in a greements with customers.
	Other(specify):

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (*Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable*).

PII within the system is secured using appropriate management, operational, and technical safeguards in accordance with NIST requirements. Such management controls include a review process to ensure that management controls are in place and documented in the System Security Privacy Plan (SSPP). The SSPP specifically addresses the management, operational, and technical controls that are in place and planned during the operation of the system. Operational safeguards include restricting access to PII/BII data to a small subset of users. All access has role-based restrictions and individuals with access privileges have undergone vetting and suitability screening. Data is maintained in areas accessible only to authorized personnel. The system maintains an audit trail and the appropriate personnel is alerted when there is suspicious activity. Data is encrypted in transit and at rest.

## Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1	Is the PII/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?		
	□ No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.		
9.2 Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not cover by an existing SORN).  As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assist to the individual."			
$\boxtimes$	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN).  Provide the SORN name, number, and link. (list all that apply):		
	PAT/TM—7 Patent Application Files		
	Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).		
	No, this system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.		
<b>Section</b> 10.1	n 10: Retention of Information  Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. (Check all that apply.)		
$\boxtimes$	There is an approved record control schedule. Provide the name of the record control schedule:		
	Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) Applications and Miscellaneous Records (N1-241-10-1:5.1) Patent Examination Working Files (N1-241-10-1:4.2)		
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.  Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:		
$\boxtimes$	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance to the schedule.		

10.2 Indicate the disposal method of the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Disposal				
Shredding		Overwriting	$\boxtimes$	
Degaussing		Deleting	$\boxtimes$	
Other(specify):				

#### Section 11: NIST Special Publication 800-122 PII Confidentiality Impact Level

11.1 Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed. (The PII Confidentiality Impact Level is not the same, and does not have to be the same, as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category.)

	Low—the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
$\boxtimes$	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
	High—the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or a vailability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic a dverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact level. (*Check all that apply.*)

$\boxtimes$	Identifiability	Provide explanation:
		The combination of occupation, name, title, address, phone
		number, and email address can easily identify a particular
		individual.
$\square$	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation:
_		USPTO prepares approximately 23,000 International Search
		Report/Written Opinions per year in its capacity as an
		International Searching Authority (ISA/US).
$\boxtimes$	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation:
	-	The data includes limited personal and work-related elements that
		could make the information more sensitive when combined.
$\boxtimes$	Context of Use	Provide explanation:
		Information is used to facilitate PCT searches by contractors
		working outside of the USPTO environment.
$\boxtimes$	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation:
		USPTO employees (including contractors) undergo annual cyber
		security a wareness training related to the proper handling of
		PII/BII within the USPTO and are obligated by the organizational
		rules related to handling PII/BII.
$\boxtimes$	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation:
		Because the information containing PII must be transmitted
		outside of the USPTO environment, there is an added need to
		ensure the confidentiality of information during transmission.
	Other:	Provide explanation:
		_

#### **Section 12:** Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

Potential threats to the information system are insider threats, foreign governments and adversarial entities. GPS connects to the USPTO File Transfer system, which is a part of the NSI Master System. In accordance with USPTO Privacy Policy guidelines, the GPS system is designed and administered to ensure the confidentiality and integrity of PII provided to GPS by USPTO. The GPS system and its facility are physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals authorized by GPS to access USPTO data are granted access to the system. All PCT information is encrypted when transferred between GPS and USPTO using secure electronic methods. Technical, operational, and management security controls are in place at GPS and are verified regularly. Periodic security testing is conducted on the GPS system to help assure than any new security vulnerabilities are discovered and fixed. All GPS personnel are trained to securely handle patent information and to understand their responsibilities for protecting patents. The type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information is done prior to GPS involvement. GPS converts the information given to them by USPTO and is not privy to the decision-making process within USPTO regarding information collected.