# **U.S. Department of Commerce** U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



# **Privacy Impact Assessment** for the **Master Data Management (MDM)**

Reviewed by: Henry J. Holcombe, Bureau Chief Privacy Officer

$\times$	Concurrence of Senior Agency	Official fo	r Privacy/DOC	Chief Privacy Officer
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□ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

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# U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Master Data Management (MDM)

**Unique Project Identifier: EBPL-DA-02-00** 

**Introduction: System Description** 

Provide a brief description of the information system.

The Master Data Management (MDM) system is comprised of a Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) authorized Software as a Service (SaaS) suite, Collibra Data Intelligence Cloud (CDIC) and Jobserver. CDIC is a platform in which United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) internal users can build their own data governance management system. This platform includes user management, privilege management, data catalog, workflows, and data stewardship. The CDIC platform ingests metadata, and authorized users are responsible for managing and controlling the permission and policies surrounding the data. The tool allows users to store and track metadata, create dashboards, create a business glossary, capture an inventory of reports, and use workflows to manage their data. Jobserver executes processes collecting data source meta-data which is transmitted to the CDIC SaaS system.

#### Address the following elements:

(a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system

MDM is a FedRAMP authorized SaaS system.

(b) System location

CDIC - This component is a SaaS suite of the tools that resides in the cloud (Amazon Web Services (AWS)).

Jobserver - This executes processes collecting data source meta-data which is transmitted to the CDIC Software as a Solution (SaaS) system and is installed on servers located in the data center at Manassas, VA. This server resides on the USPTO Network (PTONet) and is within the Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW) security boundary.

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

### Systems that interconnect to MDM:

Consolidated Financial System (CFS) - is a master system composed of the following four subsystems: Momentum, Concur Integration, E-Acquisition (ACQ), and VendorPortal. Momentum is a full-featured Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS) accounting software package that permits full integration of the processing of financial transactions with other normal business processes. Concur Integration works with Momentum and passes data back and forth between the systems using web services. ACQ provides an automated solution for the procure-to-pay process in the acquisition community at the USPTO. VendorPortal provides a platform for vendor interaction whereby USPTO may publish notices, solicitations and award announcements, etc.

Fee Processing Next Generation (FPNG) - allows internal and external users to manipulate payment accounts, perform profile updates, and make payments for USPTO goods and services. It also provides all functionality related to managing payments, replenishing and transferring of deposit account balances, etc. (primarily handled by the General Ledger/Account COTS Support tier/Momentum). FPNG also supports pricing rules management as well as refund requests and approvals. FPNG has interfaces to various USPTO systems and with the United States Treasury. USPTO system interfaces include MyUSPTO, Role Based Access Control (RBAC) system, Patent Application Location Monitoring (PALM), Momentum, Active Directory, Electronic Library for Financial Management Systems (EL4FMS) and the Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW). FPNG interfaces to Unites States (US) Treasury include Pay.gov and Over the Counter (OTCnet) application services.

Information Delivery Product (IDP) - is a master system composed of the following three subsystems: EDW, EL4FMS, and Financial Enterprise Data Management Tools (FEDMT). EDW provides a tool that allows managers and analysts to analyze business processes, resource use and needs, and other facets of the business. EL4FMS provides access to USPTO financial-related documents to support the decision-making activities of managers and analysts. FEDMT is a database/user interface solution utilizing the Oracle Application Express (APEX) product to build small applications to support Financial Reference data.

**Planning and Budgeting Products (PBP)** - is a master system composed of following three subsystems: Activity Based Information System (ABIS), Analytics and Financial Forecasting (AFF), and Enterprise Budgeting Tool (EBT). ABIS streamlines and automates business processes. AFF supports the analysis of fee collection information and decision-making. EBT supports central planning and budgeting.

**Collibra Data Intelligence Cloud (External) -** FedRAMP authorized SaaS platform in which USPTO internal users can build their own data governance management system.

**ICAM Identity as a Service (ICAM-IDaaS)** - provides an enterprise authentication and authorization service to all applications.

**Network and Security Infrastructure System (NSI)**- is an infrastructure information system that facilitates the communications, secure access, protective services, and network infrastructure support for all USPTO IT applications.

**Security and Compliance Services (SCS)** - is a general support system comprised of subsystems which work together to provide enterprise level monitoring to the USPTO.

(d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4

MDM system utilizes a job server that resides on premise to connect to source databases that are cataloged within the CDIC. It runs jobs to collect metadata from the data sources and transmits the metadata to CDIC. This provides USPTO users with an enterprise-oriented data governance platform for data governance and stewardship. USPTO users are able to better analyze their data, improve business decisions, and business and IT can collaborate.

(e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

MDM allows users to retrieve information in electronic format. MDM allows user access to the CDIC platform, where they can perform contextual search and access reports and dashboards.

(f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

MDM transmits metadata to CDIC cloud using a secured Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) connection.

(g) Any information sharing

MDM collects information about USPTO employees and contractors such as First Name, Last Name, and Email Address. This information is based on roles associated with various data domains (e.g., Name of the Data Owner role of the Patent Quality Data) and will be shared within the bureau on a case-by-case basis.

(h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information

The following federal laws provide the specific programmatic authority for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information: E-Government Act of 2002; and Foundations for Evidence-Based Policymaking.

(i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

The FIPS 199 security impact category for MDM is Moderate.

<b>Section 1:</b> Status of the Information System
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Section 1: Status of the In	form	ation	System			
1.1 Indicate whether the	infor	matio	on system is a new or o	existii	ng system.	
☐ This is a new informa	ation s	systei	n.			
		•		nat cre	eate new privacy risks. (Ch	heck
all that apply.)	omma		y stem with enanges a	141 01	sate new privacy risks. (C)	reen
Changes That Create Ne	w Priv	vacv F	Risks (CTCNPR)			$\overline{}$
a. Conversions			d. Significant Merging	g 🗆	g. New Interagency Uses	
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous			e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection	
c. Significant System Management Changes			f. Commercial Sources	S 🗆	i. Alteration in Character of Data	
j. Other changes that crea	ate nev	v priva	acy risks (specify):		·	
and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.  ☑ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.						
Section 2: Information in the System  2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (Check all that apply.)						
Identifying Numbers (IN)						
a. Social Security*		f.	Driver's License		j. Financial Account	
b. TaxpayerID	П	g. I	Passport	П	k. Financial Transaction	$\vdash$
c. EmployerID		h. 1	Alien Registration		l. Vehicle Identifier	$\Box$
d. Employee ID		i.	Credit Card		m. Medical Record	$\frac{1}{\Box}$
e. File/Case ID						

g. Citizenship	n. Other identifying numbers (specify):						
General Personal Data (GPD)		needte	o collect, maintain, or dissemina	te the S	Social Security number, including	3	
a. Name	truncated form.						
a. Name							
a. Name	Conoral Dorganal Data (CD)	D)					
b. Maiden Name		T <sup>*</sup>	h. Date of Birth	ГП	o. Financial Information	ГП	
d. Gender	b. Maiden Name		i. Place of Birth	H	p. Medical Information	늄	
c. Age	c. Alias		j. Home Address		q. Military Service	一	
f. Race/Ethnicity	d. Gender		k. Telephone Number		r. Criminal Record	一	
g. Citizenship	e. Age		l. Email Address		s. Marital Status	一	
u. Other general personal data (specify):    Work-Related Data (WRD)	f. Race/Ethnicity		m. Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name	$\Box$	
Work-Related Data (WRD)         a. Occupation       □ e. Work Email Address       □ j. Proprietary or Business Information         b. Job Title       □ f. Salary       □ j. Proprietary or Business Information         c. Work Address       □ g. Work History       □ k. Procurement/contracting records         d. Work Telephone Number       □ h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information       □ l. Other work-related data (specify):         Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)         a. Fingerprints       □ f. Scars, Marks, Tattoos       □ k. Signatures         b. Palm Prints       □ g. Hair Color       □ l. Vascular Scans         c. Voice/Audio Recording       □ h. Eye Color       □ m. DNA Sample or Profile         d. Video Recording       □ i. Height       □ n. Retina/Iris Scans         e. Photographs       □ j. Weight       □ o. Dental Profile         p. Other distinguishing features/biometrics (specify):         System Administration/Audit Data (SAAD)         a. User ID       □ c. Date/Time of Access       □ e. ID Files Accessed         b. IP Address       □ f. Queries Run       □ f. Contents of Files	g. Citizenship		n. Religion				
a. Occupation	u. Other general personal da	ta (spec	eify):				
a. Occupation							
a. Occupation							
b. Job Title	` '	Т	a Work Empil Address		i Rusinass Associates		
C. Work Address	•					片	
d. Work Telephone Number	o. Joo The		1. Salary			╽╙	
Number	c. Work Address		g. Work History				
ther Performance Information  I. Other work-related data (specify):    Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)							
Information  I. Other work-related data (specify):    Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)	Number						
Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)  a. Fingerprints							
a. Fingerprints	1. Other work-related data (s	specify	):				
a. Fingerprints							
a. Fingerprints	Distinguishing Features/Bio	metric	s (DFB)				
c. Voice/Audio Recording		ПП		ПП	k. Signatures	Ιп	
c. Voice/Audio Recording	b. Palm Prints		g. Hair Color	$\Box$	1. Vascular Scans	一	
e. Photographs	c. Voice/Audio Recording			Ħ		〒	
e. Photographs			·	H	-		
p. Other distinguishing features/biometrics (specify):  System Administration/Audit Data (SAAD)  a. User ID	e. Photographs		-	H	o. Dental Profile	卌	
System Administration/Audit Data (SAAD)  a. User ID		ıres/bio		Т	<u> </u>		
a. User ID			(4 7)				
a. User ID							
b. IP Address	· ·	1			I ID E'I		
		+		$\boxtimes$		${}^{\perp \Box}$	
g. Other system a dministration/audit data (specify):			•		t. Contents of Files		
	g. Other system a dministrat	ion/auc	lit data (specify):				
Other Information (specify)	Other Information (specify)						

2 Indicate sources of	of the PII	/BII in the system. (Cho	eck all the	at apply.)	
Directly from Individua	labout Wl	nom the Information Perta	ins		
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	
Telephone		Email			
Other (specify):					
Government Sources					
Within the Bureau		Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies	T
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign			
Other(specify):					
Non-government Source	s		ı		
Public Organizations		Private Sector		Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Ap	plication				
Other (specify):					
MDM is secured using ap NIST security controls (er is required for staff who h access has role-based rest:	propriate a acryption, a ave access rictions, an a intains an	access control, a uditing). Ma to the system and a ddresses d individuals with access pri a udit trail and performs ran	echnical sa ndatory IT how to har vileges hav	is ensured.  feguards in accordance with the Awareness and role-based train adle, retain, and dispose of data. We undergone vetting and suitablic reviews to identify unauthorized.	ing All ility
		by the Paperwork Redu		?	
		ed by the Paperwork Reductinber and the agency number		ection.	
No, the information	n is not cov	ered by the Paperwork Redu	iction Act.		
5 Indicate the technological deployed. (Check a	_		ways tha	at have not been previously	7

Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Previously Deployed (TUCPBNPD)

		Biometrics				
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards				
Other(specify):						
There are not any technologies used to	hat contain l	PH/BH in ways that have not been previously depk	wed			
There are not any technologies used to		11/Bit in ways that have not been previously depic	y ca.			
ction 3: System Supported Activiti	ies					
· · · · ·						
1 Indicate IT system supported act	ivities wh	ich raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check a	ll tha			
apply.)						
Activities						
Audio recordings		Building entry readers				
Video surveillance		Electronic purchase transactions				
Other(specify):		•	•			
const (specify).						
(						
	1 (* */*					
	d a ctivities v	which raise privacy risks/concerns.				
	d a ctivities v	which raise privacy risks/concerns.				
	d a ctivities v	which raise privacy risks/concerns.				
	d a ctivities v	which raise privacy risks/concerns.				
			. 1			
		which raise privacy risks/concerns.  s being collected, maintained, or dissemina	nted.			
			nted.			
<ul> <li>☑ There are not any IT system supported</li> <li>ction 4: Purpose of the System</li> <li>Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT (Check all that apply.)</li> </ul>			nted.			
		s being collected, maintained, or dissemina	ated.			
	system is	being collected, maintained, or disseminate of the second				
		For a dministering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives	ated.			
There are not any IT system supported to the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation	system is	For a dministering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities				
There are not any IT system supported  ction 4: Purpose of the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities	system is	For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities				
There are not any IT system supported ection 4: Purpose of the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online	system is	For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities For employee or customer satisfaction				
<ul> <li>☑ There are not any IT system supported</li> <li>ection 4: Purpose of the System</li> <li>Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT</li> </ul>	system is	For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities				

# **Section 5:** Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in

reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

The information in this system is a bout USPTO employees and contractors and is used for a dministrative matters and to promote information sharing initiatives. By providing an enterprise-oriented data governance platform for data governance and stewardship, USPTO users are able to better analyze their data, improve business decisions, and allow for better collaboration between business units and the and IT departments.

The information collected is primarily used for a dministrative purposes. For example, Work Email Address is used for notification emails to notify users of any changes made to a ssets; Internet Protocol (IP) Address and Date/Time of Access are used for logging and auditing purposes.

MDM to serve as a foundational tool in the effort to mature the data management practices under the Enterprise Data as an Asset initiative.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

In the event of computer failure, insider threats, or a ttack against the system by adversarial or foreign entities, any potential PII data from USPTO employees or contractors stored within the system could be exposed, the USPTO has policies, procedures and training to ensure that employees are a ware of their responsibility of protecting sensitive information and the negative impact on the agency if there is a loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to or modification of sensitive private information. Physical access to servers is restricted to only a few authorized individuals. USPTO requires a nnual security role based training and a nnual mandatory security a wareness procedure training for all employees.

All offices of the USPTO adhere to the USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.

#### **Section 6: Information Sharing and Access**

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. (Check all that apply.)

Recipient	How Information will be Shared				
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access		
Within the bureau	$\boxtimes$				
DOC bureaus					
Federal a gencies					
State, local, tribal gov't agencies					

Public			
Private sector			
Foreign governments			
Foreign entities			
Other(specify):			
The PII/BII in the system will not be sh	ared.		
6.2 Does the DOC bureau/operating ushared with external agencies/entire	•	on on re-disseminat	tion of PII/BII
Yes, the external a gency/entity is required dissemination of PII/BII.	red to verify with the	DOC bureau/operating u	unit before re-
No, the external a gency/entity is not red dissemination of PII/BII.	•	•	ng unit before re-
No, the bureau/operating unit does not s	share PH/BH with ext	ernal a gencies/entities.	
6.3 Indicate whether the IT system consystems authorized to process PII at Yes, this IT system connects with or resprocess PII and/or BII. Provide the name of the IT system and MDM receives information, system and have been authorized to process PII and CFS  IDP  FPNG	and/or BII.  ceives information from describe the technical dapplication logs) from	om a nother IT system(s) controls which prevent	a uthorized to t PH/BH lea kage:
PBP ICAM-IDaaS SCS  The technical controls in place to preve firewalls, Security Information and Eve Intrusion Prevention System (IPS). Acc Privilege access controls are maintained Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) and an intesecures the communication between intalso secured via FedRAMP-authorized established controls to include passwort transmissions to and from the Internet at No, this IT system does not connect with	ent Management (SIE) tess to PTO data is via d via Active directory rnal USPTO firewall is ternet users and the sy Collibra - Collibra Da d a uthentication at the and PTONet.	M), Intrusion Detection a Virtual Private Network. Services are logically passed as the boundary estems they access. The lata Intelligence Cloud (Cesserver levels. HTTPS in	Systems (IDS) and vork (VPN) and partitioned via a protection device that Data within MDM is CDIC), and is used for all data
process PII and/or BII.	in or receive informat	ion momanomer i i sys	wm(s) aumonzeu to

6.4 Identify the class of users who will have access to the IT system and the PII/BII. *(Check all that apply.)* 

	ss of Users		To the state of th	
	era l Public		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$
	tractors	$\boxtimes$		
Othe	er(specify):			
Sectio	on 7: Notice and Consent			
7.1 	disseminated by the system. (Chec	ck all tha		or
$\boxtimes$	discussed in Section 9.		cords notice published in the Federal Register and	
	and/or privacy policy can be found at: h		ntand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement w.uspto.gov/privacy-policy	;
$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify	how: See Appendix A	
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify	why not:	
7.2	Indicate whether and how individu	als have	e an opportunity to decline to provide PII/B	II.
	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify	how:	
$\boxtimes$	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	banner: the syst	why not: Users of USPTO systems receive a warm notification regarding consent to be monitored by u tem and therefore do not have the opportunity to decide PII/BII.	ısing
7.3	Indicate whether and how individuate their PII/BII.	als have	e an opportunity to consent to particular use	s of
	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify	how:	
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	the syst form of access t collecte	why not: MDM data is used to provide users accessem. Data is also collected via system monitoring in f audit logs. Because the data is used to allow users the system and the nature of how the audit data is ed, users do not have the opportunity to consent to	the

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how:
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not: USPTO employees and contractors are unable to review and update PII/BII pertaining to them in MDM but have the opportunity to review/update their PII with office of Human Resources.

## **Section 8:** Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. *(Check all that apply.)* 

$\boxtimes$	All users signed a confidentiality a greement or non-disclosure agreement.
$\boxtimes$	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
$\boxtimes$	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to authorized personnel only.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded.  Explanation: Audit Logs
$\boxtimes$	The information is secured in a ccordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) requirements.  Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): 9/11/2023  This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
$\boxtimes$	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
$\boxtimes$	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 5 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
$\boxtimes$	A security a ssessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
$\boxtimes$	Contractors that have a ccess to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
	Acceptance of lia bility for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in a greements with customers.
	Other(specify):

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).

MDM is secured by the USPTO's infrastructure systems, FedRAMP-authorized CDIC, and established controls to include password authentication at the server levels. HTTPS is used for all data transmissions to and from the Internet and PTOnet.

Management Controls:

The USPTO uses the Life Cycle review process to ensure that management controls are in place for the MDM. During the enhancement of any component, the security controls are reviewed, re-evaluated, and updated in the

Security Plan. The Security Plans specifically address the management, operational, and technical controls that are in place, and planned during the operation of the enhanced system. Additional management controls include performing national a gency check on all personnel, including contractor staff.

#### Operational Controls:

Operational controls include securing all hardware associated with this system in the USPTO Data Center. The Data Center is controlled by a ccess card entry, and manned by a uniformed guard service to restrict access to the servers, their operation systems and databases. Backups are stored on tape and are secured off-site. Additional operation controls include: (1) Logical edit checks to ensure proper sequence of actions" (2) Physical terminal identification; (3) Database User Identification (ID); (4) restricted data display, as required; and (5) restricted access.

#### Technical Controls:

Technical controls include password authentication (User ID and passwords). At the client Personal Computers' (PC), access is managed through a password authentication (User ID and passwords) based on certification in Access Request Management System (ARMS). Requests are approved first by the user's supervisor based on a justification of need.

#### **Section 9:** Privacy Act

9.1	Is the F	II/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?
	$\boxtimes$	Yes, the PII/BII is searchable by a personal identifier.
		No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.
9.2	§ 552a by an e	e whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered xisting SORN).  Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned vidual."
$\boxtimes$	Provid Comm	tis system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN).  e the SORN name, number, and link. (list all that apply):  nerce/Dept 18: Employees Personnel Files Not Covered by Notices of Other Agencies.  nerce/PAT-TM-17: USPTO Security Access Control and Certificate Systems.
	Yes, a	SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).
	No, th	is system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.

#### **Section 10: Retention of Information**

10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. (Check all that apply.)

	1 1 1 1 1 1			
	There is an approved record control schedule.			
	Provide the name of the record control so	hedule:		
			1.10	
	GRS 3.1, item 010, Information technolo			
	GRS 3.1, item 011, Information technolo			
	GRS 3.1, item 012, Information technolo	gyaeveio	oment project records; Special purpos	se computer
	programs and applications.		let and a small and a small	
	GRS 3.1, Item 040, Information technolo		intana compilance records.	
	GRS 5.2, item 020, Intermediary records			
	GRS 6.3, item 010, Information Technology		m and capital investment planning rec	coras.
<u> </u>	GRS 6.3, item 020, Enterprise a rehitectur		2	
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.			
	Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:			
$\vdash$	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance	ce to the so	shedule	
닏				
	No, retention is not monitored for compli	ance to th	e schedule. Provide explanation:	
10.2	Indicate the disposal method of the	PII/BII.	(Check all that apply.)	
			( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Die	posal			
	edding		Overwriting	
	•			
Deg	aussing		Deleting	$\boxtimes$
Oth	Other(specify):			
Oth	er(specify):			
Section	on 11: NIST Special Publication 80		• •	
			• •	
Section	on 11: NIST Special Publication 80  Indicate the potential impact that co	uld resu	t to the subject individuals and	or the
Section	on 11: NIST Special Publication 80  Indicate the potential impact that co organization if PII were inappropria	uld resul	t to the subject individuals and essed, used, or disclosed. (The F	or the
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	MDM will collect data from a small segment of internal users for purposes of account set up. Also, there is the potential for PII data to be included over time within the logs collected by the system.
Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: The combination of name, User ID and email address have a low impact on the date field sensitivity.
Context of Use	Provide explanation:  MDM data is account data that will be used by a select segment of internal users who will access the system.
Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: Based on the data collected, USPTO must protect the PII of each individual in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 which prohibits the disclosure of information from a system of records absent of the written consent of the subject individual.
Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: Access Control Lists limits access to MDM to only a few approved authorized accounts. Authorized privileged users access the applications for administrative functions only, and authorized non-privileged users access some applications as required for their roles within their group. The servers storing the potential PII are located in a highly sensitive zone within the USPTO internal network and logical access is segregated with network firewalls and switches.
Other:	Provide explanation:

#### Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

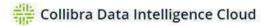
Access to MDM is very limited and controlled by the MDM Project Management (PM) team. Data is protected in transit through Transport Layer Security (TLS) 1.2. Administrative access to the back-end on premise servers is limited to trusted individuals on the development team. Given the limited access under this category, the threat of PII leakage is very low but can be a potential threat to privacy. Access to the user interface is not exposed to the public internet and only accessed within the USPTO network. USPTO has identified and evaluated potential threats to PII such as loss of confidentiality and integrity of information. Based upon USPTO's threat assessment policies, procedures, and training has been implemented to ensure that employees are a ware of their responsibility to protect PII and to be a ware of insider threats. Our employees are aware of the negative impact to the agency if there is a loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to or modification of PII.

12.2	Indicate whether	the conduct of this P	IA results in	any required	business process	changes
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	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes.
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		Explanation:
	$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.
1	2.3	Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.
		Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes.  Explanation:
	$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.

# Appendix A



\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*\*You have accessed a United States Government computer system. Unauthorized access or actions exceeding authorized access is a violation of Public Law 99-474; 18 U.S.C. 1030 and may result in criminal, civil or administrative penalties. Authorized use of this system is limited to work needed to perform official US Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) business. While using this system, users must comply with USPTO policy as documented in the USPTO AAO 212-4, Information Technology Security. Unauthorized use, or modification or disclosure of the data contained herein or in transit to/from this system constitutes a violation of Public Law 99-474; 18 U.S.C. 1030 and state criminal and civil laws. Users of this system may be monitored in order to ensure its continued operational effectiveness and integrity. Users of this system are reminded that such monitoring does occur and that use of this system constitutes consent to such monitoring. Unauthorized use or actions exceeding authorized use of USPTO systems will be investigated and, when appropriate, official sanctions will be imposed. If criminal activity is discovered, systems information will be provided to the appropriate law enforcement officials for investigation and prosecution. Report access violations or policy infractions to the Service Desk at (571) 272-9000.

\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\*\*\*

I do not agree, sign out

I agree, continue