

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

FY2019 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN & FY2017 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

FISCAL YEARS





THE DEPARTMENT AT A GLANCE

HISTORY AND ENABLING LEGISLATION

The Department of Commerce was originally established by Congressional Act on February 14, 1903 as the Department of Commerce and Labor (32 Stat. 826; 5 U.S.C. 591) and was subsequently renamed the U.S. Department of Commerce by President William H. Taft on March 4, 1913 (15 U.S.C. 1512). The defined role of the new Department was "to foster, promote, and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, and fishery industries of the United States."

MISSION

The Department of Commerce creates the conditions for economic growth and opportunity by promoting innovation, entrepreneurship, competitiveness, and stewardship.

The Department is composed of 11 bureaus and Departmental Management.

- Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)
- Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS)
- Census Bureau
- Economic Development Administration (EDA)
- International Trade Administration (ITA)
- Minority Business Development Agency (MBDA)
- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
- National Technical Information Service (NTIS)
- National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA)
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
- U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)
- Departmental Management (DM)

FY 2018-22 STRATEGIC GOALS

Strategic Goal 1: Accelerate American Leadership Strategic Goal 2: Enhance Job Creation Strategic Goal 3: Strengthen U.S. Economic and National Security Strategic Goal 4: Fulfill Constitutional Requirements and Support Economic Activity Strategic Goal 5: Customer-Centric Service Excellence

LOCATION

The Department is headquartered in Washington, D.C., at the Herbert Clark Hoover Building, which is located on eight acres of land covering three city blocks. The Department also has field offices in all states and territories and maintains offices in more than 86 countries worldwide.

EMPLOYEES

As of September 30, 2017, the Department had approximately 47 thousand employees.

BUDGET AUTHORITY

The Department's FY 2017 net budget authority was approximately \$9.53 billion.

INTERNET

The Department's Internet address is www.commerce.gov.

MISSION AND ORGANIZATION

MISSION

To Create the Conditions for Economic Growth and Opportunity.



THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PROCESS FOR STRATEGIC PLANNING AND PERFORMANCE REPORTING

BACKGROUND ON FEDERAL AGENCY STRATEGIC PLANNING

FY2017 was exceptional in many ways. Mid-fiscal year a new administration moved into the White House and assumed leadership of federal agencies. FY2017 was also the first year that all major federal agencies are developing and issuing new strategic plans on the same schedule. The Government Performance and Results Modernization Act (GPRMA) of 2010 requires cabinet agencies to publish newstrategic plans one year after a new administration begins. The process of developing the plans for FY2018–FY2022 began in the Spring of calendar year 2017. Drafts were provided to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in September 2017. Final agency FY2018–FY2022 Strategic Plans were published in February of 2018.

Commerce's FY2014–FY2018 Strategic Planbroadly guided Departmental activities through FY2017. However, the focus after the inauguration in January was on defining and refining the priorities and policies of thenew administration. Some priorities were articulated during the Presidential campaign; others are being developed as the new team governs. Many leadership positions are filled well into the Administration's first year and these new principals will modify and refine plans as they work with the agencies they lead.

GPRMA also requires agencies to establish Agency Priority Goals (APGs). APGs set two-year targets for initiatives that are significant and would benefit from a well-orchestrated sprint. Most major departments have three to five APGs that are selected by top leadership and approved by OMB, an extension of the White House. More information about the current suite of APGs can be found on <u>www.Performance.gov</u>. The four APGs that Commerce will monitor and execute during FY 2018-FY 2019 are:

Commerce FY 2018-2019 Agency Priority Goals

Prepare to Conduct a Complete and Accurate 2020 Census

The U.S. Census Bureau will prepare to conduct a complete and accurate 2020 Decennial Census U.S. population count by conducting the 2018 End-to-End Census Test and analyzing and incorporating the results, initiating In-Field Address Canvassing by September 30, 2019, and designing for optimal self-response with a nationwide target of 60.5% in 2020.

Mitigate Flood Impacts

By September 30, 2019, NOAA National Weather Service will improve decision support services by demonstrating a new flood inundation mapping capability serving 25 million people (i.e., 8 percent of the U.S. continental population) residing in flood-vulnerable freshwater basins and delivering an enhanced excessive rainfall outlook product that extends the lead time of high risk predictions from two to three days.

Accelerate Patent Processing

By September 30, 2019, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office will reduce patent pendency to less than 15 months for first action pendency and less than 24 months for total pendency from end of fiscal year 2017 results of 16.3 months and 24.2 months, respectively.

Remove Foreign Trade Barriers

ITA will facilitate fair competition in international trade for U.S. firms and workers by improving the number of trade barriers reduced, removed, or prevented by 10 percent annually in fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

The Strategic Plan and APG implementation monitoring process described later in this section continued through the end of calendar year 2016. However, in FY 2017, emphasis and executive attention focused on creating a program/ policy framework for the next four years. With the exception of top priority actions, strategic plan monitoring is more bureau-based until a new plan is adopted. Now that the FY 2018-22 Strategic Plan is published, the Department-level review process will be modified to accommodate the preferences of the Secretary and Deputy Secretary.

ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FY 2014-2018 STRATEGIC PLAN

The FY 2014 – 2018 Department of Commerce Strategic Plan, the plan in effect during FY 2017, was organized by goal areas, strategic objectives, strategies, and performance indicators. This structure is standard for federal agencies and is established in guidance from OMB. The goal areas are major elements of the Department mission, i.e., Trade and Investment, Innovation, Environment, Data, and Operational Excellence. Strategic objectives (three to five per goal area) state specific important outcomes the Department aims to achieve, e.g., "Strengthen fair competition in international trade." Strategies are approaches that will be used to achieve a strategic objective, e.g., "Monitor and ensure compliance with trade agreements." Performance indicators are measures of success, e.g. "Number of trade agreement compliance cases resolved successfully."

ROUTINE MONITORING OF THE STRATEGIC PLAN

The Department's Strategic Plan Review and Implementation (SPRI) meetings have been one forum for monitoring the strategic plan and refining strategies and tactics on an ongoing basis. Monthly SPRI meetings included the administration- appointed bureau leaders, the Deputy Secretary, and principals of the Office of the Secretary. The Secretary attended intermittently. The Deputy Secretary chaired the reviews. At every meeting, a goal area and related objectives and priorities were discussed. Progress, challenges, and risks were identified and benefited from the collective talents and resources of the group. Strategies and tactics were at times revised or enhanced to accelerate progress or reduce risks.

The Strategic Plan was also monitored and advanced through weekly Operating Committee meetings. These meetings included the Secretary, the Deputy Secretary, policy principals, and the bureau leaders responsible for results under discussion. Discussion and reporting followed a prescribed format and follow-up actions were assigned.

Performance indicator data on APGs and Cross-Agency Priority Goals (addressing multi-agency priorities) have been posted to a public website: <u>www.Performance.gov</u>. This is a legal requirement, and will continue into the new administration. Before the data and explanations are published on the site, the tracking information is reviewed by bureau leadership and OMB.

Internal bureau-centric metric review processes vary in approach and schedule but are systematic. Data on mission support initiatives (Human Resources, Acquisition, Financial Management, etc.) are tracked on an online dashboard and reviewed at quarterly meetings with the Chief Financial Officer/Assistant Secretary for Administration (CFO/ASA). The various "CXO" Councils (Human Capital, Information Technology, Acquisition, Finance) also review dashboards of metrics.

CROSS-AGENCY PRIORITY (CAP) GOALS

Per the GPRA Modernization Act requirement to address Cross-Agency Priority (CAP) Goals in the annual performance plan and report, please refer to <u>www.Performance.gov</u> for the Department's contributions to those goals and progress, where applicable.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FY 2018-2022 STRATEGIC GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The FY 2018–2022 Department of Commerce Strategic Plan builds on what the Department achieved and learned in FY 2014–2018. The strategic goals and objectives established in the Department's FY 2018–2022 Strategic Plan are listed below. The complete plan can be viewed online at <u>www.commerce.gov</u>

Strategic Goal 1 – Accelerate American Leadership

Strategic Objective 1.1 – Expand Commercial Space Activities Strategic Objective 1.2 – Advance Innovation Strategic Objective 1.3 – Strengthen Intellectual Property Protection **Strategic Goal 2 – Enhance Job Creation** Strategic Objective 2.1 – Increase Aquaculture Production Strategic Objective 2.2 – Reduce and Streamline Regulations Strategic Objective 2.3 – Strengthen Domestic Commerce and the U.S. Industrial Base Strategic Objective 2.4 – Increase U.S. Exports Strategic Objective 2.5 – Increase Inward Investment Into the United States **Strategic Goal 3 – Strengthen U.S. Economic and National Security**

Strategic Objective 3.1 - Enforce the Nation's Trade Laws and Security Laws

Strategic Objective 3.2 – Enhance the Nation's Cybersecurity

Strategic Objective 3.3 - Reduce Extreme Weather Impacts

Strategic Objective 3.4 - Deploy Public Safety Broadband

Strategic Goal 4 – Fulfill Constitutional Requirements and Support Economic Activity

Strategic Objective 4.1 - Conduct a Complete and Accurate Decennial Census

Strategic Objective 4.2 – Provide Accurate Data to Support Economic Activity

Strategic Goal 5 – Deliver Customer-Centric Service Excellence

Strategic Objective 5.1 – Engage Commerce Employees

Strategic Objective 5.2 – Accelerate Information Technology Modernization

Strategic Objective 5.3 – Consolidate Functions for Cost Savings

FY 2017 PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

OVERVIEW

The performance indicators below are a representative sample of the approximately 200 measures that are tracked at the Departmental level. The indicators presented in this report were selected based on significance, as well as accessibility (easy to understand without a technical background).

1. TRADE AND INVESTMENT

The Agency Priority Goal (APG) in the Trade and Investment goal area has been "Percentage of Global Markets' clients that achieved their export objectives." Global Markets is a business unit of the International Trade Administration (ITA). It assists U.S. businesses (ITA'sclients) to start exporting or increase exports. This measure reflects Global Markets' emphasis on customer service. In FY 2017, the target of 73 percent was exceeded; 78 percent of clients achieved their objectives. The percentage of clients highly likely to recommend Global Markets assistance, 86 percent, compares favorably to the service ratings of well-regarded private sector companies.

In FY 2017, ITA increased emphasis on enforcement of trade agreements and conventions. They far exceeded their target of responding to 298 business petitions regarding unfair practices; they worked with over one thousand businesses. Results on this measure will vary a lot year to year depending on the demand for counseling. "Commercial advocacy wins" are instances where ITA has helped a U.S. business win a contract with a foreign government or used diplomacy to remove a barrier to U.S. exports. There were 459 "wins" in FY 2017.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Percentage of Global Markets clients that achieved their export objectives	67%	73%	73%	78%	73%	78%
Percentage of clients highly likely to recommend Global Markets	78%	83%	84%	86%	82%	86%
Number of clients assisted by Global Markets	18,126	17,593	25,029	26,852	28,000	30,110
Number of antidumping and countervailing duty petition counseling sessions	N/A	N/A	N/A	655	298	1,038
Number of commercial advocacy wins	N/A	343	287	472	330	459

N/A=NotAvailable

2. INNOVATION

The Department supports innovation with cutting-edge research by the scientists at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). NIST also makes its facilities available to researchers from industry. In FY 2017, 442 businesses used NIST equipment to test ways to improve their products. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) provides highly used research and information on broadband use and developments. One way NTIA measures its reach is by counting document downloads. It also provides consulting to communities on how broadband can be leveraged to expand their business base. In FY 2017, NTIA assisted 400 communities.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Number of businesses using NIST research facilities	N/A	514	444	435	325	442
Number of times NTIA research publications are downloaded	N/A	7,707	8,960	8,800	8,000	8,089
Communities that NTIA assisted in gaining economic benefits from broadband	N/A	N/A	337	449	250	400

N/A=Not Available

The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) missed the target for reducing the time for first action on a patent application; this will be addressed by increased use of technology and process improvements. USPTO has continued to reduce the patent backlog and the time required for a final patent determination. USPTO's efforts bimprove cycle-time and patent quality help reduce the time from invention to commercialization of a product.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Patent first action pendency (months)	18.2	18.4	17.3	16.2	14.8	16.3
Patent total action pendency (months)	29.1	27.4	26.6	25.3	24.8	24.2
Patent backlog	584,998	605,646	553,221	537,655	485,300	526,579

3. ENVIRONMENT

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) advances U.S. resilience to extreme weather and works with individual communities toward that end. As shown in the metric below many hometowns are benefiting from increased resilience. NOAA has an admirable record for peer-reviewed research; NOAA research focuses on weather, climate, and the oceans. As indicated in the last measure in the matrix below, they also have an admirable record of success supporting populations of endangered species. The Fish Stock Sustainability Index measures progress in maintaining fishing at levels that will permit future generations to fish.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Percentage of U.S. coastal states and territories demonstrating annual improvement in resilience to weather and climate hazards	57%	54%	60%	74%	66%	69%
Annual number of peer-reviewed publications related to environmental understanding and prediction	1,676	1,759	1,860	1,697	1,700	1,678
Number of protected species designated as threatened, endangered or depleted with stable or increasing population levels	30	37	31	31	30	30
FishStock Sustainability Index	719.0	746.0	761.5	754.0	754.0	756.5

NOAA skill and lead time for predicting weather can and does save lives. The "skill score" is a measure of accuracy and it hit an all-time high for temperature forecasts. Lead time for warnings is very important for extreme weather. Winter storm warning lead time is now 22 hours. NOAA is using "super-computing" to perfect the models and extend warning lead times. Accurate flash flood predictions are also needed for public safety. NOAA is working to improve the models that predict dangerous flooding. Tothis end, it opened the National Water Center in 2014. The National Water Center leverages interagency (U.S. Geological Survey, Army Corps of Engineers) expertise to improve water resource forecasts.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
U.S. temperature forecast skill	26	26	25	24	26	34
Winterstormwarning-Leadtime(hours)	22	22	21	21	20	22
Severe weather warnings for flash floods – Accuracy	78%	78%	79%	80%	76%	78%

4. DATA

Commerce's FY2014–FY2018 Strategic Plan presented data as a national assetthat can increase competitiveness and savelives (e.g., weather data). In FY 2017, the Department continued to make more of its data sets available in API format, i.e., a formatthatfacilitates linking datasets. NOAA and the Census Bureau data support industries that package the information for local and regional consumption.

The Census Bureau is planning a 2020 Decennial Census that will hinge on a centralized, state of the art information technology (IT) architecture. This IT investment will eventually support all of the Census Bureau's survey products. The Census Bureau and the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) continue to meet their deadlines for data releases that are the basis of critical government and business decisions.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Percentage of data processed and delivered to the user community (relative to all data transmitted to NOAA from NOAA-managed satellites)	99.5%	99.7%	99.35%	99.3%	98.5%	99.49%
Percentage of key activities for cyclical census programs completed on time to support effective decision-making by policymakers, businesses, and the public	90%	90%	100%	100%	90%	100%
Percentage of key data products for Census Bureau programs released on time to support effective decision-making of policymakers, businesses, and the public (Economic Indicators)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percentage of key data products for Census Bureau programs released on time to support effective decision-making of policymakers, businesses, and the public (Other Key Products: Econ, Geo, and Demo)	90%	86%	87%	84%	90%	85%
BEA timely releases of economic statistics	62	65	65	74	74	74

5. OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

There are many granular measures in the Operational Excellence goal area that help identify support services that need improvement, e.g., measures of customer satisfaction with individual processes and services, cycle-times, and cost effective new practices. Strategic level measures are often milestones for implementing new approaches to major functions, e.g., organizational development, IT architecture, and acquisition. New approaches reflect government-wide initiatives/reforms in the President's Management Agenda, which states the administration's priorities for improved operations.

As these proceed, the Department monitors employee survey results (see below) to assess if the culture supports excellence. The survey data below is the percent of staff who responded positively on the questions in the index. Both index scores are above the federal averages (69 for engagement; and 58 for results).

One-way environmental responsibility is monitored is by tracking the Department's use of renewable energy. There has been steady improvement for five years. Enterprise acquisition practices are assessed in part through savings. That measure shows notable progress.

Performance Measure	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Target	FY 2017 Actual
Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey – Employee Engagement Index	70	70	68	69	69	71
Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey-Results Oriented Culture Index	61	61	60	60	61	62
Commerce use of renewable energyasapercentageoftotal facility electricity use	4.9%	6.2%	7.7%	10%	7.5%	14.6%
Savings achieved through effective acquisition practices	\$21M	\$18M	\$17M	\$35M	\$18M	\$36M

LOOKING FORWARD

The Department of Commerce is committed to creating the conditions for economic growth and opportunity. Much work has been completed and the Department remains committed to addressing continuing challenges, as well as new and emerging issues, as it strives to achieve the Department's strategic objectives.

Despite many gains and achievements, the Department recognizes areas of major potential impact on the effectiveness and efficiency of its programs and operations. The Department has undertaken and planned extensive actions to address these challenges, and is committed to making further progress.

As a new decade draws closer on the horizon, the Department will continue to work with businesses, universities, communities, and the Nation's workers to promote job creation, economic growth and sustainable development. Departmental leadership is dedicated to making informed decisions when establishing program priorities as the Nation navigates familiar territories, and builds on core achievements; all while facing great uncertainty and emerging challenges. Balancing risk and opportunity in key programs, operations, and strategies will be a key contribution to the overall improved standards of lliving for Americans.

BALANCING RISK AND OPPORTUNITY

Departmental managers and leaders handle complex and risky mission and mission support activities, such as preparing for and responding to natural disasters, and managing safe information technology (IT) systems. While it is not possible to eliminate all uncertainties in these types of projects, there are approaches that can help plan and manage them.

One such methodology used at the Department is Enterprise Risk Management (ERM). Recognized and cited by the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) as a good practice for managing risk, the Department's ERM effort provides ways to better anticipate and manage risk across the organization. Successful ERM programs find ways to develop an organizational culture that allows employees to openly discuss and identify risks, as well as potential opportunities to enhance organizational goals or value. For example, Departmental officials sought to embed a culture of risk-awareness across the Department by defining cascading roles of leadership and responsibility for ERM across the Department and for each of its bureaus. Additionally, the Department leveraged this forum to share bureau best practices; develop a common risk lexicon; and address cross-bureau risks, issues, and concerns regarding ERM practice and implementation. These roles should support the ERM program and promote a risk management culture. They also help promote transparency, oversight, and accountability for successful ERM.

Consideration of the Department's changing priorities and emerging risks is particularly valuable in helping the Department focus its oversight efforts. The Department's ERM Framework is designed to facilitate a risk-based approach to its day-today business. The Department annually utilizes several processes and sources to identify, manage, and mitigate fraud risks. These processes and sources include, but are not limited to, the Agency Risk Profile, GAO High-Risk List, and Mission Critical Programs and Activities List, and Annual Strategic Review.

EMERGING CHALLENGES

The underlying strength of the Department is the ability of its bureaus to work together and share expertise to drive economic growth. This same collaborative effort is leveraged to address the challenging areas that remain a priority for Department leadership. Securing Department systems and information, deploying a Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network, and modernizing the Department's legacy IT systems and improving data quality are examples of areas for improvement that benefit from collaborative solutions. The Department is dedicated to developing processes to facilitate this need, which include conducting Milestone Review Boards (MRBs). The MRB is a Department-level multi-disciplinary meeting that reviews performance indicators and progress against milestones. The board meetings direct further data collection and/or course corrections to keep critical projects on track. A balance of oversight and proactive risk management will be an ongoing process to address these challenge areas.

HUMAN CAPITAL

The Department of Commerce strives to be a model employer by building and maintaining a highly-skilled and diverse workforce. The Department takes pride in ranking 2nd out of 18 large federal agencies in the 2017 Best Places to Work, the most comprehensive and authoritative rating of employee satisfaction and commitment in the federal government produced by the Partnership for Public Service and American University's Institute for the Study of Public Policy Implementation. Internships, leadership development programs, technical training opportunities, telework, and succession plans are used by bureaus as vehicles formaking progress in the recruitment, development, and retention of a highly-skilled and diverse workforce. Acknowledging that people are the key to mission accomplishment, Departmental leadership continues to implement and evaluate programs to ensure that there is succession planning for future work force needs, including building those in the area of financial management.

In FY 2017, the Department hosted approximately 360 Pathway Program interns, recent graduates, and Presidential Managementfellows. Of these, approximately 19 served as accountants, budget analysts, and auditors, including two new hires and 13 who were converted to permanent positions, within finance and accounting offices in the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Census Bureau, International Trade Administration, NIST, NOAA, and the Office of Inspector General. Tomaintain a highly-skilled workforce, the Department's retention and succession strategies include the increased use of telework. In FY 2017, approximately 42 percent of Departmental employees (61 percent of accounting and budgeting employees) engaged in telework. Telework is used by the Department to position itself as an "employer of choice" in attracting qualified employees, facilitating employee work/life balance, increasing employee satisfaction and engagement, and potentially increasing employee productivity.

Also in FY 2017, the Department's Enterprise Services (ES) organization was stood up. ES is transforming the way the Department delivers mission-enabling services by implementing intra-departmental, multi-function enterprise service operations in the areas of Human Resources(HR), Information Technology(IT), Acquisitions, and Financial Management to the Office of the Secretary and the Department's 12 bureaus. In support of transforming the Department's HR program, ES migrated approximately 30 thousand employees to HRConnect, resulting in all Department bureaus being on a single, enterprise HR management system platform. ES also transitioned the first set of HR transactional services—Position Action Request (PAR) processing for two servicing HR offices—to its vendor for completion. Lastly, ES commenced providing Contact Center services related to HRConnect and PAR processing. Moving transactional work to ES allows HR professionals to focus on the high value, strategic services important to client bureaus in meeting their mission.

In addition, ES continued to be successful in delivering several critical services in the area of Acquisitions and IT, yielding enterprise-wide benefits and cost savings for the Department. Efforts will continue in FY 2018, and beyond, to transition additional HR services (e.g., Compensation and Benefits, Recruiting and Hiring, etc.) and functions (e.g., Financial Management) to the ES service delivery model. The focus of ES is on enabling improvements to its customers' experience, performance management, mission focus, and value.

FY 2018 Top Management Challenges

The Commerce Office of the Inspector General (OIG) identified seven management challenges within the Department in the FY 2018 Top Management Challenges report, located online at:: https://www.oig.doc.gov/OIGPublications/2017-09-

29_FY_2018_TMC_final_Secured.pdf. The Department's Enterprise Risk Program and the Mission Critical and Major Program Management Review Board process also help to identify challenges and Risk Profile. These processes, in addition to consideration of OIG findings, recommendations of the Government Accountability Office, past performance, and the insights and expertise of Commerce staff, add to the Department's Management Challenges. The deliberations are multi-level and require involvement and approval by the Department executive councils and review boards. The outcome informs the Department's strategic planning, enterprise risk management focus, and topics for multi-disciplinary program review boards.

The Challenges listed below are based primarily on the OIG findings but were also influenced the other internal assessments. The challenges are addressed by Strategic Objectives and the related strategies. As provided by OMB Circular A-11, Strategic Objectives are the primary unit of analysis for agency and OMB assessment of how the agency is achieving its mission. Strategic Objectives are supported by action plans that reflect the complexity of their subjects. The action plans in the charts below include some high level milestones and links to some additional information. For additional transparency on actions taken to meet the challenge of the 2020 Decennial Census, the Department established an FY2018-2019 Agency Priority Goal (APG) that tracks critical success factors. Quarterly progress on all APGs is publically reported on www.performance.gov

	2018 Management Challenge Identified DOC OIG	Alignment to Department 2018-2022 Strategic Objectives to Address the Challenge	Official Responsible for Resolving the Challenge (Strategic Objective Leader)
1.	Delivering a Timely 2020 Census that Maintains or Improves Data Quality but Costs Less per Household than the 2010 Census	Objective 4.1 - Conduct a Full, Fair, and Accurate Decennial Census	Associate Director for Decennial Census Programs, Census Bureau
2.	Ensuring the Continuity of Environmental Satellite Observations	Objective 3.3 - Reduce Extreme Weather Impacts	Deputy Assistant Administrator, National Weather Service, NOAA
3.	Securing Department Systems and Information	Objective 5.2 – Accelerate Information Technology Modernization	Chief Information Officer, Office of the Secretary
4.	Deploying a Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network	Objective 3.4 - Deploy Public Safety Broadband	Chief Executive Officer, FirstNet
5.	Efficiently and Effectively Enforcing Laws that Promote Fair and Secure Trade	Objective 3.1 – Enforce the Nation's Trade Laws and Security Laws	Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement & Compliance, ITA and Director, Office of Export Enforcement, BIS
6.	Modernizing the Department's Legacy IT Systems and Improving Data Quality	Objective 5.2 – Accelerate Information Technology Modernization	Chief Information Officer, Office of the Secretary
7.	Implementing processes to provide mission support more effectively and efficiently	Objective 5.3 – Consolidate Functions for Cost Savings	Executive Director DOC Enterprise Services, Office of the Secretary

FY 2018 Top Management Challenges – Action Plans

Progress updates on action plans are submitted by Strategic Objective Leads to the Deputy Secretary during the Annual Strategic Review (ASR) process. More frequent progress updates are managed via periodic Strategic Objective Review Meetings, the Enterprise Risk Management process, Milestone Review Boards, and/or Agency Priority Goal meetings, as appropriate. The tables below illustrate key elements of these action plans for each of the seven management challenges.

Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Links to Key Public Updates and References
 Complete the opening of the 2020 Census Regional Census Centers Begin processing and validating 2020 LUCA materials from participants Complete In-Office Address Canvassing for 2020 Census Begin Address Canvassing Operation for 2020 Census Complete development of the 2020 Communication creative and media plans in time for the upfront media buy in May 2019 Ramp up hiring of Partnership Specialists and meet our peak staffing of 1,000 by June, 2019 	 Deliver 2020 Census Questions to Congress Open 2020 Census Regional Census Centers Level of Self Response operations for the 2018 End-to-End Census Test Implement actions based on lessons learned from 2018 End- to-end test. 	https://www.performance.gov/commerce/APG_commerce_3.html

Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Links to Key Public Updates and References
 Complete open recommendations on the Polar Orbiting Satellites Provide information on cost & effects of mitigation options Complete projects in the satellite gap mitigation plan 	 Key milestones completed on time for satellites Percentage of data processed and delivered to operational users from NOAA-managed satellites 	https://www.nesdis.noaa.gov/content/our-satellites

3. Securing Department Systems and Information					
Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Links to Key Public Updates and References			
 Develop a governance structure that will concentrate on foundational decisions, tool standardization, reporting, processes, and support services across all phases. Establish and deploy a maturity model. Standardize cost allocation methods that are accessible and transparent. 	 Intrusion levels Advances against the maturity model 	https://obamaadministration.archives.performance.gov/ content/cybersecurity.html#progress-update			

Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Links to Key Public Updates and References
 FirstNet dedicated security center operating FirstNet core online Issue state Radio Access Network (RAN) task order issued State RAN deployment validated Band 14 device availability and approval Application ecosystem availability and deployed 	 Percentage of public safety adoption targets achieved Percentage of planned coverage achieved 	https://www.firstnet.gov/resources

Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Links to Key Public Updates and References
 Implement unified process across all offices to identify and communicate early warnings of existing and potential trade barriers to staff across the organization, U.S. industry, and other stakeholders. Roll-out unified system to gather and implement best practices and continuously improve approaches to identifying barriers and potential barriers. Develop a systematic approach to receiving regular input/ideas from industry, and country experts on collaborative strategies 	 Number of foreign trade barriers reduced, removed, or prevented Number of trade agreement compliance cases resolved successfully 	https://www.performance.gov/commerce/APG_commerce_4.html

6. Modernizing the Department's Legacy IT Systems and Improving Data Quality								
Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Notes / Links to Key Public Updates and References						
 Deliver DOC IT portfolio scheduled projects Implement DOC cloud email Implement DOC enterprise infrastructure solutions 	 Percentage projects delivered on budget; on time; on requirements 	https://itdashboard.gov/drupal/summary/006 https://www.performance.gov/CAP/CAP_goal_2.html						

Key Actions	Performance Indicators / Milestones	Notes / Links to Key Public Updates and References
 Provide for a flexible standards-based open platform Grants Enterprise Management System (GEMS) Implement the Human Capital Operating Plan (HCOP) on schedule Move mission support functions to Enterprise Services (ES) following the plan approved by the Department Management Council 	 GEMS fully operational capability % of deadlines met in the HCOP Customer satisfaction with ES services 	http://www.osec.doc.gov/oam/grants_management/policy/BigA%20Presentations.htm https://www.commerce.gov/doc/os/enterprise-services

FY 2019 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN / FY 2017 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Departmental Management's objective is to develop and provide policies and procedures for administrative planning, oversight, coordination, direction and guidance to ensure the implementation of the Department's mission. DM is comprised of the following three accounts:

- The Salaries and Expenses appropriation provides funding for the development and implementation of Departmental policies, coordinates the bureaus' program activities to accomplish the Departmental mission, and provides funds for the development and implementation of the Department's internal policies, procedures, and other administrative guidelines;
- The Working Capital Fund provides necessary centralized services to client bureaus; and
- The Herbert C. Hoover Building (HCHB) Renovation and Modernization account provides no-year funding for the Department's expenses associated with the renovation and modernization of HCHB.

Performance Indicator Information

Summary of Indicator Performance



In FY 2017, DM reported results on 21 of 22 performance indicators. Of those indicators, DM exceeded six targets (28%), met ten targets (48%) and did not meet five targets (24%). Of the 21 indicators, two (10%) had a positive trend, nine (43%) had a stable trend, none had a negative trend, nine (43%) had a varying trend, and one (4%) did not have enough data to determine a trend.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Contributing offices are as follows:

- OFM: Office of Financial Management
- OAM: Office of Acquisition Management
- OCIO: Office of the Chief Information Officer
- OHRM: office of Human Resources Management

Note: In the following section, five years of past data (FY 2012 – FY 2017) appear for each indicator unless the indicator began in a later year (e.g., FY 2014). In those cases, only the years for which data are reported appear.

Indicator Name / Contributing Office	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Score on the Employee Engagement Index of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (OFM)	69%	71%	Exceeded	Varying
Score on the New Inclusion Quotient (New IQ) of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (OFM)	64%	66%	Exceeded	Varying
Percentage of high-volume processes with customer feedback elements (OAM)	100%	100%	Met	Not enough data
Score on the Results-Oriented Performance Culture Index of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (FEVS) (OFM)	61%	62%	Exceeded	Varying
Provide accurate and timely financial information and conform to federal standards, laws, and regulations governing accounting and financial management (OFM)	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2017 A-123 assessment of internal controls	The significant deficiency (FISCAM) from FY 2016 remains and a material weakness was identified. Completed FY 2017 A-123 assessment of Internal Controls	Not Met	Stable
Unmodified audit opinion (OFM)	Unmodified	Unmodified	Met	Stable
For each administrative / business system, maintain compliance and alignment with OMB initiatives (OFM)	Compliance	Maintained compliance	Met	Stable
Dollars awarded using high-risk contracting authorities (OAM)	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	\$222M	Met	Positive
Savings achieved through more effective acquisition practices (millions) (OAM)	\$18	\$36	Exceeded	Varying
Cybersecurity Cross Agency Priority (CAP) Goal average for the Department (OCIO)	95%	TBD	TBD	TBD
Percentage of internal customers satisfied with core mission support processes (OCIO)	75%	Discontinued	Not applicable	Not applicable

Continuous Monitoring (OCIO)	Continuous Monitoring – ongoing near real-time awareness and assessment of information security risks to support risk management decisions (95%)	The Enterprise Security Operations Center implemented a Departmental Incident Management System to report, track, and manage all Commerce cyber incidents. Hardware Asset Management: 83%; Software Asset Management: 81%; Vulnerability Management: 92%; Configuration Management: 96%;	Met	Stable
Cost / Schedule Overruns (OCIO)	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	On average, for its major IT investments, the Department was within a 20% positive variance (under budget) and was within a 30% schedule variance.	Not Met	Stable
Strong Authentication (OCIO)	Strong Authentication - ensure only authorized privileged and unprivileged users have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (100% privileged users and 85% unprivileged users)	Privileged users: 97% Unprivileged users: 89%	Met	Stable
Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation (OCIO)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – ensures external network traffic passing through a TIC or Managed Trusted Internet Protocol Services (MTIPS) provider. (100%)	TIC Consolidation is at 100% via MTIPs and TICAP for all bureaus.	Met	Stable
Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities (OCIO)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	NOAA's TIC 2.0 compliance at 98% (59/60) based on the DHS FY17 TIC Capability Validation (TCV) report critical controls	Met	Stable
Security Compliance Reviews (OCIO)	Perform IT Security Compliance Reviews of all OUs and 20 assessments	Conducted 27 analyses, reviews, and assessments, including an RMF Continuous Monitoring Check of all 270 Department of Commerce FISMA- reportable systems.	Met	Stable
Mission-Critical Occupation Staffing (MCO) Staffing (Average deviation of populations from targets) (OHRM)	5%	9%	Exceeded	Varying
Permanent Attrition (rate of permanent employees that intentionally separated, without agency incentive or action) (OHRM)	7%	7%	Met	Varying

Hiring Timeline (Average number of calendar days to complete hiring actions) (OHRM)	65	89	Not Met	Varying
Disability Hires (Percentage of new hires that have a disability) (OHRM)	13%	21.9%	Exceeded	Positive
Veteran Hires (Percentage of new hires that are veterans) (OHRM)	26%	10.2%	Not Met	Varying
Candidate Quality (Percentage of managers saying referred applicants had skills to perform the job) (OHRM)	70%	54%	Not Met	Varying

DETAILED INDICATOR PLANS AND PERFORMANCE

Current / Recurring Indicators

Indicator	Score on the	Score on the Employee Engagement Index of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey										
Category	Key											
Туре	Customer Se	ervice										
Description	The Employe	e Engagement	Index consists of	f 15 FEVS questi	ons, concentratir	ng on factors that	lead to an engage	jed workforce				
Description	(e.g., support	(e.g., supporting employee development, communicating agency goals).										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target				67%	67%	69%	71%	71%				
Actual	70%	70%	70%	68%	69%	71%						
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
Trend	Varying											
Actions to be taken	None	None										
Adjustments	The FY 2017	and FY 2018 ta	rgets are based	on the FY 2016	FEVS Employee	Engagement ind	ex results.					

Indicator	Score on the	Score on the New Inclusion Quotient (New IQ) of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey									
Category	Key										
Туре	Customer S	Service									
Description	The New IC building blo	The New Inclusion Quotient (New IQ) consists of 20 FEVS questions with the highest correlation to inclusive environments. The New IQ is built on the concept that individual behaviors, repeated over time, form the habits that create the essential building blocks of an inclusive environment. The New IQ has four questions in common with the Employee Engagement Index, and workplace inclusion is a contributing factor to organizational performance.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target				66%	64%	64%	66%	66%			
Actual	65%	64%	64%	63%	63%	66%					
Status				Met	Met	Exceeded					

Trend	Varying									
Actions to be taken	None	None								
Adjustments	The FY 201	8 and FY 2019	9 targets are bas	sed on the FY 201	7 FEVS New IQ	index results				

Indicator	Percentage of high-volume proc	esses with customer feed	back elements					
Category	Key							
Туре	Process							
Description	Complete and effective customer feedback loops will be identified for the Department's 20 highest volume externally facing processes. Process owners must demonstrate how customer feedback is used to inform operational improvements and decisions before the loop will be counted as complete.							
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	100%	100%	100%	100%				
Actual	100%	100%						
Status	Met							
Trend	Not enough data							
Actions to be taken	None							
Adjustments	None							
Notes	The Federal Digital Strategy Tean weather information and the 2020 customers. The approaches for a was expanded in FY 2016 to inclu-	Census). All four get feedba Il four will have been upgrade	ack from advisory groups and two ed in FY 2016/2017. In addition, t	get on-going feedback from				

Indicator	Score on the Results-Oriented Performance Culture Index of the Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (FEVS)										
Category	Key										
Туре	Customer Serv	/ice									
Description	This index is made up of 13 FEVS questions, which taken together indicate the extent to which employees believe their organizational culture promotes improvement in processes, products and services, and organizational outcomes.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target				61%	61%	61%	62%	62%			
Actual	61%	61%	61%	60%	60%	62%					
Status				Met	Met	Exceeded					
Trend	Varying				•		·				
Actions to be taken	None										
Adjustments	The FY 2018 a	and FY 2019 targ	jets are based or	n the FY 2017 FE	EVS Results-Ori	ented Performand	ce Culture index	results.			

Indicator	Cybersecurity Cross	Agency Priority (CAP) G	oal average for the Depa	artment					
Category	Key								
Туре	Intermediate Outcome								
Description	The Cybersecurity CAP Goal uses the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) of 2002 performance metrics to measure agency progress in implementing the Administration's priority cybersecurity capabilities. The index will average the following scores: percentage of hardware assets covered by Information Security Continuous Monitoring (ISCM); percentage of external network traffic consolidated through a Trusted Internet Connection (TIC); percentage of TIC Reference Architecture v2.0 critical capabilities implemented; and percentage use of Personal Identity Verification (PIV) cards for local access.								
	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	83%	80%	95%	95%	TBD				
Actual	84% ¹	85% ¹	TBD						
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	TBD						
Trend	Not enough data								

Indicator		rate and timely f		ation and confo	orm to federal st	andards, laws, a	and regulations	governing		
maleator	accounting a	nd financial man	nagement							
Category	Supporting (No	on-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Intermediate C	Intermediate Outcome								
Description	Deficiencies, for remain unaddr will assess wh	This indicator ensures that the Department of Commerce is accountable to the American people, and that no Significant Deficiencies, formerly known as "Reportable Conditions," (i.e. deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls) remain unaddressed. To determine if financial information is being provided in a timely and accurate manner, the Department will assess whether those individuals who can best use the information are receiving it within timeframes that render it relevant and useful in their day-to-day decisions								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	Eliminate any significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2012 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2013 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2014 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2015 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2016 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2017 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2018 A-123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminate any repeat significant deficiency within 1 year of determination Complete FY 2019 A-123 assessment of internal controls		
Actual	FY 2012 Audit identified one material weakness and one significant deficiency Completed FY 2012 A- 123 assessment of internal controls	Eliminated the material weakness but two significant deficiencies remain Completed A-123 assessments	Eliminated one repeat significant deficiency out of two, added one significant deficiency. Completed FY 2014 A-123 assessment of Internal Controls.	Eliminated one repeat significant deficiency out of two, added a new significant deficiency. Completed FY 2015 A-123 assessment of Internal Controls.	Eliminated two significant deficiencies; one significant deficiency (FISCAM) remains Completed FY 2016 A-123 assessment of Internal Controls	The significant deficiency (FISCAM) from FY 2016 remains and a material weakness was identified. Completed FY 2017 A-123 assessment of Internal Controls				
Status	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met				

Trend	Maintain standard, Stable trend
Evaluation for	One repeat significant deficiency remains and one new material weakness was identified. The repeat finding is related to IT
Explanation for not met	controls tested under Financial Information System Controls Audit Manual (FISCAM). This has been a repeat finding for the
notmet	Department since FY 2012. The material weakness is related to the improper recording of internal use software.
Actions to be	The Department will develop corrective actions and continue to monitor the implementation progress to ensure that they stay
taken	on track.

Indicator	Unmodified aud	t opinion							
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Efficiency								
Description	This indicator reflects the result of the Financial Statement Audit. The goal is to receive an "unmodified" audit opinion. There are several types of audit opinions: (1) unmodified, in which the Auditor concludes that the Financial Statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework used for the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements; (2) modified, in which Auditor encounters a situation that does not comply with generally accepted accounting principles, however the rest of the financial statements are fairly presented; and (3) disclaimer, which is issued when the Auditor cannot form, and consequently refuses to present, an opinion on the financial statements.								
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified		
Actual	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified	Unmodified				
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met				
Trend	Maintain Standar	d, Stable trend.		•	·	·			
Actions to be taken	to conduct interna		ents to help identify			ey stay on track. It v he audit opinion ea			

Indicator	For each administrative / business system, maintain compliance and alignment with OMB initiatives									
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Process									
Description	principles reflecte deliverables; focu	This indicator reflects the requirement to maintain compliance and alignment with OMB initiatives, including the guiding principles reflected in the OMB system modernization requirements (split projects into smaller, simpler segments with clear deliverables; focus on most critical needs first; and provide ongoing, transparent project oversight) data center consolidation requirements, and cloud computing requirements (Infrastructure as a Service; Software as a Service).								
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance			
Actual	Maintained compliance	Maintained compliance	Maintained compliance	Maintained compliance	Maintained compliance					
Status		Met	Met	Met	Met					
Trend	Maintain standard	d; Stable trend.			•	•	•			
Actions to be taken	The BAS project	Maintain standard; Stable trend. The BAS project intends to follow the shared services process as stated in OMB Memorandum M-13-08								

Indicator	Dollars awarded	using high-risk co	ontracting authori	ties					
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Intermediate Outcome								
Description	High-risk contracting authorities such as noncompetitive contracting, cost-reimbursement contracts, and time-and mater labor-hour contracts pose special risks of overspending. While these contract authorities are important tools when used appropriately, GAO and OIG oversight reviews indicate that they are often used without an appropriate basis or sufficien management and oversight to limit taxpayer risk. This element will measure the Department's progress in managing risk through reducing the use of high-risk contracting authorities.						en used sufficient		
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities	Maintain 10 percent reduction in share of dollars obligated under new contract actions using high risk contracting authorities		
Actual	\$228M	\$279M	\$367M	\$324M	\$222M				
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met				
Trend	Positive								
Indicator	Savings achieve	d through more e	ffective acquisitio	n practices (millio	ons)				
Category	Supporting (Non-	Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Outcome	_ /							
			0		improve the ability eve savings throug				

	services that are on time and within budget. There are many ways to achieve savings through more enective acquisition
Description	practices, including: ending contracts that do not meet program needs; negotiating more favorably priced contracts; developing
	more strategic acquisition approaches; and reengineering ineffective business processes. This element will measure the
	Department's progress in reducing spending through more effective acquisition practices.

		5 5							
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	\$18	\$18	\$18	\$18	\$18	\$16.9	\$31		
Actual	\$29	\$18.1	\$17	\$25	\$36				
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Maintain Standar	aintain Standard, Varying Trend							

Indicators – (OCIO)	 A. Cost / Schedule Overruns B. Continuous Monitoring C. Strong Authentication D. Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation E. Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities F. Security Compliance Reviews
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)
Туре	Outcome

	VALUE: The Department's significant annual investment in information technology (IT) solutions and assets requires careful management and monitoring. Through the use of Earned Value Management and Operational Analysis systems in the development and/or operational phases are monitored to ensure the required functionality is delivered on schedule and at the cost projected. Program offices regularly report on the progress and status of their efforts against the cost, schedule, and performance goals. DOC has changed the wording of this measure from "Improve the management of information technology," to better reflect an objective measure as opposed to a goal.
Description	In addition to the above, and beginning in FY 2015, the Department embarked upon updating its IT infrastructure and initiating an IT Shared Services Initiative aimed at consolidating commodity services across bureaus to gain economies of scale, improve service delivery, and improve customer satisfaction. As part of this effort, six IT shared services were identified and prioritized for deployment in the FY2016-FY2017 timeframe. As these IT shared services are deployed, OCIO will focus on the delivery and measurement of achieved functionality and improvements in customer satisfaction and value delivered to our customers and stakeholders.
	CYBER: The successful implementation of each program critical to the Department's missions depends on the adequacy and security of the Department's information technology systems. If systems security were to be compromised, the effective accomplishment of the Department's mission would be in jeopardy. The Department follows the NIST Risk Management Framework (RMF) process to ensure that information and systems are adequately protected throughout their lifecycle. This includes a rigorous assessment of security controls to provide the necessary assurance that an information system can securely process, store, or transmit information. The assessment encompasses all management, operational, and technical controls that protect a system. By following the RMF process, the Department continuously monitors the status of its systems and the adequacy of the controls.
	In FY 2017, the Department of Commerce (DOC) worked aggressively to enhance its IT security posture and improve its performance in the Cyber Security Cross Agency Priority (CyberCAP) areas as well as other FISMA areas. An enterprise view of the real-time security posture of DOC's systems is being enabled through the Enterprise Cybersecurity Monitoring and Operations (ECMO) program and Enterprise Security Operations Center (ESOC). Additional monitoring tools are currently being deployed and integrated in FY 2017 and FY 2018 as a result of DOC's participation in the DHS's Continuous Diagnostics and Mitigation (CDM) program. DOC met six Anti-Phishing and Malware Defense (APMD) metrics by deploying new network protection tools as well as making a phishing exercise tool available at the enterprise level. DOC will continue to improve its APMD performance through enhanced training exercises and use of additional tools and supporting processes for anti –virus protection, intrusion prevention systems, scanning mobile devices, and the implementation of an enterprise Dynamic Execution Environment (DEE). DOC made progress in Strong Authentication / PIV use through stricter enforcement of technical requirements to use PIV for logical access. A PIV-interoperability solution has been identified to aid in providing PIV badges to DOC populations that were previously unable to receive them. Additional improvements will be realized through DOC's ongoing efforts to cultivate a culture of analytics and IT security awareness.

A. Cost / Sche	dule Overruns								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	All investments within 10% of cost and schedule.	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	IT investments have cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	
Actual	IT investments had cost/ schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	75% of major IT investments had cost/schedule overruns and performance shortfalls averaging less than 10%	On average, for its major IT investments in the development stage, the Department achieved its cost target of being within 10% variance (under budget) and was within a 25% schedule variance.	On average, for its major IT investments, the Department was within a 20% positive variance (under budget) and was within a 30% schedule variance.	On average, for its major IT investments, the Department was within a 20% positive variance (under budget) and was within a 30% schedule variance.	On average, for its major IT investments, the Department was within a 20% positive variance (under budget) and was within a 30% schedule variance.			
Status	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met			
Trend	Maintain Standard	d, Stable trend.							
Explanation for not met	budget that bring when a managem (primarily infrastru	There are six investments / projects – primarily IT infrastructure projects – that are chronically behind schedule and over budget that bring the overall average variance of the Department's major investments down. The variance typically occurs when a management decision is made to add new projects and change the priority and resources left available for current (primarily infrastructure projects.							
Actions to be taken	Major Investment Commerce IT Re- wide policy laying	view Board Rev	views. In addition,	we will evaluate		•			

B. Continuous	Monitoring					
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
	Continuous Monitoring –					
	ongoing near real-time					
	awareness and					
Target	assessment of information					
0	security risks to support					
	risk management					
	decisions (95%)					

Adjustments Information Gaps	 Phase 2 (PRIV MGMT) contractor, KCG-ManTech, is conducting design meeting with DOC bureaus with deployments scheduled to begin in Nov. 2017. Dependent on CDM deployment schedule, as resources are limited. None 						
	•	•		g Phase 1 (CRED MG g design meeting with			
Actions to be taken	Vulnerability and Sec	cure configuration mai	nagement tools and so	2 for hardware and sof ervices was awarded o	on 9/21/15. Currently	y the awardee,	
Trend	Stable trend.						
Status	Met	Met	Not Met	Met			
Actual	Enterprise Security Operations Center achieved functional initial operating capability on 9/25/2014. Current deployment of enterprise monitoring capability at 113% of projected deployment.	The Enterprise Security Operations Center is operating 24X7 and is ingesting data feeds from NOAA, DOC HQ, NTIA and BEA. The Enterprise Cybersecurity Monitoring & Operations (ECMO) deploys continuous Monitoring Agents on 100% of targeted assets for FY16. Hardware Asset Management - 76%; Software Asset Management:84%; Vulnerability Management:74%; Configuration Management:91%	The Enterprise Security Operations Center reached complete operational capability in August 2016 and is now ingesting data feeds from all Commerce bureaus Hardware Asset Management: 71%; Software Asset Management: 77%; Vulnerability Management: 91%; Configuration Management: 99%; Overall:79% (based on average of all individual ISCM metrics)	The Enterprise Security Operations Center implemented a Departmental Incident Management System to report, track, and manage all Commerce cyber incidents. Hardware Asset Management:83%; Software Asset Management: 81%; Vulnerability Management: 92%; Configuration Management: 96%;			

C. Strong Aut	hentication											
~	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	Increase security training completion rate to 80% for privileged users (role-based)	Percentage of systems in production with valid Accreditation and Authorization (A&A) is 100%	Strong Authentication - ensure only authorized employees have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (75%)	Strong Authentication- ensure only authorized employees have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (75%)	Strong Authentication – ensure only authorized privileged and unprivileged users have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (100% privileged users and 85% unprivileged users)	Strong Authentication - ensure only authorized privileged and unprivileged users have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (100% privileged users and 85% unprivileged users)	Strong Authentication - ensure only authorized privileged and unprivileged users have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (100% privileged users and 85% unprivileged users)	Strong Authentication - ensure only authorized privileged and unprivileged users have access to federal information systems following the HSPD-12 Personal Identity Verification standard (100% privileged users and 85% unprivileged users)				
Actual	Trained Authorizing Officials and System Owners throughout the Department with quarterly workshops. Achieved greater than 85% of required security training for privileged users (role-based).	99% of systems in production with valid Accreditation and Authorization	Strong Authentication aggregated totals for non-privileged and privileged access is 72% as of 9/29/2014 which represents a 100% increase from FY2013.	Privileged users:86% Unprivileged users:81%	Privileged users: 90% Unprivileged users: 86%	Privileged users: 97% Unprivileged users: 89%						
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Exceeded	Met (Unprivileged: Exceeded, Privileged: Not met)						
Trend	Maintain standard,	Maintain standard, stable trend.										
Adjustments	Targets mandated	by OMB										

D. Trusted li	nternet Connection C	Consolidation				
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – consolidate external Internet traffic and ensure a set of common security capabilities (95%)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – consolidate external Internet traffic and ensure a set of common security capabilities (95%)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – ensures external network traffic passing through a TIC or Managed Trusted Internet Protocol Services (MTIPS) provider. (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – ensures external network traffic passing through a TIC or Managed Trusted Internet Protocol Services (MTIPS) provider. (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – ensures external network traffic passing through a TIC or Managed Trusted Internet Protocol Services (MTIPS) provider. (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Consolidation – ensures external network traffic passing through a TIC or Managed Trusted Internet Protocol Services (MTIPS) provider. (100%)
Actual	TIC Consolidation 100% via MTIPS for all OUs except NOAA who is in process of establishing TICAP services	TIC Consolidation is at 98% via MTIPS and TICAP.	TIC Consolidation is at 100% via MTIPs and TICAP for all bureaus.	TIC Consolidation is at 100% via MTIPs and TICAP for all bureaus.		
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met		
Trend	Stable trend.					

E. Trusted I	nternet Connection	Capabilities				
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)	Trusted Internet Connection Capabilities – ensure NOAA TIC service meets TIC 2.0 requirements (100%)
Actual	NOAA TIC 2.0 compliance at 87.5%, planned date to reach 100% is 9/30/2015.	NOAA's TIC 2.0 compliance at 83% (43/52) based on critical controls and planned to be 98% in Q2FY16	NOAA's TIC 2.0 compliance at 85% (44/52) based on the DHS FY16 TIC Capability Validation (TCV) report critical controls	NOAA's TIC 2.0 compliance at 98% (59/60) based on the DHS FY17 TIC Capability Validation (TCV) report critical controls		
Status	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Met		
Trend	Stable					

F. Security Compliance Reviews												
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
		Perform IT	Perform IT	Perform IT	Perform IT	Perform IT	Perform IT	Perform IT				
		Security	Security	Security	Security	Security	Security	Security				
Torget	Perform IT Security	compliance	compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance				
Target	Compliance reviews	review of all OUs	review of all OUs	Reviews of all								
		and 30	and 22	OUs and 20								
		assessments	assessments	assessments	assessments	assessments	assessments	assessments				

Actual	Completed 29 security assessments. Conducted IT security compliance checks of all Department operating units and in-depth internal control review meetings with five selected operating units as part of the Department's IT internal control review program	Security compliance review of all OUs and 34 assessments	Completed Security compliance reviews of all OUs and 22 assessments	Completed Security Compliance Reviews of all OUs and 15 assessments	Conducted 87 analyses, reviews, and assessments and compliance checks for participating bureaus.	Conducted 27 analyses, reviews, and assessments, including an RMF Continuous Monitoring Check of all 270 Department of Commerce FISMA-reportable systems.			
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met			
Trend	Maintain standard, stabl	e trend.	•						
Notes	The parameters constituting an "assessment" changed between FY 2016 & 2017, hence the significant variance in actual performance vs the FY 2016 target. For 2017 & 2018, parameters will revert back to 2015 method.								

Indicators (OHRM)	 A. Mission-Critical Occupation Staffing B. Permanent Attrition C. Hiring Timeline D. Candidate Quality E. Disability Hires F. Veteran Hires
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)
Туре	Outcome
Description	These indicators represent a combination of measures focusing on strategic recruitment and retention, and the Department's efforts to achieve and maintain an inclusive, engaged, and productive workforce. These indicators permit a comprehensive assessment of the Department's efforts to strategically manage its human capital. Such an assessment is critical to ensure that the workforce contains the necessary skill sets to carry out the Department's mission.

A. Mission-Cri	tical Occupation (MCC) Staffing (Average c	leviation of population	ons from targets)		
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Actual	5%	10%	8%	9%		
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met		
Trend	Varying					
Actions to be taken	None					
Adjustments	None					
Notes	average deviation of	ition from a given targe 10% (or 90% to 110% e deviation of 10% is c	of what would be the	100% target) is consid		

B. Permane	ent Attrition (rate of pe	rmanent employe	es that intentional	lly separated, with	out agency incen	tive or action)					
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	11%	11%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%				
Actual	6%	7%	7%	7%	7%						
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met						
Trend	Stable										
Notes	excluding nature deliberate desire	Stable Indicator began in FY 2013. During FY 2015, the measure parameters were refined to better align with employee engagement by excluding nature of action codes, such as death and separations initiated by agency action, that do not reflect an employee's deliberate desire and intention to leave the agency. Based on the analysis of Commerce-wide and Government data, the target was revised in FY 2015.									

C. Hiring Timel	C. Hiring Timeline (Average number of calendar days to complete hiring actions)											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	80	80	65	65	65	65	65	65				
Actual	84	103	91	88	101	89						
Status	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met						
Trend	Varying											
Explanation for not met	The 24 days beyond the target can be mostly attributed to issuing the tentative offer and acceptance (6 days longer than OPM standard); issuing the official job offer (5 days longer); the time the job announcement remained open (3 days longer), the manager's review and interview of applicants (3 days longer); and security processing (3 days longer). Additionally, the mandated hiring freeze that went into effect January 2017 contributed to some delays in the hiring process.											

D. Candidate Q	D. Candidate Quality (Percentage of managers saying referred applicants had skills to perform the job)											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target			70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%				
Actual	61%	62%	63%	64%	62%	54%						
Status			Met	Met	Not Met	Not Met						
Trend	Varying											
Explanation for not met	"Applicants Less than 5	Varying Image: Imag										

E. Disability I	E. Disability Hires (Percentage of new hires that have a disability)											
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target		9.0%	10.0%	12.5%	13.0%	13.5%	14.0%					
Actual	12.3%	7.3%	12.3%	15.1%	21.9%							
Status		Not Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded							
Trend	Positive											
Notes	The FY 2018 targ	et has been establ	ished as 13.5% bas	sed on incremental	increases of .5% b	etween FY 2016 to	FY 2019.					

F. Veteran Hire	es (Percentage of r	new hires that are	veterans)				
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target		16.4%	20.2%	27.5%	25.9	23.2%	TBD
Actual	13.4%	12.5%	13.7%	13.9%	10.2%		
Status		Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met		
Trend	Varying						
Explanation for	The FY 2017 hiri	ng freeze, coupled	with limited resource	es to actively mark	et and recruit vetera	ans were significan	t factors in the
not met	decrease of veter	rans hiring from FY2	2016 to FY2017.				
Adjustments	80,000, as establ	ished by the Presid	sed upon the previo ent's Council on Ve) target will not be e	teran Employment	. Since averages a		

Non-Recurring Indicators

Indicator	Percentage of internal custom	ers satisfied with core mission	n support processes								
Category	Key										
Туре	Customer Service										
Description	iption Customer satisfaction will be monitored for core mission support services in the Department's Human Resources, IT, Acquisitions, and Financial Management portfolios. Data will be gathered continuously through transactional feedback as v as periodic, targeted pulse surveys. This measure is expected to come online in FY 2016.										
	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019							
Target	70%	75%	80%	80%							
Actual	73%	Discontinued									
Status	Exceeded										
Trend	Not enough data										
Actions to be	Per the new Strategic Plan, this	Per the new Strategic Plan, this indicator was discontinued as a GPRA measure in FY 2017. Results are still being tracked									
taken	internally.										

Resource Requirements Table

	FY 2012 Actual	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Actual	FY 2017 Actual	FY 2018 CR Annualized	FY 2019 Base	Increase / Decrease	FY 2019 Request
Total Budget Authority	56.2	51.1	55.5	56.0	57.7	58.0	57.6	58.8	+0.2	59.0
Total Positions	195	196	193	193	199	200	220	220	-20	200
Positions do not inc	lude staff funde	ed by the Wo	l orking Capita	al fund.						

NOTE: The following performance goals for implementing the Administration's **Regulatory Reform Agenda** are included here per <u>Memorandum-17-23</u>, "Guidance on Regulatory Reform Accountability under Executive Order 13777, titled "Enforcing the Regulatory Reform Agenda."

Indicator	Publ	ic Input f	for Executive C	Order 13771								
Category	Supp	orting (N	on-Strategic Pla	an)								
Туре	Proc	ess										
Description	Numl reviev	ber of evaluations to identify potential E.O. 13771 deregulatory actions that include opportunity for public input and/or peer w.										
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target							N/A	40	40			
Actual												
Status												
Trend	New	indicator	- not enough d	ata.								
Explanation (if r in 2017)	not met	NOT A	PPLICABLE									
Adjustments to	targets	NOT A	PPLICABLE SI	NCE IT IS A NEV	WINDICATOR							
Adjustments to targets NOT APPLICABLE SINCE IT IS A NEW INDICATOR The Department is committed to engaging with its stakeholders and is sensitive to their input in all areas of the Department mission. The three bureaus of the Department that primarily issue regulations are NOAA, BIS and PTO. All three of the engage with their stakeholders and seek their input for deregulatory actions. For example, NOAA manages fisheries b through 8 regional fishing councils that have representatives from industry, local fishing communities and non-governm – each Council meets 4-5 times a year, with a number of other smaller Council subcommittees meeting. NOAA also constakeholder Take Reduction Teams to help develop regulations which minimize fisheries impacts on protected species number of public hearings on proposed regulations of interest, and also attends various stakeholder forums (e.g. Seafer Expos). PTO has two public advisory committees – the Patent Public Advisory Committee (PPAC) and Trademark Public Committee (TPAC) – comprised of members of USPTO's stakeholder community. PPAC and TPAC both hold public or projorid regulatory reform work and seeks stakeholder input on regulatory reform issues. BIS also has a number of Technical Committees, two of which – the Regulations and Procedures Technical Advisory Committee (RPTAC) and the Transport Related Equipment Technical Advisory Committee (TransTAC) – discuss development and status of amendments to the Administration Regulations at each of their quarterly meetings.							hese routinely by working mental groups convenes multi- s, holds a food ublic Advisory quarterly with des updates on I Advisory ortation and					
Reason for New Indicator	I	As per	OMB M-17-23									

Indicator	E.O .	13777/E	O 13771 Recor	nmendations								
Category	Supp	orting (N	Ion-Strategic Pla	an)								
Туре	Proce	ess	SS									
Description		ber of EO 13771 deregulatory actions recommended by the Regulatory Task Force to the agency head, consistent with cable law										
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	7	25	13			
Actual							7					
Status							Met					
Trend	New	indicato	or – not enougl	n data.			l	l				
Explanation (if no in 2017)	ot met	NOT A	PPLICABLE									
Actions to be take Future Plans	en /					m will continue to n ent could undertake		consider and evalu	ate potential			
Adjustments to ta	argets	NOT A	PPLICABLE SI	NCE IT IS A NEV	W INDICATOR							
Notes This goal and the goal for the next indicator are likely to be the same because DOC's Regulatory Reform Task Force we with the various program offices and bureaus to ensure that the recommended deregulatory actions can be implemented realistic time period. The Task Force was only established a few months after EO 13771 was issued. The Task Force recommended be taken that are deregulatory.							ted in a					
Reason for New Indicator		As per <u>OMB M-17-23</u>										

Indicator	E.O.	13771/1	3777 Deregula	tory Actions tak	ken							
Category	Supp	orting (N	Ion-Strategic Pl	an)								
Туре	Outo	come or (ne or Output									
Description	Num	ber of EC	er of EO 13771 deregulatory actions issued that address recommendations by the Regulatory Task Force									
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	1	n/a	N/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	7	25	13			
Actual							7					
Status							Met					
Trend	New	indicato	ndicator – not enough data.									
Explanation (if n in 2017)	ot met	NOT A	PPLICABLE									
NotesThis goal and the goal for the prior indicator are likely to be the same because DOC's with the various program offices and bureaus to ensure that the recommended derego realistic time period. Over the past year, the recommendations of the task force for the bureaus.					deregulatory action	is can be implemer	nted in a					
Reason for New Indicator	or New As per OMB M-17-23											
Actions to be tak	ken /	The Exe	ecutive Order 137	71 Task Force for	Regulatory Refor	m will continue to r	neet periodically to	consider and eval	uate potential			
Future Plans		deregul	atory actions the	various bureaus w	vithin the Departme	ent could undertake	э.					

Indicator	E.O.	13771 re	egulatory and o	deregulatory act	tions taken								
Category	Supp	orting (N	Ion-Strategic Pla	an)									
Туре	Outc	ome or C	me or Output										
Description	Num	umber of E.O. 13771 regulatory actions and, separately, E.O. 13771 deregulatory actions issued.											
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a/	n/a	7 deregulatory & 0 regulatory	25 deregulatory & 3 regulatory	13 deregulatory & 3 regulatory				
Actual							7 deregulatory & 0 regulatory						
Status							Met						
Trend	New	indicator	– not enough o	lata.					L				
Actions to be ta Future Plans	aken /			71 Task Force for various bureaus w	• •			consider and evalu	uate potential				
Notes This goal and the goal for the two prior indicators are likely to be the same becaus closely with the various program offices and bureaus to ensure that the recommer realistic time period.													
Reason for New As per OMB M-17-23													

Indicator	Total increm	ental costs/sav	ings of E.O. 13	771 actions								
Category	Supporting (N	Ion-Strategic Pla	an)									
Туре	Outcome or (Output										
Description		otal incremental cost of all EO 13771 regulatory actions and EO 13771 deregulatory actions (including cost or cost savings arried over from previous fiscal years).										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	-\$1.2 million	-\$750,000	0				
Actual												
Status												
Trend	New in	dicator – not en	ough data.									
Actions to be ta Future Plans		and is still evalu		0 ,		rstand how this nur 017 that could be c						
Actions to be ta Future Plans	years,	/ DOC's Office of General Counsel is working closely with OIRA to understand how this number is calculated for future years, and is still evaluating what cost savings there may be from FY 2017 that could be carried over to FY 2018 for this indicator.										
Notes	The De	partment is follow	wing the requirem	nents of E.O. 137	71 and associate	d guidance to make	e these calculation	IS.				
Reason for Nev Indicator	w As per	OMB M-17-23	· · · · · ·									

FY 2019 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN / FY 2017 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

Bureau of Economic Analysis

Performance Indicator Information

Summary of Indicator Performance





- BEA exceeded targets in one out of four indicators, or 25%. Two out of four, or 50% of performance indicators were met; the remaining indicator was still TBD at time of submission.
- All four indicators have positive or stable trends.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Indicator Name	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Timeliness: Reliability of delivery of economic statistics	74	74	Met	Positive
(number of scheduled releases on time)				
Relevance: Customer satisfaction (5 point scale)	4.0	4.2	Exceeded	Positive
Accuracy: Percent of GDP estimates correct	85%	TBD	TBD	Positive
Complete all major strategic milestones related to	Completed	Completed	Completed	Stable
improving economic statistics	Successfully	Milestones	Successfully	

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Current / Recurring Indicators

Indicator	ENTER NAM	E/TITLE										
Category	Timeliness:	imeliness: Reliability of delivery of economic statistics (the number of scheduled releases issued on time).										
Туре	Key	ey										
Description	makers and c for the releas issued on tim	e importance of data as an ingredient for sound economic decision-making requires BEA to deliver data to decision- ikers and other data users not only quickly but also reliably—that is, on schedule. Each fall, BEA publishes a schedule the release of its economic data the following year; this measure is evaluated as the number of scheduled releases ued on time. BEA has an outstanding record of releasing its economic data on schedule and on time. In FY 2017, A exceeded the target of planned releases and has no indication that this target will not be met in 2018.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	62	62	62	65	65	74	74	74				
Actual	62	62	65	65	74	74	TBD	TBD				
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)												
Trend	Positive											
Actions to be Taken / Future Plans	BEA has no p	plans to change	e this indicator.									

Indicator	Relevance	Relevance: Customer satisfaction (on a 5 point scale)										
Category	Key	Кеу										
Туре	Customer S	Customer Service										
Description		Customer satisfaction is a critical measure of BEA's ability to provide the types of data that are relevant, accurate, and needed by users. BEA measures the level of customer satisfaction through an on-going online survey of users.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0				
Actual	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.2	TBD	TBD				
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met	Exceeded	TBD	TBD				
Trend	Positive	•	•	·	•		·	·				
Indicator	Accuracy: Pe	rcent of GDF	Pestimates co	orrect.								
---	---	--------------	---------------	----------	----------	---------	---------	---------	--	--		
Category	Key											
Туре	Contextual	Contextual										
Description	This performance measure tracks BEA's ability to accurately estimate its most important statistic, gross domestic product (GDP). This measure is a composite index of six indicators of accuracy, applied using three-year rolling averages to develop a single measure of the correctness of the GDP statistics.											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	85%	83%	83%	83%	83%	85%	85%	85%				
Actual	87%	84%	86%	87%	89%	TBD	TBD	TBD				
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	TBD	TBD	TBD				
Trend	Positive											
Notes	Availability of the accuracy index will always lag fiscal year reporting since it is tied to GDP release timing.											

Indicator	Complete all	major strategi	c milestones r	elated to impr	oving econom	ic accounts.					
Category	Supporting (S	Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Process										
Description		Clearly describe the indicator and what it comprises, including how the indicator reflects the bureau's mission and any "ingredients" integral to the indicator that may not be apparent from its name/title.									
	FY 2012										
Target	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete			
	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones	Milestones			
Actual	Completed Successfully	Completed Successfully	Completed Successfully	Completed Successfully	Completed Successfully	Completed Successfully	TBD	TBD			
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	TBD	TBD			
Trend	Stable										

Other Indicators

None

Non-Recurring Indicators

None

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BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY

MISSION STATEMENT

The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) addresses the challenges that arise where business and security intersect. Its mission is to advance U.S. national security, foreign policy, and economic interests, by ensuring an effective export control and treaty compliance system, and promoting continued U.S. strategic technology leadership.

OVERVIEW

The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) is a licensing, regulatory, and enforcement agency that advances U.S. national security, foreign policy, and economic objectives by ensuring an effective export control and treaty compliance system and by promoting continued U.S. strategic technology leadership and a strong defense industrial base. BIS administers and enforces the Export Administration Regulations (EAR), which regulate the export and reexport of commercial commodities and technology, as well as less sensitive military items. BIS has a team of special enforcement agents and analysts, singularly focused on enforcing export control regulations. The special agents are located in offices in nine major U.S. cities and in six major economic hubs abroad.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



PLANNED ACTIONS FOR ACHIEVING FY 2019 PERFORMANCE TARGETS

The Bureau of Industry and Security will continue to hold a regular schedule of seminars and outreach events to educate exporters about export control requirements and compliance thereof. In addition to its premier conferences, the Update Conference on Export Controls and Policy, which is held annually in Washington, DC, and the Export Control Forum, held annually in California, BIS will co-sponsor approximately twenty five other events scheduled for locations around the country. BIS will also continue to offer a wide variety of online educational offerings and electronic or in-person counseling.

BIS will also continue all of the other activities described above, including reviewing more than 30,000 export license applications and related tasks, reviewing export and other data to identify, investigate and prosecute potential violations of the EAR, undertake industry sector surveys, and ensure U.S. industry compliance with the Chemical Weapons Convention and the U.S.-International Atomic Energy Agency Safeguard Agreement.

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Indicator			of Exporters Educated and Trained through Outreach Activities related the transition of items from the U.S. s List to the Commerce Control List								
Category	PER	FORMAN	NCE INDICATO	R							
Туре	OUT	COME	ME								
Description	most enab Interr	The transition of items from the U.S. Munitions List to the Commerce Control List has moved tens of thousands of items mostly parts and components from the U.S. Munitions List to the more flexible Commerce Control List. The move has enabled more nuanced distinctions among technologies, destinations, and end users than under the State Department's International Traffic in Arms Regulations. Through our outreach programs, BIS will educate and train exporters on these important changes.									
	ĒΥ	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			4,000	28,000	48,000	48,000	48,000	25,000	20,000		
Actual			4,000	69,948	50,830	46,633	28,000	NA	NA		
Status			Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Not Met	NA	NA		
Trend	Both	the targe	et and actual tre	nds have remair	ned stable.						
Explanation (if n in 2017)	ot met			from the U.S. M relating to reform		e Commerce Co	ontrol List is most	ly completed. BIS	did not		
Actions to be tak	ken /	Future	plans are to foc	us on the catego	ories left to transi	tion. BIS will me	asure the numbe	er of exporters ed	ucated and		
Future Plans											
Adjustments to t	argets	FY 201	8 and FY 2019	targets are adjus	sted as a result.						

Indicator	Number of e	xport transacti	ons completed	under the new a	authority of Con	nmerce export l	icenses and lice	nse			
	exceptions.	-	-		-	-					
Category	PERFORMA	NCE INDICATO	R								
Туре	OUTPUT	OUTPUT									
Description	List to the mo destinations,	Export Control Reform (ECR) has moved tens of thousands of items mostly parts and components from the U.S. MunitionsList to the more flexible Commerce Control List. The move has enabled more nuanced distinctions among technologies, destinations, and end users than under the State Department's International Traffic in Arms Regulations. BIS will track shipments of such items made under the Automated Export System.FY 2012FY 2013FY 2014FY 2015FY 2016FY 2017FY 2018FY 2019									
Target			NA	80,000	100,000	150,000	150,000	150,000			
Actual			42,837	126,798	144,888	137,281	NA	NA			
Status		NA Exceeded Exceeded Met NA NA									
Trend	Not enough o	Not enough data to determine trend.									

Indicator	Percent of lie	censes requirir	ng interagency i	referral referred	within nine day	′S.					
Category	PERFORMA	NCE INDICATO	R								
Туре	PROCESS	PROCESS									
Description	less sensitive recommenda governments license reque approximately to measure the does not measure the license ap	munitions items tion from anothe departments or ests that BIS may y 85% of BIS lice the effectiveness of the metric of 9 oplication review	s fall into two cat er agency (i.e., D agencies) thus t y review/approve ense applications of BIS in meetin 8% of license ap y processes. Acc	egories: 1) referr epartment of De the name "referred without referral s, with the remain g the target of re oplications referre cording to Sectio	ed licenses, inclu fense, State, and d licenses;" and to any other feden ning 15% being r ferring 98% of lic ed within 9 days, n 3 of Executive	uding those licens I Energy, and who 2) non-referred li eral agency. Refe non-referred licen censes requiring r BIS is not mainta	nd military applica ses that require a ere appropriate, o censes, which ar rred licenses com ses. This measur referral within 9 d aining effective m 6 must complete i days. FY 2018	other U.S. e those pprise re is designed ays. If BIS anagement of			
Target	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%			
Actual	97%	97% 98% 98% 91% 92% 94% NA NA									
Status	Met	Met	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Met	NA	NA			
Trend	This is to maintain standard measure. Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.										

Indicator	Percent of att	endees rating	seminars highly	y.								
Туре	PROCESS											
Description	This metric is designed to measure the overall effectiveness of the entire export control outreach seminar program. Given the volume of trade from the United States, informing U.S. and foreign businesses of the requirements of the EAR is a critical component of our export control system. The target is for at least 93% of the seminar attendees to give the seminar an over rating of at least 4 (out of a 5 level scale).											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%				
Actual	93%	91%	91%	90%	93%	94%	NA	NA				
Status	Met	Met	Met	Not Met	Met	Exceeded	NA	NA				
Trend	Both the targe	Both the target and actual trends are positive.										

Indicator		Number of actions that result in a deterrence or prevention of a violation and cases that result in a criminal and/or administrative charge/action.									
Туре	OUTCOME										
Description	a violation, cr type of preve shipments, in concerns, and	iminal/administr ntive enforceme dustry outreach d recommendati	ative actions, an nt actions condu , issuance of wa ons for parties to	d administrative icted including: d rning letters, rec b be added to the	settlement orders letentions of susp ommended denia	s. The number wi bect exports, seiz ils of license app Jnverified List. Th	es that result in a ill reflect the actu- ures of unauthori lications based of ne measure also	al number and zed n enforcement			
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	850	850	1,100	1,000	1,000	1,200	1,200	1,200			
Actual	1,162	1,162 1,403 1,473 1,442 1,717 1,832 NA NA									
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	NA	NA			
Trend	Both the targ	Both the target and actual trends are positive.									

Indicator		censes requirir rder (EO) days		Triage Unit (ITU) report complet	ted by Export Er	nforcement (EE)	within ten			
Туре	PROCESS										
Description	The ITU, for which EE provides the majority of intelligence product outputs, drafts bona fides information reports on foreign transaction parties to license applications. The reports are either requested at the direction of a licensing officer or self-selected by EE. EE must, within the established EO timeframe, complete such reports in 10 EO days from referral to enable timely interagency review of license applications. This measure is designed to measure the effectiveness of BIS in meeting the target of completing 90% of ITU reports produced by EE within 10 EO days of referral.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target			90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%			
Actual			96%	93%	93%	96%	NA	NA			
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	NA	NA			
Trend	Both the targ	Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.									

Indicator	Number of E	nd-Use Checks	s (EUCs) comple	eted.						
Category	PERFORMAN	NCE INDICATO	R							
Туре	OUTPUT									
Description	A key element of BIS's policy formulation and implementation toward other key countries is conducting EUCs to verify that targeted dual-use exports and munitions items transferred from the USML to the CCL will be or have been properly used by proper end-users. End-use checks are comprised of both Pre-license Checks (PLCs) and PSVs. PLCs are used to determ an overseas person or firm is a suitable party to a transaction involving controlled U.S. origin items. A PSV confirms wheth not goods exported from the United States actually were received by the party named on the license or other export documentation, and whether the goods are being used in accordance with the provisions of that license (where applicable the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). The primary means for conducting EUCs are through BIS ECOs stationed a with the Department of Commerce's Foreign Commercial Service (FCS), augmented by Sentinel visits (formerly known as "Safeguards") conducted by Special Agent-led teams as well as FCS officers. ECOs are located in six countries and are responsible for conducting EUCs in their respective areas of responsibility covering 43 countries in all. During Sentinel trip which generally consist of two-person teams of BIS Special Agents on two-week assignments to visit foreign consignees a end-users of U.S. commodities and technology, agents attempt to verify bona fides of consignees named on a BIS license									
	assurance that	at foreign end-u	sers are aware o	f EAR requireme	ents and comply w		IS can provide a also identify dive			
	transactions and reveal untrustworthy end-users and intermediate consignees.FY 2012FY 2013FY 2014FY 2015FY 2016FY 2017FY 2018FY 2019									
Target	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850		
Actual	994	1,033	1,044	1,031	985	1,089	NA	NA		
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	NA	NA		
Trend	Both the targe	Both the target and actual trends are positive.								

Indicator	Median proc	essing time for	new regime reg	gulations (mon	ths)						
Туре	PROCESS	PROCESS									
Description	Changes to regime control lists have been agreed to by the members of the multilateral regimes, who are the U.S. e control partners. If those changes result in tighter controls, they must be implemented to address national security of proliferation concerns, and if they result in liberalizations, they must be implemented to ensure that U.S. industry is r disadvantaged vis-à-vis our allies. Therefore, it is important to refer the draft multilateral changes for interagency rev three months or less from plenary meeting dates in order to meet our multilateral obligations, maximize U.S. compet and enable economic growth for American industries, workers, and consumers. Effective and efficient adaptation of controls advances responsible economic growth and trade while protecting American security										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Actual	2	2 2 2 2 3 1 NA NA									
Status	Met	Met Met Met Met Exceeded Not Met NA NA									
Trend	This is to maintain standard measure. Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.										

Indicator	Percent of d	eclarations rec	eived from U.S	. industry in acc	cordance with C	WC time lines tl	nat are processe	d in time for				
	the U.S. to m	neet treaty oblig	gations.	-								
Туре	OUTPUT											
Description	weapons-rela exceeding ce the declaratio	The CWC establishes a verification regime (e.g., declaration requirements, on-site inspections, and trade restrictions) for weapons-related toxic chemicals and precursors that have peaceful applications. BIS's CWC Regulations require U.S. industry exceeding certain chemical activity thresholds to submit declarations and reports. BIS processes, validates, and aggregates the declarations and reports to develop the U.S. CWC Industrial Declaration, which is forwarded to the State Department, within established time frames mandated under the CWC, and to submit it to the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%				
Actual	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	NA	NA				
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	NA	NA				
Trend	Both the targe	Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.										

Indicator				EEI) transaction n Regulations (E		e Automated Ex	port System (AE	S) in		
Туре	OUTPUT									
Description	 This indicator evaluates how effective the BIS export control system is in ensuring that items exported and reported as electronic export information transactions in the AES are in compliance with the EAR. BIS will measure exporter compliance with the EAR by reviewing, on a quarterly and annual basis, the entire compilation of export transactions under the jurisdiction of BIS (i.e., BIS licensed, license exception and No License Required Shipments) and determine what percentage are in compliance with the EAR following any BIS intervention as necessary. BIS interventions will comprise actions taken to mitigate or resolve non-compliance findings (i.e., counseling, outreach, compliance letters, and enforcement referral). BIS anticipates that data evaluation period for this metric will run from July 1 – June 30 annually, which is based on the estimated time lag of receipt of shipment information from the Census Bureau (monthly data is released approximately 45 days after the close of the statistical month) and BIS analysis of and action on the data. 									
-	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target				99%	99%	99%	99%	99%		
Actual				99%	99%	99%	NA	NA		
Status				Met	Met	Met	NA	NA		
Trend	Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.									

Indicator	Percent of defense industrial base assessments completed within the time frame set forth in the Memorandum of
	Understanding (MOU) between the BIS and the survey sponsoring agency or entity.
Туре	PROCESS

Description	the BIS and t inform decision U.S. Defense objective, OT export contro practices. As committees, of	he survey spons ons in a way that Industrial Base E conducts tech Is, economic stat sessment topics	soring agency or t maintains the c and other indus nology assessm atus of the releva can arise from c c. Completion is c	entity. The Offic competitiveness a try sectors. In ad nents and foreign ant industry sector discussions with	ce of Technology and economic via Idition to conduct availability asse or, foreign availab other agencies, I	⁷ Evaluation (OTE ability of the healt ing defense indu ssments that ado pility, and foreign icensing offices,	gulation or in MO) provides assess h and competitive strial base studies lress the adequac country export co industry, technica ents, collection, w	sments to eness of the s to meet this cy of current ntrol Il advisory
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Actual				100%	100%	100%	NA	NA
Status				Met	Met	Met	NA	NA
Trend Both the target and actual trends have remained stable.							•	

Resource Requirements Table

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Increase /	FY 2019
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Enacted	Estimate	Base	Decrease	Request
Trade and Investme	nt:	1	1		Γ	1		1		Г
Total Budget Authority										
Direct	102,443	94,414	101,532	103,107	112,710	112,500	113,500	116,078	0	116,078
Reimbursable	1,228	968	10	629	1,294	2,900	2,900	2,900	0	2,900
Total	103,671	95,382	101,542	103,736	114,004	115,400	116,400	118,978	0	118,978
Total Positions	366	390	390	390	414	420	432	436	0	436

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Census Bureau

Performance Indicator Information



Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

- One indicator (25.0%) was exceeded, three indicators were met (75.0%), and no indicators were not met.
- Four indicators had trends (three years or more of data) of which 100% were stable.

Indicator Name	Targe	et	Act	tual	Status	Trend
Milestones met in increasing the cost efficiency of 2020		Complete the 2016	1)	Completed the 2016	Met	Stable
Decennial Census	a	ddress canvassing test	-	address canvassing test		
	2) C	Conduct a nationwide	2)	Conduct a nationwide		
	n	nail-out test of self-	-	mail-out test of self-		
	r	esponse		response		
	3) E	Begin building a	3)	Began building a		
	p	partnership database in	-	partnership database in		
	F	Y 2017 and begin		FY 2017 and begin		
	р	planning of 2020 Census		planning of 2020 Census		
	l İr	ntegrated		Integrated		
	C	Communications		Communications		
Milestones met in developing Census information	1) F	Release CEDCaP	1)	Released CEDCaP	Met	Not enough data
technology (IT) enterprise to enhance collection,	C	apabilities for the 2017	-	capabilities for the 2017		to determine
processing, and dissemination of data	E	Economic Census		Economic Census		trend
	2) F	Release CEDCaP	2)	Released CEDCaP		
	С	apabilities for the 2017		capabilities for the 2017		
	C	Census Test (Decennial)		Census Test (Decennial)		
	3) F	Release CEDCaP	3)	Released CEDCaP		
	С	apabilities for the 2018		capabilities for the 2018		
	A	Address Canvassing End-		Address Canvassing		
	to	o-End Test (Decennial)		End-to-End Test		
				(Decennial)		
Percentage of key data products for Census Bureau	1) 1	00% of Economic	1)	100% of Economic	Met	Stable
programs released on time to support effective	li li	ndicators		Indicators		
decision-making of policymakers, businesses, and the	2) 9	00% of other key	2)	85% of other key		
public	р	products		products		
	•	Economics	•	Economics		
	•	Geographics	•	Geographics		
Demonstration of last activities for evolved and activities	•	Demographics	•	Demographics	Eveneds -	Otoblo
Percentage of key activities for cyclical census programs completed on time to support effective	90%		100	J%	Exceeded	Stable
decision-making by policymakers, businesses and the						
public.	1					

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Indicator	2020 De	cennial C	ensus planned	d operational e	efficiencies and prog	ram milestones met	t							
Category	Key			•										
Туре	Outcome	Э												
Description	has emb	2012 2013												
Target			Two field tests that will inform cost and quality goals for the 2020 Census	Preliminary design for key components of the 2020 Census to achieve cost and quality goals	 Conduct testing of self-response strategies Conduct one field test: (field staff management and operations control) Prove in approach to field management processes and systems Conduct research and testing for selecting approaches for supporting non- English languages for the 2020 Census 	 Complete the 2016 address canvassing test Conduct a nationwide mail- out test of self- response Begin building a partnership database in FY 2017 and begin planning of 2020 Census Integrated Communications 	 Finalize the Language Support Plan and non- English questionnaires and non- questionnaire materials for the 2020 Census Implement LUCA for the 2020 Census Conduct Self Response operations for the 2018 End- to-End Census Test Deliver 2020 Census Questions to Congress 	 Conduct the Address Canvassing Operations for 2020 Decennial Census Open Area Census Offices Ensure that the final 2020 Census Architecture and IT Roadmap reflects the latest Census system design Deliver final 2020 Census Operational Plan Complete Authorization to Operate 						

			5)	feasibility test of field operations			5) 6) 7)	Open 2020 Census Regional Census Centers Identify space, sign leases, and design/ buildout Wave 1 and Wave 2 Area Census Offices Complete Authorization to Operate process related to the 2020 Census as scheduled with less than 15% of Plans of Action and Milestones exceeding their completion date	to the Censu sched less th of Plar Action Milesto	s as uled with an 15% ns of and ones ding their
Actual	Two fiel tests tha inform c and qua goals fo 2020 Ce	t will Preliminary ost design for lity key r the components	1) 2) 3)	Conducted testing of self- response strategies. Complete- Conducted one field test: (field staff management and operations control).	2)	Completed the 2016 address canvassing test Conducted a nationwide mail- out test of self- response Began building a partnership database in FY 2017 and began planning of 2020 Census Integrated Communications				

					 processes and systems. 4) Complete- Conducted research and testing for selecting approaches for supporting non- English languages for the 2020 Census 5) Complete- Conducted feasibility test of field operations 6) Complete- Conducted testing of Group Quarters design 			
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)			Met	Met	Met	Met		
Trend	Stable							
Actions to be Taken / Future Plans	lessons l	earned an	•	egin major field	and status reports. Ex d operations and in-fie 20.			
Adjustments to Targets	Conseque Measure objective deploy by Since the	ently, in Ja ment Surv s were del y the end c e FY 2018	anuary 2017, a ey, and the Par ayed. The Par of FY 2017. Nor Congressional	number of ope rtnership Progr tnership Conta netheless, the l Justification, a	oril FY 2017, Decennia rations were paused s am. The Partnership ct Database 2.0 and p Partnership Contact D dditional FY 2018 targ Census milestones.	such as the 2017 MAF Program was not com ortal continued devel atabase 1.0 was built	Coverage Study, the pletely descoped, b opment but was no t in 2016 and is in us	he Coverage out a number of longer targeted to se.
Notes	review be	efore the e		uarter of FY 20 ⁻	ss Canvassing Test, b 17. The Decennial Dir	•		
	The Cen	sus Bureau	u revised the la	nguage of this	indicator to focus on p	rogram milestones ar	nd operational efficie	encies.

Indicator	Milestones met in developing Census information technology (IT) enterprise to enhance collection, processing, and dissemination of data
Category	Кеу
Туре	Outcome
Description	The Census Bureau has initiated two enterprise programs focused on establishing shared services, minimizing redundancy, lowering complexity, and identifying cost savings for data collection, processing, and dissemination.FY 2012FY 2013FY 2014FY 2015FY 2016FY 2017FY 2018FY 2019
Target	1) Release CEDCaP capabilities for the 2017 Economic Census1) Release CEDCaP capabilities for the 2017 Economic Census1) Release systems into production in support of the early 2020 Census2) Release CEDCaP capabilities for the 2017 Census Test (Decennial)2) 2) Release Test (Decennial)Operations Tothe Census 75% of Address Canvassing End- to-End Test (Decennial)Operations the 2018 End- to-End Test (Decennial)3) Release CEDCaP capabilities for the 2018 Address Canvassing End- to-End Test (Decennial)2) 2) Release the Census the Census
Actual	1) Released CEDCaP

						2) 3)	capabilities for the 2017 Economic Census Released CEDCaP capabilities for the 2017 Census Test (Decennial) Released CEDCaP capabilities for the 2018 Address Canvassing End- to-End Test (Decennial)			
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)							Met			
Trend	Not enoug	gh data to d	etermine tre	nd						
Actions to be Taken / Future Plans	discovere Decennial	d in the 201 program w	8 End-to-Er	nd Test, deli ince and int	ver capabil egration tes	ities sting.		ldress Canvassir	ng, and	d support the
Adjustments to Targets	componer System - I Survey did During FY The Cens	In October 2017, the 2020 Census program cancelled the field portion of the 2017 Census Test. As a result, the component of CEDCaP involved in the field data collection (Address Listing and Mapping, Enumeration and Control System - Field) did not need to deploy functionality. The Internet Self-Response and the Operational Control System - Survey did release functionality for the 2020 Census program's production 2017 Census Test in March 2017. During FY2018, the target for the release of the CEDCaP capabilities for the 2017 Economic Census was removed. The Census Bureau added performance targets for the Center for Enterprise Dissemination Services and Consumer Innovation (CEDSCI) for FY 2018 and FY 2019.								

Indicator				Census Bureau s, and the public	programs releas	ed on time to su	pport effective d	lecision-
Category	Supporting	Non-Strategi	c Plan)	•				
Туре	Outcome	·	•					
Description	Ensuring the	at data produc	ts are release	ed on schedule is	essential.			
-	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) At least 90% of other key products	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) At least 90% of other key products	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 90% of other key products	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 90% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 90% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 90% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 85% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 85% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics
Actual	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) At least 90% of other key products	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) At least 90% of other key products	1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 86% of other key products	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 87% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 84% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 	 1) 100% of Economic Indicators 2) 85% of other key products Economics Geographics Demographics 		
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met		
Trend	Stable		·		•	•		·
Explanation (if Target not met in FY 2017)	were not rel	eased in FY 2 t Population S	2017 as plann	2014 Panel Wave ed. The targets sl cts were released	pped until 4th qua	arter of FY 2018.		
Actions to be Taken / Future Plans		-	•	ey response rates oulation, and comp		•	•	ge of the
Adjustments to Targets	For FY 2018 and 2019, the target for "100% of Economic Indicators" released on time was elevated to its own performance indicator because of the need to highlight this critical Census Bureau mission. In addition, the target for the other key products was lowered from 90% to 85% because there are fewer products that contribute to the performance indicator.							
Notes				imate of target #2 This overall result				
Information Gaps	None							

New Indicators

Indicator	Complete k	ey activities in	support of the	e Economic C	ensus and (Census of Gover	nments on time				
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic F	Plan)								
Туре	Outcome										
Description	Due to the cyclical nature of these programs, it is important to track annual key activities that support the programs. The internal activities that are tracked are those considered to be the most important in meeting the long-term goals of the cyclical census programs.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target						Majority of key activities completed by the end of the fiscal year: 1) Economic Census and 2) Census of Governments	Majority of key activities completed by the end of the fiscal year: 1) Economic Census and 2) Census of Governments	Majority of key activities completed by the end of the fiscal year: 1) Economic Census and 2) Census of Governments			
Actual						Majority of key activities completed by the end of the fiscal year: 1) Economic Census and 2) Census of Governments					
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)						Met					
Trend	New indicato	or – not enough	data		-						
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	 2017 Economic Census: Complete the initial mailout by May 31, 2018; Begin microdata analysis by June 30, 2018; Begin microdata analysis by June 30, 2018; and Release E-Correspondence and Centurion electronic reporting instruments to production by May 31, 2018. 2017 Census of Governments: Mail finance survey forms by May 31, 2018, and release component data by September 2018. 										

Adjustments to Targets	Not applicable since it is a new indicator
Notes	Historical operational targets and actual data with that can be associated with the new indicator and its targets are only for FY 2017.
Reason for New Indicator	This performance indicator provides greater visibility and transparency to two key censuses.
Indicator(s) being replaced	This performance indicator replaces "Percentage of key activities for cyclical census programs completed on time to support effective decision-making by policymakers, businesses and the public." The discontinued indicator included targets from other projects and programs that are cyclical in nature, such as the 2020 Decennial Census.

Indicator	Percentage	e of principal e	conomic ind	icators released	l on time					
Category	Supporting	(Non-Strategic	Plan)							
Туре	Output									
Description	Ensuring that data products are released on schedule is essential. OMB Statistical Directive Number 3 requires that the data for the principal economic indicators be released within prescribed time periods.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators		
Actual	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators	100% of Economic Indicators				
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	All monthly	and quarterly e	economic indic	ators and related	releases as sch	eduled.				
Adjustments to Targets	NOT APPLI	CABLE SINCE	IT IS A NEW	INDICATOR						
Reason for New Indicator	released on this new per	This performance indicator was previously a target under "Percentage of key data products for Census Bureau programs released on time to support effective decision-making of policymakers, businesses, and the public." As its own measure, this new performance indicator provides greater visibility to the supporting mission that the Census Bureau provides to produce critical economic data.								

Non-Recurring Indicators

Indicator		Percentage of key activities for cyclical census programs completed on time to support effective decision- naking by policymakers, businesses and the public.								
Category	Supporting (N	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Outcome	Outcome								
Description	internal activi	te to the cyclical nature of these programs, it is important to track annual key activities that support the programs. The ernal activities that are tracked are those considered to be the most important in meeting the long-term goals of the clical census programs.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	At least 90%	At least 90%	90%	90%	90%	90%				
Actual	At least 90%	At least 90%	90%	100%	100%	100%				
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)	Met	Met	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Stable						-			
Adjustments to	2020 Decenr	ial Census and	I Geographic S	Support Services	paused the 201	7 Master Address	File (MAF) Cov	/erage study		
Targets	because of a	nticipated fund	ing levels for F	Y 2017. The 20	16 MAF Coverag	ge Study data ana	lysis was comp	leted.		
Justification for Elimination		ued indicator h	•	ed by separate	indicators for the	2020 Decennial	Census, Econol	mic Census,		

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National Institute of Standards and Technology

Performance Indicator Information



In FY 2017, seven (78%) of NIST's indicators exceeded their targets and two (22%) met their targets. Seven indicators had trends. Of those seven, four (57%) indicators had positive trends and three (43%) had stable trends.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Indicator Name	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Dollar amount of co-investment by non-federal sources in DOC-supported Manufacturing USA institutes	\$6M	\$8.89M	Exceeded	Not enough data
Number of businesses using NIST research facilities	325	442	Exceeded	Stable
Relative citation impact of NIST-authored publications	1.6	1.66	Exceeded	Stable
Number of critical infrastructure sectors with work products integrating the Cybersecurity Framework	14	16	Exceeded	Positive
Number of public safety communications stakeholder R&D roadmaps	3	3	Met	Positive
Percentage of MEP clients receiving in-depth technical assistance that increase their competitiveness	64%	65.2%	Exceeded	Positive

Number of firms receiving in-depth technical assistance from MEP centers	9187	8,927	Met	Stable
Number of MEP centers partnering with skills training providers (eg, community colleges) to link manufacturing firms with skills training resources	48	49	Exceeded	Positive
Number of communities working with NIST to pilot the Community Resilience Planning Guide	6	8	Exceeded	Not enough data

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Indicator	Dolla	ar amou	nt of co-investi	ment by non-fee	deral sources in	DOC-supporte	d Manufacturing	USA institutes	
Category	Key			-					
Туре	Outc	ome							
Description	This indicator reflects how well the focus area of the Manufacturing USA (formerly National Network for Manufacturing Innovation) Institutes matches a real national need and is intended to measure the extent to which the industrial partner perceive that they are receiving value from the existence of the Institute. Non-federal partners dedicate resources whe believe that there will be economic benefit. Non-federal sources include industry partners of all sizes, state and local governments, economic development entities, institutions of higher education, private organizations and individuals. Investment includes cash and in-kind resources provided.								
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target							\$6M	\$15M	\$29M
Actual						\$0	\$8.89M		
Status						Met	Exceeded		
Trend	Not e	enough c	lata to determin	e trend					
Explanation (if in 2017)	not met	N/A							
Actions to be ta Future Plans	aken /	manag the net opportu manufa continu	ement, coordina work of institute unities that spar acturing innovat ue to effectively	ation and congre s, providing sha technology area ion institutes sele manage and find	ssional reporting red services and as and cut across ected through a c	of the Manufact promoting best p s agency mission competitive proce collaborate with	A Program by ove uring USA Progra practices to identi ns, and managing ess on topics pro in the Commerce-	m, convening an fy and address o g Commerce-spo posed by industr	d supporting challenges and onsored y. NIST will

Indicator	Numb	er of b	usinesses usir	ng NIST researc	h facilities					
Category	Key									
Туре	Interm	ediate (Outcome							
Description	are un discov Develo	ique ca ery anc opment	cator reflects the value, relevance, and usefulness of NIST research facilities to industry users. NIST research facilities ue capabilities that can be leveraged through partnerships with businesses, especially manufacturers, to accelerate y and commercialization of innovative products. This indicator counts the number of Cooperative Research and ment Agreements between industry and NIST laboratories, as well as the number of industrial institutions that use the er facilities (NIST Center for Neutron Research and the Center for Nanoscale Science and Technology).							
	FY 2	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target				215	225	275	325	325	300	
Actual				514	444	435	442			
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Negati	ive								
Actions to be taken / Starting in FY 2018, CRADAs that are a part of the National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence Future Plans Starting in FY 2018, CRADAs that are a part of the National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence This indicator, since they will be reflected in the new NCCoE partner indicator. Furthermore, NIS Cuts in 2019 are likely to decrease the number of NIST facilities available for partnerships. NIST will work with stakeholders across its programs to ensure NIST's research programs and matched to their needs. Where appropriate, NIST will seek to increase access to its unique cappropriate, NIST will seek to increase access to its unique cappropriate, NIST will seek to increase access to its unique cappropriate, NIST's measurement science and specifically, NIST's programs in advanced communications for the public safety sector will target expand their reach.					re, NIST anticipat s. s and capabilities ue capabilities an nce and standarc	es that budget s are well- d cultivate ds work.				
Adjustments to ta	argets	None								
Information Gaps						for full FY17. Ma ademic research.		instances of indus	stry use of	

Indicator	Relative citat	Relative citation impact of NIST-authored publications									
Category	Key	Key									
Туре	Outcome	Outcome									
Description	outcome-orie rate) for all Ni institutions in	This indicator demonstrates that NIST consistently produces useful and relevant scientific and technical publications and is outcome-oriented. The "relative citation impact" indicator is the ratio of the average number of citations per publication (citation rate) for all NIST publications in a year to the average expected citation rate for similar publications in a large group of peer institutions in the world. Publications typically lag by a minimum of two years due to the time needed for research, writing, journal peer review, and publication processes. The average for US institutions is about 1.3.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3			
Actual	1.35	1.58	1.44	1.42	1.49	1.66					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met	Exceeded					
Trend	Positive										

Adjustments to targets	The FY 2018 target was decreased because cuts to the Laboratory Programs in FY 2018 are likely to decrease scientific output. Furthermore, cuts to NIST's Construction of Research Facilities budget account force research funds to be used for facility maintenance and repairs, further decreasing scientific output.
Notes	Actuals for FY 2012 – FY2016 have been updated to reflect most recent data available. Data is calculated based on calendar year, not fiscal year.
Information Gaps	Due to the ever-changing nature of research and publication, and continual updating of the dataset used to generate these metrics, the actuals for any given year are subject to change. Most recent datum is most likely to change. Calendar year 2017 data only includes publications in the Web of Science as of October 31, and is likely missing hundreds of documents published in 2017.

Non-Recurring Indicators

Indicator	Num	ber of fi	er of firms receiving in-depth technical assistance from MEP centers								
Category	Key			-							
Туре	Inter	mediate	nediate Outcome								
Description								ntial and essential a			
Description	could	could reasonably be assumed to have directly or entirely led to the impacts reported through the MEP client survey.									
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target				8340	8750	8986	9187	Discontinued			
Actual	7614		8140	8353	8419	8921	8927				
Status				Exceeded	Met	Met	Met				
Trend	Posi	tive		÷	·	·					
Explanation (if in 2017)	not met	This is based on ³ / ₄ year data. We project that this indicator will be met for FY2017.									
Information Ga	ps	Indicat	or represents 3/	4 year data. Fina	als will be availab	le by January.					
Justification for elimination	cation for NIST will retire this indicator in 2018 since the President's Request discontinues federal funds for the MEP of					program.					

Indicator	Percentage	Percentage of MEP clients receiving in-depth technical assistance that increase their competitiveness								
Category	Key									
Туре	Outcome									
Description		Percentage of MEP clients receiving in-depth technical assistance that reported increasing sales, reducing costs, or making new investments as a result of the services received.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			60%	62%	63%	64%	Discontinued			
Actual	61%	59%	58%	56%	59.7%	65.2%				
Status			Met	Met	Met	Exceeded				

Trend Vary	ing
Explanation (if not met in 2017)	This is based on ³ ⁄ ₄ year data. We project that this indicator will be met for FY2017.
Information Gaps	Indicator represents ³ / ₄ year data. Finals will be available by January.
Justification for elimination	NIST will retire this indicator in 2018 since the President's Request discontinues federal funds for the MEP program.

Indicator	Number of c	ritical infrastru	cture sectors w	vith work produce	cts integrating t	he Cybersecurit	y Framework		
Category	Key	Key							
Туре	Intermediate	termediate Outcome							
Description	materials that use. The Cyb	nis indicator demonstrates that NIST consistently produces useful and relevant cybersecurity publications and reference aterials that organizations representing or participating in a diverse set of the sixteen total critical infrastructure sectors can se. The Cybersecurity Framework may be cited in professional journals; international/national/industry standards, guidelines, and practices; sector-specific federal agency guidance to industry; and commercial/government-off-the-shelf software.							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target			10	12	13	14	Discontinued		
Actual			9	12	16	16			
Status			Met	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Positive								
Actions to be tak Future Plans		NIST will continue to work with stakeholders to refine and improve the Framework and support its implementation by critical infrastructure sectors, as well as other sectors.							
Justification for eliminationNIST will discontinue this indicator in 2018 because it has fulfilled the general target of ensuring use of the Cybers Framework by all 16 critical infrastructure sectors as defined in originating executive order.							Cybersecurity		

Indicator	Number of P	ublic safety co	mmunications a	stakeholder R&	D roadmaps						
Category	Supporting (non-Strategic Plan)										
Туре	Intermediate Outcome										
Description	communication Class Tax Re to legislatively	This indicator demonstrates significant milestones and the value of NIST's convening and technical roles in advanced communications related to communications for public safety. NIST will receive funds starting in 2015 from the 2012 Middle Class Tax Relief act to perform R&D that supports FirstNet, the broadband first responder communications network. In addition to legislatively-mandated R&D topics, NIST has worked with stakeholders to prioritize additional critical R&D topics. From this prioritization, and working closely stakeholders, NIST will develop an R&D roadmap for each topic.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target				1	2	3	Discontinued				
Actual				1	2	3					
Status				Met	Met	Met					
Trend	Positive										
Explanation (if not met in 2017) N/A											

Actions to be taken / Future Plans	NIST will continue to engage with stakeholders to make progress against the R&D roadmaps through a combination of intramural research and extramural grants, contracts, prizes, and challenges. In addition, NIST continues to discuss
	future R&D needs to fulfill the communications needs of the public safety community and revise plans as appropriate.
Justification for elimination	NIST will retire this indicator in 2018 because it will have completed roadmaps on the most significant research areas facing public safety communications.

Indicator		Number of MEP centers partnering with skills training providers (e.g., community colleges) to link manufacturing firms with skills training resources										
	firms	s with sk	kills training re	sources								
Category	Key											
Туре	Outp	ut										
Description	indus	This indicator reflects the number of MEP centers involved in activities supporting the development of a workforce with industry-aligned skills. MEP is working with partners throughout the national network of centers to provide the tools, services, and connections necessary to develop a workforce with industry-aligned skills.										
		2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target				50	55	53	48	Discontinued				
Actual				54	54	53	49					
Status				Met	Met	Met	Exceeded					
Trend	Stab	e										
Adjustments to	targets	None										
Notes		MEP Centers currently partnered with a 1) workforce investment board, 2) community college, 3) technical college, 4) university, or 5) state workforce agency are included in this count. The FY 2017 target represents 96% of the MEP system partnering with a workforce development organization.										
Justification for elimination NIST will retire thi					· · ·		ontinues federal fu	unds for the MEP p	orogram.			

Indicator	Number of C	communities W	orking with NIS	T to Pilot the	Community Res	ilience Planning	Guide				
Category	Supporting (non-Strategic Plan)										
Туре	Intermediate Outcome										
Description	This indicator demonstrates that NIST consistently produces useful and relevant community resilience guidance and training materials that local governments can use to develop their long-term resilience plans. Communities that use the Community Resilience Planning Guide can strengthen resilience and improve their ability to continue or restore vital services in a more timely way, and to build back better after damaging events. That makes them better prepared for future events and more attractive to businesses and residents alike.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target					3	6	7	Discontinued			
Actual					3	8					
Status					Met	Exceeded					
Trend	Not enough o	data to determin	e trend.			·					

Explanation (if not met in 2017)	N/A
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	NIST published the Community Resilience Planning Guide, Version 1 in September 2015 and will revise and update the Guide in future years. NIST will publish training materials (Guide Briefs) and host online user forums to support the effective use of the Community Resilience Planning Guide. NIST will maintain a relationship with communities that use the NIST community resilience guidance documents to identify opportunities to improve or develop new guidance and tools, and develop success stories that can be shared with other communities. Success stories for early adopters can illustrate how the resilience guidance can be implemented, identify strengths and weaknesses in the process, and its benefits.
Adjustments to targets	None
Notes	The term "community" refers to a place that is designated by geographical boundaries and functions under the jurisdiction of a governance structure, such as a town, city, or county.
Information Gaps	This indicator measures the number of communities piloting the Guide. Since the Community Resilience Planning Guide is freely available for download, the indicator may only capture communities that self-disclose usage of the Guide.
Justification for elimination	NIST published the Community Resilience Planning Guide, Version 1 in September 2015 and will revise and update the Guide in future years. NIST's efforts to pilot the Guide with select communities provided valuable insights to future research directions and useful products to support community resilience, which will be the focus of NIST's efforts going forward.

Proposed NEW Indicators

Indicator		Number of companies and organizations exposed to NCCOE produced cybersecurity practice guides and other products.									
Category	Key										
Туре	Interme	Intermediate Outcome									
Description	organiz mechar	This indicator seeks to demonstrate that awareness of NCCoE work products is increasing among companies and organizations. It also demonstrates value perceived by users and stakeholders in NCCoE's work products, since exposure mechanisms are voluntary. Companies and organizations exposed to NCCoE products may include technology partners and CRADA collaborators, Community of Interest participants, and other entities.									
	FY 20)12	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target								5500	6000		
Actual											
Trend	New inc	dicator	^r - not enough d	ata							
Information Ga			dicator does not ation today.	t capture adoptic	on of NCCoE wor	k products as thi	s is primarily bas	ed only on anecd	lotal		

	The NCCOE is a critical component of NIST's efforts to strengthen the Nation's cybersecurity. It is a collaborative hub
Reason for New	where industry organizations, government agencies, and academic institutions work together to address businesses'
Indicator	most pressing cybersecurity challenges. This public-private partnership enables the creation of practical cybersecurity
Indicator	solutions for specific industries or broad, cross-sector technology challenges. This indicator will provide insight into
	NIST's success in providing relevant products for the Nation.

Indicator	International	adoption of N	ST Quantum S	l standards			nternational adoption of NIST Quantum SI standards									
Category	Key															
Туре	Outcome															
Description	System of U NIST's intern NIST's exist measureme	Since 1999, the international body that governs weights and measures has been planning to revise the International System of Units so that all SI base units are defined in terms of physical constants of the universe. Because of NIST's international leadership and world-class research, that plan will be a reality in 2019. That change, along with NIST's existing expertise in quantum science and engineering, will open the floodgates of new and improved measurement approaches. This indicator shows acceptance of NIST's metrological approach and the utility of NIST research by counting new devices and technologies, developed through NIST research, commercialized and used.														
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019								
Target							3	4								
Actual																
Trend	New indicato	r – not enough c	lata.													
Notes					· · ·		ation through CR/	ADAs or								
Reason for New Indicator	from a Quantu goal is	 patent licenses, and embedded in national and international laboratories. In May 2019, the SI will be redefined with units based on fundamental constants of nature. NIST's role in this transition from a classical to a quantum definition will be one of leadership. NIST will explore the foundational limits of the Quantum SI by integrating efforts in fundamental research, applied research and dissemination of the SI units. NIST's goal is to develop Quantum SI standards and sensors for mainstream US industry, and disruptively change the classical dissemination modality. 														

Indicator	Number of r	Number of resources derived from the Cybersecurity Framework.										
Category	Key	Кеу										
Туре	Intermediate	Intermediate Outcome										
Description	are being dev communicate industry, acad implementatio	veloped and mad cybersecurity r demia, governm	de publicly availa isk. Cybersecurit ent, and non-gov pings, case studi	able to help organize ty Framework Re vernment organize	nizations use the sources may be zations. These re	Framework to un developed by an esources may incl	I that guidance an nderstand, manag y organization, in lude, but are not l informative refer	ge, and cluding imited to,				
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target							70	80				

Actual								
Trend	New indicato	[.] - not enough d	ata					
Actions to be taken / Future Plans In spring 2018, NIST plans to launch Online Informative References to which will transition Framework informative references into an online format. This will enable expansion of informative references and industry resources by providing a standardized process and format for other organizations (ex, standards bodies, industry) to express the relationship of their resources to the Framework. It will also allow users to search and select the most appropriate references to meet their needs.							es by press the	
Information Gaps Use of the Cybersecurity Framework outside of the Federal Government is voluntary. This indicator is dep publicly available Cybersecurity Framework Resources. Resources not issued publicly may result in an inf								
Passing a relation of positive of positive of positive of relation of relation of relation of relation of positive of relation of relation of positive of relation of relation of positive of positive of relation of positive of posi						r, size, degree of curity risks. Orgar w they implement help organization	cybersecurity nizations have the practices s use the	

Indicator	Cumulative n	Cumulative number of collaborators on NCCoE projects										
Category	Key	Кеу										
Туре	Intermediate C	Intermediate Outcome										
Description	projects partne Interagency Ag	This indicator demonstrates that NCCoE work products are valuable to industry. Companies that participate in NCCoE projects partner with NIST through Technology Partnerships, Cooperative Research and Development Agreements, and Interagency Agreements. These partnerships are in-depth, active collaborations. The outputs of these projects become publicly available to the whole community in work products like NIST Special Publications, fact sheets, and demos.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target							123	140				
Actual												
Status												
Trend	New indicator	- not enough da	ata									
Adjustments to targets	NOT APPLICA	ABLE SINCE IT	IS A NEW IND	ICATOR								
Information Gaps	This indicator of information too		e adoption of N	CCoE work pro	ducts as this is	orimarily based	only on anecdot	al				
Reason for New Indicator	where industry most pressing solutions for sp	organizations, cybersecurity c pecific industrie	government ag hallenges. This	encies, and aca public-private p s-sector techno	ademic institution partnership enab plogy challenges	ns work togethe	y. It is a collabor or to address bus of practical cyb will provide insig	sinesses' ersecurity				

FY 2019 Annual Performance Plan/FY 2017 Annual Performance Report

International Trade Administration

Performance Indicator Information





Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Indicator	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Number of foreign trade barriers removed, reduced, or prevented (annual)	80	115	Exceeded	Variable
Number of Commercial Diplomacy/Advocacy WINs (annual)	330	459	Exceeded	Variable
Export impact of trade barriers removed, reduced, or prevented-dollars of created or retained (millions)	\$1,800M	\$4.3B	Exceeded	Positive
Dollar exports generated from Export Trading Companies (billions)	\$24.0B	\$23.5B	Met	Variable
Dollar value of U.S. contracts from advocacy wins	Contextual indicator	\$54.7 B	N/A (no target)	Variable

Percentage of Global Market clients that achieved their export objectives (AGENCY PRIORITY GOAL)	75%	78%	Exceeded	Positive
Number of clients assisted by Global Markets	28,000	30,110	Exceeded	Positive
Percentage of clients highly likely to recommend Global Markets assistance.	82%	86%	Exceeded	Positive
Number of investment clients assisted by the Department (ITA)	2,400	6,671	Exceeded	Positive
Percent of antidumping (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) determinations issued within statutory and/or regulatory deadlines	91%	96%	Exceeded	Stable
Number of antidumping and countervailing duty petition counseling sessions	298	1,038	Exceeded	Not enough data
Number of trade agreement compliance cases resolved successfully	34	36	Exceeded	Positive
Percentage of Compliance and Market Access cases initiated that are reviewed for Agreement Relevancy within the established time frame	90%	100%	Exceeded	Stable
Percentage of AD and CVD duty cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued timely to U.S. Customs and Border Protection	88%	95%	Exceeded	Stable
Percentage of AD and CVD duty cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued accurately to U.S. Customs and Border Protection	86%	99%	Exceeded	Stable

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Indicator	Number of f	Number of foreign trade barriers removed, reduced, or prevented (annual) – Agency Priority Goal										
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)											
Туре	Output											
Description	trade barrie governmen are outside	This indicator captures the results of ITA's efforts to level the playing field for U.S. business by increasing the number of trade barriers reduced, removed, or prevented. The measure tends to fluctuate over time as the outcome (foreign governments agreeing to voluntarily honor trade agreement obligations) is dependent on actions by sovereign nations which are outside of direct U.S. control.										
		EV 2042	FY 2014	FY 2015		FY 2017	FY 2018					
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FT 2014	112015	FY 2016	F12017	FT 2010	FY 2019				
Target	FY 2012	FT 2013	FT 2014	70	75	80	126	FY 2019 139				
	FY 2012	FT 2013	74									
Target Actual Status	FY 2012	FT 2013		70	75	80						

Indicator	Number of	Commercial D	iplomacy/Advoc	acy WINs									
Category	Key	Key											
Туре	Immediate	Outcome											
Description	company o following ou U.S. busine company h governmen	This measure captures the results of ITA's front-line diplomatic engagement with foreign governments in support of a U.S. company or industry. A WIN occurs when a foreign government action/decision as a result of engagement results in the following outcomes for a U.S. company or industry: reduced/removed/prevented trade barrier; reduced/removed threat to U.S. business/economic interest; foreign compliance with a trade agreement; facilitated an export transaction; or, a U.S. company has a signed contract for a foreign procurement. The measure tends to fluctuate over time as the outcome (foreign governments agreeing to voluntarily honor trade agreement obligations) is dependent on actions by sovereign nations which are outside of direct U.S. control.											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2014	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target			225	250	300	330	300	300					
Actual			343	287	472	459							
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded							
Trend	Variable							·					

Indicator	Export imp	pact of preven	tion, reduction	or removal of tr	ade barriers – do	ollars of exports	created or retain	ed (millions)*
Category	Supporting	(Non-Strategic	Plan)			-		
Туре	Intermediat	eOutcome						
Description	barriers by as: standar	their removal, ds; domestic c	prevention or re	pact of the collabo duction. Trade ba ents; foreign own equlations.	rriers can include	tariffs and a varie	ety of non-tariff inc	licators such
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target				\$1,500M	\$1,650M	\$1,800M	\$1,800M	TBD
Actual		\$1,784M	\$151M	\$3,576M	\$4.2B	\$4.3B		
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend	Positive	•		·	·	·		•
Actions to be taken	ITA will con	tinue to asses	s this metric to a	determine whethe	r any further impro	ovements may be	warranted.	

Indicator	Dollar expo	orts generated	I from Export T	rading Companie	es (billions)								
Category	Supporting	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)											
Туре	Intermediat	Intermediate											
Description	(ETC). The export mark concurrence	se ETCs are fo ket base, avoid	rmed for various export rivalry by Department, is	J.S. businesses to s purposes such a y coordinating an o sues a Certificate	s to negotiate lov export strategy, a	ver shipping rate and sell under a s	s, pool resources single label. ITA, v	to expand an vith the					
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target				\$22.5B	\$23.5B	\$24.0B	\$24.0B	\$24.0B					
Actual	\$24.5B	\$25.2B	\$23.8B	\$24.8B	\$21.0B	\$23.5B							
Status				Exceeded	Met	Met							
Trend	Variable	•	•			•		•					
Notes		Pursuant to 15 CFR Part 325, full receipt by ITA of all current participating ETC's reported export sales generally lags about 12 months from reporting year. Accordingly, FY 17 Actual is an estimate. Past year Actuals revised.											

Indicator	Percentage	e of Global M	arkets (GM) clie	ents that achieve	d their export ob	jectives				
Category	Key									
Туре	Customer S	Service								
Description	This measure evaluates the effectiveness in helping companies achieve export objectives. GM offers U.S. companies									
	FY 2012	FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019								
Target			69%	71%	73%	75%	74%	75%		

Actual	68%	67%	73%	73%	78%	78%	
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	
Trend	Positive						
Information Gaps	The data so	ource is only fi	rom GM's fee-ba	sed services.			

Indicator	Number of	clients assist	ed by Global N	larkets (GM)						
Category	Key									
Туре	Output									
Description	This indicate	or illustrates G	M's reach into tl	he U.S. business (community.					
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	20,709	20,800	22,150	23,000	23,000	28,000	22,000	22,000		
Actual	18,945	18,126	17,593	25,029	28,692	30,110				
Status	Not met	Not met	Not met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Positive									
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	likely affect	ITA is currently focusing on improving the efficiency of operations, such as through enhancements to digital services. This will likely affect the number of clients assisted during FY 2018. Once efficiency measures are fully implemented, ITA expects the number of clients assisted to increase.								
Notes	This measu U.S. compa		ilobal Markets' a	annual effectivene	ss in providing ex	port counseling a	nd assistance to	additional		

Indicator	Percentag	e of clients hig	hly likely to rec	ommend Global	Markets assista	nce.						
Category	Supporting	(Non-Strategic	Plan)									
Туре	Customer S	Customer Service										
Description		This indicator illustrates the level of client satisfaction with Global Markets and will be used to improve the quality and efficiency of service delivery.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target		66%	69%	71%	81%	82%	83%	84%				
Actual	82%	78%	83%	84%	86%	86%						
Status		Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
Trend	Positive				•			•				
Information Gaps	The data so	ource is only fro	m GM's fee-base	ed services.								

Indicator	Number of investment clients assisted by the Department (ITA)
Category	Кеу
Туре	Output

Description	Organization serves as the serves of the serves of the serves as the serves of the ser	This measure captures the number of domestic and foreign firms, as well as domestic Economic Development Organizations, assisted by the Department of Commerce to attract inward investment into the United States. Commerce serves as the co-chair for the interagency Investment Working Group and is the lead coordinator of investment promotion across the USG.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			900	1,600	1,760	2,400	3,500	3,800		
Actual			1,038	1,651	6,072	6,671				
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Positive							•		
Adjustments to targets	Targets for	argets for FY 2018 and 2019 were increased over previous projections.								

Indicator	Percent of a regulatory		AD) and counte	ervailing duty (C	VD) determination	ons issued withi	n statutory and	/or
Category	Key							
Туре	Process							
Description	(including ad pursuant to will be liable those duties trading prac	dministrative, n U.S. laws and i for the payme will be collected tices of foreign	ew shipper and regulations. The nt of antidumpin ed. It will also sig producers/expo	on of all AD/CVD of changed circums indicator will incr g and/or counterv gnal to domestic p orters and governr	ance reviews), so ease certainty wit ailing duties, the roducers the leve nents identified in	cope, and circum thin the trade con amount of the po of potential relie the context of ar	vention inquiries nmunity as to wh tential duties ow of provided to off <u>AD/CVD proce</u>	conducted ich importers ed, and when set the unfair eding.
T	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	90%	90%	91%	91%	91%	91%	91%	91%
Actual	95%	96%	92%	93%	95%	96%		
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend	Stable		•	•				
Actions to be taken	This indicate	or was introduc	ed in FY2015 ar	nd there are no pl	ans for it to be mo	odified or discont	inued.	
Notes	Although thi the FY 2015	•	metric was repo	orted in previous b	udget submissior	ns beginning in F	Y 2009, it was in	troduced in

Indicator	Number of	Number of antidumping and countervailing duty petition counseling sessions								
Category	Supporting	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Output	Output								
Description	from contac understand	This measure captures petition counseling assistance to U.S. companies and their workers, including counseling resulting from contacts initiated by companies or their workers and outreach to U.S. companies. Such counseling improves the understanding of, and access to, the U.S. trade laws dealing with injurious dumping and foreign government subsidies that can impede the competitiveness of U.S. companies and workers.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	259	298	298	298		

Actual					655	1,038		
Status					Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend	Not Enough Data							
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	This indica	tor was introd	uced in FY 201	6.				

Indicator	Number of trade agreement compliance cases resolved successfully										
Category	Key		-								
Туре	Output										
Description	This indicator provides the number of successful case conclusions (usually barriers removed) in trade agreements compliance cases. The measure tends to fluctuate over time as the outcome (foreign governments agreeing to voluntarily honor trade agreement obligations) is dependent on actions by sovereign nations which are outside of direct U.S. control.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target				32	33	34	35	36			
Actual	41	39	20	24	33	36					
Status				Not Met	Met	Exceeded					
Trend	Positive			·			·	·			
Notes	Actual perf	Actual performance data is available from FY 2012. Actual planning and data collection started in FY 2015.									

Indicator	Percentage of compliance and market access cases initiated that are reviewed for Agreement Relevancy within the established time frame										
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)										
Туре	Process		ł								
Description	This indicator captures the timely analysis and determination of whether a compliance and market access case is subject to a Relevant Agreement for cases. E&C has 10 business days in which to examine a possible trade barrier comparing it with any trade agreement obligations and determining if an agreement is relevant to helping to solve the case. Making this determination is an important basis for forming an action plan, since it may or may not provide leverage to help carry out the plan. This determination also dictates if the trade barrier will be termed a "compliance" case. Cases for which the agreement expert has reviewed the facts obtained and has determined that sufficient information is not yet available will be categorized as pending while additional information is being obtained.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target			FY 2014 85%	FY 2015 90%	FY 2016 90%	FY 2017 90%	FY 2018 90%	FY 2019 90%			
Target Actual											
-	FY 2012	FY 2013	85%	90%	90%	90%					
Actual	FY 2012	FY 2013	85%	90% 95%	90% 100%	90% 100%					

Indicator	Percentage of AD and CVD duty cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued timely to U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP)									
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Process									
Description	This indicator captures the timeliness of cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued by E&C to CBP to ensure collection and appropriate duties for merchandise subject to AD and CVD proceedings.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target				88%	88%	88%	88%	88%		
Actual			93%	94%	93%	95%				
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Stable									
Actions to be taken	This indicat	tor was introdu	uced in FY 201	5 and there are no	plans for it to be	modified or discor	ntinued.			

Indicator	Percentage of AD and CVD duty cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued accurately to U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP)									
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Process									
Description	The indicator captures the accuracy of cash deposit and liquidation instructions issued by E&C to CBP to ensure collection of appropriate and accurate duties for merchandise subject to AD and CVD proceedings.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target				86%	86%	86%	86%	86%		
Actual			97%	97%	99%	99%				
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Stable	•			·	•	·			
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	This indicat	tor was introd	uced in FY 201	5 and there are n	o plans for it to be	modified or disco	ontinued.			

Other Indicators

Indicator	Dollar Value of U.S. contracts from advocacy wins									
Туре	Contextual	Contextual								
Description	businesses	The estimated dollar value (in billions) of U.S. goods or services to a foreign government of contracts signed by U.S. businesses or their representatives with U.S. Government assistance. Commerce serves as the Chair of the Interagency Task Force on Commercial Advocacy and is the lead coordinator of advocacy efforts across the U.S. Government.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Actual	\$73.9	\$16.2	\$75.8	\$26.8	\$36.2	\$54.7				
Trend	Variable									
-------	--									
Notes	Dollar value cannot be targeted as it is a variable based on factors outside ITA's control, namely foreign government contracts available.									

Non-Recurring Indicators

Indicator	Exports ger	nerated annuall	y from public/pri	vate partnerships					
Category	Supporting	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Intermediat	eOutcome	·						
Description*	activity. Thr trade association authorities	ough MDCP pเ iations and oth about industry s	ublic/private part er non-profits. T standards, estab	f exports generate nerships, ITA pro he elements of ea lishing product de ddressing non-tar	vides technical ar ach project vary b emonstration cen	nd financial assist ut examples inclu ters abroad, unde	ance to "coopera	tors" like eign	
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	\$1.9B	\$467M	\$389M	\$437M	\$210M	\$138M	NA	NA	
Actual	\$1.5B	\$2.51B	\$1.26B	\$493M	\$371M	\$325M			
Status	Not met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	NA			•			•	•	
Actions to be taken		osing to drop th or in future yea		measure in FY 20)18 future years a	is ITA has no plar	ns to issue new N	IDCP awards	

Proposed New Indicators

Indicator		Percent of identified unfair trade practices affecting U.S. parties addressed through informal/formal intervention or dispute settlement						
Category	Supporting (S	Strategic Plan)						
Type	Contextual							
Description	interests of U Organization significant ex activity cycles	.S. industries ir (WTO), or othe tent on WTO-re s.	domestic and r multilateral co lated avenues	international monsultations an for addressing	narkets that are d negotiations UTPs, and the	rade practices (UT e addressed throug . Performance of the erefore, can fluctua	gh bilateral, Ŵc he measure de ate according to	orld Trade pends to a o WTO
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%	22%

Actual	28%	25%	23%	30%	27%	27%		
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend	Variable	ariable						
Reason for New Indicator	This indicato	his indicator supports the proposed FYs 2018-2022 DOC Strategic Plan						

Indicator		Percent of identified foreign trade remedy proceedings affecting and of interest to U.S. parties that are addressed through informal/formal intervention or dispute settlement							
Category	Supporting (Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Contextual								
Description	countervailir actions by fo as reflected	ng duty, antidun preign administ	nping, and safeg ering authorities e helps to ensur ements.	uard proceedi can limit or eli	ngs involving U minate market o	by foreign goven S. interests. The opportunities for l en fair treatment	misuse of trade	e remedy A's advocacy	
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	
Actual	97%	95%	93%	90%	92%	92%			
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Variable								
Reason for New Indicator	This indicate	or supports the	proposed FYs 2	018-2022 DO	C Strategic Plan				

FY 2019 / FY 2017 Annual Performance Plan and Report

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Performance Indicator Information



Overall, 20 (42%) indicators Exceeded targets, 17 (35%) Met targets, and 4 (8%) had Not Met targets in FY17. Seven (15%) measures did not have targets. Of the indicators presented here, 45 had at least three years of data and thus have a Trend result.

Of the indicators with a Trend, 15 (33%) had a Positive trend, 21 (47%) had a Stable trend, 1 (2%) had a Negative trend, and 8 (18%) had a trend status of Varying.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

INDICATOR	FY17 TARGET	FY17 ACTUAL	STATUS	TREND
Annual number of peer-reviewed publications related to environmental understanding and prediction	1700	1678	MET	Variable
Annual economic and societal benefits from Sea Grant activities as measured by jobs created/retained (reported by each individual Sea Grant College	20,770	7,100	NOT MET	Variable
Key milestones completed on time for satellites and ship deployments	2	2	MET	Stable
Base Funded Days-at-Sea for NOAA Ships	2,985	2,554	NOT MET	Positive
Annual number of OAR R&D products transitioned to a new stage(s) (development, demonstration, or application).	65	65	MET	Stable
Number of fishermen, seafood processors and aquaculture industry personnel who modify their practices using knowledge gained in fisheries sustainability and seafood safety.	N/A*	19,900	N/A**	N/A***
Increase annual number of NOAA partnerships with the private sector (# of Cooperative Research and Development Agreements executed)	N/A	14	N/A	Variable
Percentage of data processed and delivered to operational users (NWS and other NOAA line offices, US military and operational partners) from NOAA-managed satellites.	98.5%	99.49%	EXCEEDED	Stable
The cumulative number of NOAA datasets made openly available via Partners' cloud platforms to the public, America's Weather Enterprise and other environmental information stakeholders.	N/A	6	N/A	N/A
Reduction in gap between high-performance computing deployed and what is needed to meet modeling requirements	N/A	13	N/A	N/A

U.S. Temperature Forecast Skill	26	34	EXCEEDED	Stable
Percentage of ingested environmental data safely archived to ensure consistent long-term stewardship and usability of the data (per National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) standards)	98%	98%	MET	Stable
Severe Weather Warnings Tornados - Storm Based Lead Time (Minutes)	13	9	NOT MET	Stable
Severe Weather Warnings Tornados - Storm Based Accuracy (%)	72%	58%	NOT MET	Stable
Severe Weather Warnings Tornados - Storm Based False Alarm Ratio (%)	71%	72%	MET	Stable
Severe Weather Warnings for Flash Floods - Lead Time (minutes)	63	73	EXCEEDED	Variable
Severe Weather Warnings for Flash Floods - Accuracy (%)	76%	77%	EXCEEDED	Stable
Hurricane Forecast Track Error (48-Hour) (nautical miles)	68	56****	EXCEEDED	Variable
Hurricane Forecast Intensity Error (48 hour) (knots)	12	13	MET	Variable
Accuracy (%) (Threat Score) of Day 1 Precipitation Forecasts	33%	34%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Winter Storm Warnings - Lead Time (Hours)	20	22	EXCEEDED	Stable
Winter Storm Warnings - Accuracy (%)	90	87	MET	Stable
Marine Wind - Percentage of Accurate Forecasts	78%	81%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Marine Wave Heights - Percentage of Accurate Forecasts	81%	84%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Aviation Ceiling/Visibility Forecast Accuracy Instrument Flight Rules (IFR)	65%	63%	MET	Stable
Aviation Ceiling/Visibility False Alarm Ratio (%) Instrument Flight Rules (IFR)	38%	37%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Geomagnetic Storm Forecast Accuracy (%)	40%	65%	EXCEEDED	Positive

American Customer Satisfaction Index for NOAA's National Weather Service	80	82	N/A	Stable
Number of Storm Ready Communities	N/A	2750	N/A	Positive
Number of Tsunami Ready Communities	N/A	249	N/A	Positive
Number of communities that utilize Digital Coast	5500	7040	EXCEEDED	Positive
Annual number of Coastal, Marine, and Great Lakes Ecological Characterizations that Meet Management Needs	48	100	EXCEEDED	Stable
Cumulative number of coastal, marine and Great Lakes issue-based forecasting capabilities developed and used for management	113	108	MET	Positive
Percentage of Tools, Technologies, and Information Services that are used by NOAA Partners/Customers to Improve Ecosystem-based Management	91%	94%	EXCEEDED	Stable
Percentage of U.S. coastal states and territories demonstrating annual improvement in resilience capacity to weather and climate hazards	66%	69%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Hydrographic data acquired to support safe and efficient maritime commerce and for community resilience to storms and other coastal hazards (in square nautical miles) Reduce the Hydrographic Survey Backlog within Navigationally Significant Areas (square nautical miles surveyed per year)	2287	2480	EXCEEDED	Variable
Percent of top 175 U.S. seaports with access to Physical Oceanographic Real-Time Systems (PORTS®), which improves the safety and efficiency of marine transportation	35%	37%	EXCEEDED	Stable
Cumulative percent of U.S. and territories surveyed to improve vertical reference system for modernized height/elevation data	62%	64%	EXCEEDED	Positive
Percent of all coastal communities susceptible to harmful algal blooms verifying use of accurate HAB forecasts	23%	23%	MET	Stable

Number of natural resource environments managed by the Office of National Marine Sanctuaries in which water, habitat, and living resource quality is stable or improving	9	9	MET	Stable
Fish Stock Sustainability Index (FSSI)	754	756.5	MET	Positive
Percent of Stocks For Which Catch is below the Specified Annual Catch Limit (ACL)	82%	91.9%	EXCEEDED	Stable
Percentage of FSSI Fish Stocks with Adequate Population Assessments and Forecasts	63.8%	63.3%	MET	Stable
Percentage of Protected Species Stocks with Adequate Population Assessments and Forecasts	19.9%	19.3%	MET	Positive
Number of Protected Species Designated as Threatened, Endangered or Depleted with Stable or Increasing Population Levels	30	30	MET	Stable
Number and Percentage of Actions Ongoing or Completed to Recover Endangered and Threatened Species	48.7%	48%	MET	Positive
Number of Habitat Acres Restored	11,050	10,207	MET	Negative
Annual Number of Coastal, Marine, and Great Lakes Habitat Acres Acquired or Designated for Long-term Protection	800	6782	EXCEEDED	Variable

* N/A in the Target field denotes a performance measure created for FY18. FY17 targets do not exist, while baseline performance data may exist.

** N/A in the Status field denotes a new measure that does not have an FY17 target.

*** N/A in the Trend field denotes a new measure for which a performance trend has not yet been established. Trend status is only given to measures with at least three years of performance data.

**** CY 2017 figure is preliminary. Final values will be available in April 2018.

Recurring Indicators:

Indicator	NEW: Annual application).	NEW: Annual number of OAR R&D products transitioned to a new stage(s) (development, demonstration, or application).							
Category	Supporting (No	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Output	Output							
Description	transitioned to a applying group by OAR as wel 1. <u>Develo</u> modeli 2. <u>Demor</u> demon a tool fr 3. <u>Applica</u> • Tra op • Pro de • Tra Note that this m product advance	development (s) outside of as utilization <u>pment</u> : when ng efforts beg <u>istration</u> : whe strating that to or forecasters <u>ation</u> : Example ansitions to operations) poiding inform velopment of ansition to con- neasure courn ces through n	, demonstration OAR. This inclu- of OAR research gin to incorpora- en a demonstrat he R&D is appr s begins evalua- les of application perations (e.g., nation for decisi- resource mana- mmercial applica- ts the number of nultiple stages i	i, or an application udes research, or products by exten- is used to start te OAR field stud- cion of OAR rese- ropriate for trans- tion in a NOAA to ns and the types new observing to on-makers (e.g. gement policies cations(e.g., pate- products that n a year, it may	OAR research an on. Products inclu development, and rnal parties. The or enhance signif dy findings into a arch and/or deve ition to operation testbed.) s of products trans echnologies ente , completion of per based on OAR re ent, new technolo advance, not the be listed for each viding financial re	Ide transitions of demonstration stages are defin icant new devel predictive mode lopment starts v or other applica sitioned include r operations, up eer-reviewed ass esearch findings gy used in a cor number of uses stage to which	ccurring within C performed and s ed as: opment activitie l.) vith the purpose tions (e.g., a new the following: dated models en sessments, exte). nmercial product of those product it advances. If m	OAR and supported s (e.g., of w version of nter rnal t) ts. If a nultiple OAR	
Target	n/a	n/a	n/a	65	65	65	42	42	
Actual		n/a	66	72	65	65	TBD		
Status		1,0		Exceeded	Met	Met		NEW	
Trend	I	I	Stable						
	ot met in FY 2016)		n/a						
Adjustments to ta			None						
Notes			This is a pilot		e measure is deve he projected full-		emented, chang	jes will be	

Indicator	NEW: Number of fishermen, seafood processors and aquaculture industry personnel who modify their practices using knowledge gained in fisheries sustainability and seafood safety.								
Category	Key (Strategi	Key (Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Output								
Description	processing te Industry pers and retailers. and seafood cultural, and product. Inter handouts on communication	echniques that i onnel include r Practices inclu safety refers to economic resili ractions with inc fishing practice	mprove social, ecreational, cou ide techniques, any combinati ence of the fish dustry personne es should not co	economic, and mmercial (wild a technologies a on of the ability ing community; el should result ount unless ther	ecological sustain nd cultured), and nd best manager of the ecosystem personal or crev n a behavioral c	inability. d subsistence fis ment practices a n to remain diver w safety; and qu hange. Thus, co	of responsible ha shery participants idopted. Fisheries rse and productiv ality and safety of onferences, socia ge (e.g., survey c	, processors, s sustainability e; the social, f the seafood I media, or	
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target								60,000	
Actual	35,000	184,000	53,000	62,200	40,243	19,900	TBD		
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)								NEW	
Trend	Varying								
Notes	Historical dat Plan.	a exists for FY	2010 through F	Y2017. This me	tric is new in FY	2019 APP as pa	nt of the FY 2018	DOC Strategic	

Indicator	NEW: Increase annual number of NOAA partnerships with the private sector (# of Cooperative Research and Development Agreements executed)
Category	Supporting (Strategic Plan)
Туре	Output
Description	A Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) is a written agreement between a private company and NOAA to work together on a project. Created as the result of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980, as amended by the Federal Technology Transfer Act of 1986, a CRADA allows NOAA and non-Federal partners to optimize their resources, share technical expertise in a protected environment, share intellectual property emerging from the effort, and speed the commercialization of NOAA developed technology. CRADAs are one of the principal mechanisms used by NOAA laboratories to engage in collaborative efforts with non-federal partners to achieve the goals of technology transfer. The CRADA, which is not an acquisition or procurement vehicle, is
	designed to be a relatively easy mechanism to implement, requiring less time and effort to initiate than previous methods for working with non-government organizations.

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target								8		
Actual	4	1	5	14	5	14	TBD			
Status (i.e. Exceeded, Met, Not Met)								NEW		
Trend	Varying									
Explanation (if Target not met in FY 2017)	New metric fo	New metric for FY 2019.								
Notes	Historical data exists for FY2010 through FY2017. This metric is new in FY2019 APP as part of the FY 2018 DOC Strategic Plan.									

Indicator	Annual number of	of peer-reviewed	d publications	related to envir	onmental under	standing and pre	diction		
Category	Key								
Туре	Output								
Description	The annual numb Peer review is one scientific and tech	e of the importan	t procedures us						
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	1200	1200	1200	1500	1500	1700	1100	1050	
Actual	1800	1676	1759	1860	1697	1678			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met			
Trend			Varying				_		
Explanation (if n	ot met in FY 2016)		n/a						
Actions to be tak	ken / Future Plans		None						
Adjustments to targets	The FY2015 targe 1700 due to excee reflect the FY19 P	eding the FY201	5-2016 target of						
Notes	NOAA-wide data collection began in FY2011 through the DOC Balanced Scorecard reporting. Budget narrative performance measures are chosen as the best indicators of progress in execution of a particular program, project, or activity (PPA) Budget Category. Their								
Information Gaps	The publication co book chapters, an produced prior to	d conference pro	ceedings. In ac	ldition, publication					

Indicator	Annual econor individual Sea		I benefits from	Sea Grant activi	ties as measure	d by jobs create	d/retained (rep	ported by each						
Category	Supporting (Nor	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)												
Туре	Customer Servi	се												
Description	information to h information and position create reported in this	This measure highlights change in jobs that communities or businesses generate or save due to Sea Grant assistance (i.e., providing nformation to help communities, industries or businesses expand, make better decisions or avoid mistakes). Sea Grant provides the nformation and training that informs business decisions, and in some cases firms create or sustain jobs as a result. A job created is a new position created and filled as a result of Sea Grant activities. An existing position that is filled with a Sea Grant-trained applicant should not be reported in this measure. A job sustained is an existing, filled position that is sustained as a direct result of Sea Grant activities. A job cannot be reported as both created and sustained in the same year.												
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019						
Target	4,000	4,000	9,600	9,600	9,600	20,770	0	0						
Actual	3,800	15,000	17,500	10,700	20,770	7,100								
Status	Not Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Not Met								
Trend				Varying										
Explanation (i	f not met in FY 20	17)		businesses gen help communiti mistakes). As s	erate or save due es, industries or b	e to Sea Grant as ousinesses expa c dollar value, job	sistance (i.e., nd, make bette os or businesse	that communities or providing information to r decisions or avoid es can vary each year n any given year.						
Notes				FY2017 showing actual full-year.										
Information Ga	aps			Current efforts a	are focused on be	etter defining the	measure stand	ards.						

Indicator		NEW: The cumulative number of NOAA datasets made openly available via Partners' cloud platforms to the public, America's Weather Enterprise and other environmental information stakeholders.											
Category	Supporting	Supporting FY18-22 DOC Strategic Plan											
Туре	Output	Output											
Description	collaborati datasets to	The measure is the cumulative number of instances of NOAA datasets made openly available via Partners' cloud platforms through collaborations with selected Industry Partners. In this developmental phase, NOAA does not determine which datasets or how many datasets to make available on Partner's cloud platforms, but the Partners do so with NOAA experts' support. Future measures are highly dependent upon the Partners' investments, including whether or not the Project continues past Q2EY19											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target					NA	NA	15	20					
Actual					3	6							
Status	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							

Explanation (if Target not met in FY 2017)	New performance measure for FY18.
Actions to be Taken	The Big Data Project's experimental phase has been extended through Q2FY19. The status of the project beyond that date is TBD.
Adjustments to Targets	Targets are to be achieved on a best-effort basis through Cooperative Research And Development Agreements (CRADAs) with selected industrial partners, and thus may be subject to changes beyond NOAA control.
Notes	Associated with the NOAA Big Data Project
Information Gaps	The NOAA Big Data Project formally began in FY15 but data were not publicly served through Partners' cloud platforms until FY16.

Indicator	Reduction	in gap betwe	en high-perfo	ormance com	outing deployed	l and what is neede	ed to meet modelin	ng requirements					
Category	Key												
Туре	Outcome	Outcome											
Description	Computing	The indicator shows the overall growth, in petaflops(PF), of the operational and research and development High Performance Computing capability. Our current enterprise supplies 16PF to support modeling requirements across NOAA. Growth in capacity will lessen the gap in current modeling requirement and provide additional capability to the modeling community within NOAA.											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target						13PF	16PF (30%)	17PF (5.8%)					
Actual						13PF							
Status						MET							
Trend	N/A												
Explanation (if Target not met in FY 2017)	New Indica	tor, no target	for FY17										
Actions to be Taken	Continue to	Continue to pursue recapitalization efforts. Larger recapitalization effort to begin in 2020											
Notes						the operational and aging computational		lopment HPC					

Information Gaps	Growth Rate will be generally tied to the overall budget. Flat budget conditions may result in a loss of capacity due to rising
	maintenance costs.

Indicator	U.S. Tempe	erature Forecas	ts Skill										
Category	Key	Кеу											
Туре	Output												
Description	Seasonal outlooks are used by sectors of the U. S. economy, such as energy, agriculture, transportation, etc. as one factor in resource decision making.). Seasonal outlooks are reported as the probability of temperature being above normal, near normal, below normal or, where no definite seasonal guidance can be provided, equal chances. This is the cumulative skill calculated for regions where predictions are made. These forecasts are verified using a 48 month running mean of Heidke Skill score computed for seasonal outlooks for each 3-month seasonal mean (e.g., January-February-March mean; February-March-April mean; March-April-May mean; and so on). Specific calculations for this measure may be found at: http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/90day/skill_exp.htmland http://www.cpc.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long_range/tools/briefing/seas_veri.grid.php												
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target	21	22	23	24	25	26	26	26					
Actual	29	26	26	25	24	34							
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded							
Trend	Stable						•						
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	1. CPC has e improvement 2. Increased opportunities support of the 3. CPC will c forecast tools	established a Clin ts in seasonal clin collaboration wit for model diagn <u>e CTB.</u> ontinue the succ s in CPC's opera	mate Test Bed (C mate prediction. h EMC, CDC, GFI ostics and testing essful collaborativ tional seasonal fo	neet outyear goals for FB) and has redirect DL and the reorgani by teams of internal re forecast process, recast discussions of cutting-edge science	ed nearly 25% of its zed NOAA/OAR and and external scienti which includes scie each month. This ex	s federal and contra d its Climate Progra ists though formal / ntists from ESRL a	act staff to acce am Office is exp Announcements and IRI and their	ected to enhance s of Opportunity in					
Adjustment s to targets	the annual so example, for effects of nat climate forec contribute to	No changes were made to this indicator since the previous Congressional submission. This indicator is based on a 4-year running mean of the annual score. Because of natural variability of climate regimes, the skill score can fluctuate considerably from one season to another. For example, for the periods influenced by a strong El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO) forcing, the skill score tends to be high. To reduce the effects of natural variability, this measure is based on averaging 48 consecutive individual seasons. The upgraded version of the NWS climate forecast system (CFS) was placed into operation during FY 2011. This version is being run at higher resolution and is anticipated to contribute to improve NWS performance.											
Notes	present.												

Indicator	Key milest	ones comple	ted on time for	satellites and shi	p deployments							
Category	Key	Кеу										
Description		Key activities for the development and launch of weather satellites and fleet modernization and products are identified and tracked using a project management system.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target			SAT: 7	SAT: 2	SAT: 3	SAT: 2	SAT: 2	SAT: 1				
-			SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 2	SHIPS: 2				
Actual			SAT: 7	SAT: 2	SAT: 3	SAT: 2						
			SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0	SHIPS: 0						
Status			Met	Met	Met	Met						
	SHIPS: FY	SHIPS: FY 2018 Q2: Issue Request for Proposal (RFP) for preliminary NAV ship design. FY 2018 Q3: Complete Milestone #2										
Notes	(Project Approval) documentation; submit to DOC. FY 2019 Q4: Complete N/V Class A AGOR Variant Preliminary Design Phase,											
	Continue Fo	orce Architect	ure efforts on the	e requirements and	alysis and concept (design for Class B a	ind C Vessels.	-				

Indicator	Base Funded Day	vs-at-Sea for NOAA Ship	s									
Category	Supporting											
Туре	Output	Output										
Description	planned and exec conducting missic	Days-At-Sea is the unit used to annually plan mission time aboard NOAA ships. Approximately 100 survey and research missions are planned and executed each year. A DAS is a day is which the ship is underway, under its own power, for greater than one hour, conducting mission operations, training, sea trials, or calibration. Also included are days in which hydrographic ships are not underway but are conducting operations aboard one or more ship-based launches.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target (base funded)	2,725	2,443	2,702	2,980	2,802	2,985	2,783	2,710				
Actual (base funded)	2,623	2,199	2,159	2,498	2,414	2,554						
Status	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met						
Trend	POSITIVE: (FY1	5: 84%, FY16: 86%, FY17	7: 86%)									
Explanation	Unscheduled ship	systems repairs and loss	s of days due to wea	ther.								
Actions to be Taken / Future Plans		Execution of progressive maintenance on all ships, completing service life assessments on 12 of 16 ships to evaluate capacity for extended service, initiating new ship construction to replace aging vessels.										
Notes		planned/actual DAS throu not changed over time.	ugh 2007									

Indicator		Percentage of data processed and delivered to operational users (NWS and other NOAA line offices, US military and operational partners) from NOAA-managed satellites.										
Description	Ensures that NOA	insures that NOAA provides real time (or near real time) availability of critical satellite data and products without gaps.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%	98.5%				
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
Notes	On time data and ir	magery provided	increases timelir	ess and accurac	y of public warni	ngs and forecasts o	of climate and we	eather events.				

Indicator	Severe Weather War	nings Tornado	es - Storm Bas	ed Lead Time (Minutes), Accu	uracy (%), and	False Alarm Ra	atio (%)				
Туре	Output											
	approximately 2,900 T based on a compariso	Tornado Warnings are issued to enable the public to get out of harm's way and mitigate preventable loss. NWS forecasters issue approximately 2,900 Tornado Warnings per year, primarily between the Rockies and Appalachian Mountains. Tornado Warning statistics are based on a comparison of warnings issued and weather spotter observations of tornadoes and/or storm damage surveys from Weather Forecast Offices in the United States. Metrics includes all warned tornado events and all unwarned tornado events.										
	on certified reports), as U.S. are averaged to g events. Accuracy or pr tornado warning. The	Lead Time (LT) for a Tornado Warning is the difference between the time the warning was issued and the time the tornado occurred (based on certified reports), assuming the tornado tracked within the bounds of the warned area. Lead Times for all tornado occurrences within the U.S. are averaged to get this statistic for a given fiscal year. This average includes all warned events with zero lead times and all unwarned events. Accuracy or probability of detection (POD) is the percentage of time a tornado actually occurred in an area that was covered by a tornado warning. The difference between the accuracy percentage figure and 100% represents the percentage of events occurring without warning. The false alarm ratio (FAR) is the percentage of times a tornado warning was issued, but no tornado occurrence was verified.										
Description	of this value implies gr tornadoes cannot be v categorizes tornado ch The annual variation o given year. Discrete, p track on radar than tor year variability in torna	ed to the neares igh we can com eater accuracy i isually tracked f naracteristics (in f Tornado Warn persistent long tranadoes that dev do outbreaks, a	at second, typica pute the average in the data base rom beginning t tensity, path len ing lead time, a ack tornadic sup relop within squa nd years with m	ally there is only be tornado warni ed on scientific a o end and post- ogth & width) be ccuracy (POD), percell storms, c all lines, tropical pore frequent ou	an estimate to ing lead time to and logistical re- storm damage ut must rely on r and false alarm often associated storms, or diso tbreaks, such a	the nearest min a precision of 3 estrictions on tor e surveying is the radar data to es n ratio is closely l with tornado ou organized storm s 2011, typically	ute of when a to o second incre nado reporting a e official method timate the timing tied to the varia utbreaks, are systems. Ther v exhibit better p	ornado touches down. ments or less, the reporting and surveying. Most I with which the NWS				
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Lead Time (min)												
Target	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13				
Actual	11	9	9	8	9	9						
Status	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met						

Trend	Directional: Stable										
Accuracy											
(%)											
Target	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72			
Actual	69	57	60	58	61	58					
Status	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met					
Trend	Directional: Stable						-				
False Alarm											
Ratio (%)											
Target	72	72	72	72	71	71	71	71			
Actual	73	74	70	70	69	72					
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met					
Trend	Directional: Stable										
Explanation (if not met in FY 2017)	either Harvey or Irma, the NWS Tornado Warning Probability of Detection (POD) and average Lead Time (LT) were already under their respective goals. The False Alert Ratio (FAR) however, at 70%, was just under the goal of 71%. In the aftermath of both Harvey and Irma, with only 76 reported tornadoes that resulted from these tropical systems, the FAR rose to 72% when combining these events with the rest of the FY. Nationally, outside of the Hurricane Irma, only a handful of tornadoes were reported during the month of September 2017, which did not substantially impact these metrics.										
	Improvements in NWS national Tornado average lead-time and accuracy goals are based on:										
•	- Upgrading high resolution models for forecaster situational awareness										
Actions to be taken /	- Enabling GIS for Pa	- Enabling GIS for Partners									
Future Plans	- Operationally impler Volume Scan Evaluat	-			· · ·		-				
	- Training NWS forec	asters as to use	new forecast to	ols and guidand	ce products						
Adjustment s to targets	No changes were ma	de to this indicat	or since the pre	vious Congress	ional submissio	n.					
Notes	NWS began reporting this measure in its Congressional Justification beginning in FY 2000 for compliance with Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) for 1993. These data are available from 1986 to present. Historically, tornado warnings were issued and verified on a countywide basis. Starting in FY 2008, the storm-based warnings were implemented with verification based solely for the areas impacted by the warning and event.										

Indicator	Severe Weather Warnings for Flash Floods - Lead Time (minutes) and Accuracy (%)										
Category	Supporting (Non-Stra	ategic Plan)									
Туре	Output										
Description	warning and the onse and territories served a given fiscal year. T (probability of detecti warned. Both flash flood warn	Both flash flood warning lead-time and accuracy metrics are cumulative over the fiscal year and, when reported prior to the end of the year, represent the year-to-date performance.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Lead Time (min)											
Target	42	58	60	61	61	63	63	65			
Actual	53	63	54	64	72	73					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Variable			•	•						
Accuracy (%)											
Target	74	74	74	76	76	76	76	76			
Actual	76	78	78	79	80	77					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Stable										

	In FY2012, the NWS reevaluated the current and out-year national average flash flood warning lead-time goals based on the current storm- based flash flood warnings data from FY2008 through Q3 and part of Q4 (July 31), FY2012. The NWS Flash Flood Average lead-time goal increases to 58-min for FY 2013 is a result of this evaluation. Subsequent increases to out-year NWS national Flash Flood Warning average lead-time and accuracy goals are based on:
Actions to be	Implementation of new water resource capabilities including distributed hydrologic modeling which will provide stream flow predictions at ungaged locations. Current flash flood detection capabilities are largely based on decision assistance tools which utilize precipitation estimates, rather than overland and streamflow modeling. (FY2018-FY2020)
taken / Future Plans	Recommendations and requirements delivered by the Evolving Rapid-Onset Flooding Services Requirements and Operations Concept Team on how to enhance the ability of the NWS to deliver services for rapid-onset flooding using existing and emerging tools to improve forecaster situational awareness, rapid-onset flood risk analysis, warning decision support tools, and simplified messaging. (FY2017-FY2018) Continued training on 1) precipitation estimation techniques, software enhancements and water resources modeling capabilities, and 2) decision support.
	Note the current and out-year national average flash flood warning accuracy goals remain consistent with those originally proposed in FY2010.
Adjustments	No changes were made to this indicator since the previous Congressional submission.
to targets	
Notes	NWS began reporting this measure in its Congressional Justification beginning in FY 2000 for compliance with GPRA. These data are available from 1986 to present. Historically, flash flood warnings were issued and verified on a countywide basis. Starting in FY 2010, the storm-based warnings were implemented with verification based solely for the areas impacted by the warning and event.

Indicator	Hurricane Forecast	Hurricane Forecast Track Error (48-Hour)									
Category	Supporting (Non-Stra	ategic Plan)									
Туре	Output	Output									
Description	The public, private sectors, emergency managers, and government institutions at all levels in this country and abroad use NOAA tropical cyclone forecasts to make decisions regarding the protection of life and property. This goal measures the difference between the projected and actual location of the center of tropical cyclones in nautical miles (nm) for the Atlantic Basin, averaged over all the 48-hour forecasts occurring during the calendar year. Because tropical cyclones are relatively rare events, this measure can show significant annual volatility. Projecting the long-term trend, and basing out-year goals on that trend, is preferred over making large upward or downward changes to the targets each year.										
	FY 2012	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019			
Target	84	83	81	77	71	68	65	62			
Actual	69	103	65	77	61	56*					
Status	Exceeded	Not Met	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Variable		•	•				•			

Explanation	
(if not met in	CY 2017 figure is preliminary. Final values will be available in April 2018.
FY 2016)	
Adjustments	Targets for FY 2017 and beyond were adjusted to reflect the FY 2015 and FY 2017 decreases in the HFIP. These revised targets
to targets	additionally reflect recent performance trends and improvements in Hurricane Weather Research and Forecasting model.
Notes	NWS began reporting this measure in its Congressional Justification beginning in FY 2003. These data are available from 1970 to present. CY 2017 GPRA final values will be available after the verification period. * Annual Hurricane Season begins June 1 and ends November 30. The final values are produced after a verification and validation period. Calendar Year (CY) 2017 Hurricane GPRA will be available in April 2018.

Indicator	Hurricane F	Hurricane Forecast Intensity Error (48 hour)									
Category	Supporting (N	Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Output										
Description	The public, p NOAA tropics difference be cyclones (i.e. difference (el events, this n trend, is prefe	he public, private sectors, emergency managers, and government institutions at all levels in this country and abroad use OAA tropical cyclone forecasts to make decisions regarding the protection of life and property. This measure represents the ifference between the projected intensity of these storms and the actual intensity in knots (kt) for Atlantic Basin tropical yclones (i.e., tropical depressions, tropical storms, and hurricanes). The measure is validated by computing the average ifference (error) for all the 48-hour forecasts occurring during a calendar year. Because tropical cyclones are relatively rare vents, this measure can show significant annual volatility. Projecting the long-term trend, and basing out-year goals on that end, is preferred over making large upward or downward changes to the targets each year.									
	CY 2012	CY 2013	CY 2014	CY 2015	CY 2016	CY 2017	CY 2018	CY 2019			
Target	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	12			
Actual	12	10.5	10	11	10	13					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met					
Trend	Variable										
Explanation (if not met in FY 2016)	CY 2017 figu	re is preliminary.	Final values will be	available in April 20	018						
Adjustments	Targets for FY	2017 and beyond	were adjusted to re	eflect performance	trends, anticipated	l impacts of mo	del upgrades	and FY			
to targets	2017 decreas	es in the HFIP.									
Notes	to present CY * Annually H	2017 GPRA final v urricane Season k	ure in its Congressi values will be availa begins June 1 and or Year (CY) 2017 I	ble after the verific ends November	cation period. 30. The final value	es are produce					

Indicator	Accuracy (%) (Threat Score) of Day 1 Precipitation Forecasts										
Category	Supporting (Non-St	rategic Plan)									
Туре	Output										
Description	Precipitation forecasts and other foundational general weather guidance developed by the Weather Prediction Center are extensively by the weather enterprise, the military, international interests, and NWS WFOs and RFCs to inform daily weat forecast. This information is used by government entities, economic sectors, and the general public to manage daily live activities and make resource decisions. This performance measure tracks the ability of the weather forecasters of NOAA Weather Prediction Center (WPC) to predict accurately the occurrence of one inch or more of precipitation (rain or the weather of melted snow or ice pellets) twenty-four hours in advance across the contiguous U.S. Through this measure WPC focuses on relatively heavy amounts of precipitation because of the major safety and economic impacts such heav precipitation can have in producing flooding, alleviating drought, and affecting river navigation.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	33			
Actual	33	33	33	33	36	34					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Positive										
Future Plans	 The NCEP Central Computer System will continue to be upgraded in its computational speed and memory storage capabilities allowing the running of more sophisticated numerical modeling systems of the hydrosphere. During the next several years, NCEP will implement a number of numerical weather prediction enhancements aimed at improving heavy precipitation forecasts, including increasing numerical model resolution, increasing the number of ensemble forecast members for both short- and medium-range forecast models, and improving the assimilation of satellite and other observational data used as the starting point for the numerical forecasts. Training by the WPC staff and visiting scientists on the use of new model information (e.g., ensembles) will assist the WPC 										
Adjustments to targets	forecasters in making improved precipitation predictions. 4. NCEP established a Hydrometeorological Testbed at WPC beginning in FY 2006 for the purpose of improving precipitation forecasts. No changes were made to this indicator since the previous Congressional submission.										
Notes	NWS began reportir data are available fr	-	-	onal Justification	beginning in FY	2000 for complia	ance with GPR	A. These			

Indicator	Winter Storm War	nings - Lead T	ime (Hours) and	d Accuracy (%)							
Category	Supporting (Non-St	rategic Plan)									
Туре	Output										
Description	A winter storm warning provides NOAA customers and partners advanced notice of a hazardous winter weather event that endangers life or property, or provides an impediment to commerce. Winter storm warnings are issued for winter weather phenomena like blizzards, ice storms, heavy sleet, and heavy snow. This performance indicator measures the accuracy and advance warning lead time of winter storm events. Improving the accuracy and advance warnings of winter storms enables the public to take the necessary steps to prepare for disruptive winter weather conditions.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Lead Time (hours)											
Target	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
Actual	18	22	22	21	21	22					
Status	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Stable					1		•			
Accuracy (%)											
Target	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90			
Actual	89	89	89	85	85	87					
Status	Not Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met					
Trend	Stable			•		•		•			
Explanation (if not met in FY 2017)		time (LT) was close to or abov at lower POD r nay also be imj	22 hours (FY 17 /e targeted value numbers. In addit pacting these sta	goal of 20 hours s. Lead times co ion, a somewha tistics. However	s). These number ontinue to outpac t uneven applica , overall trends a	rs are consistent e the goal, whic tion of more imp re steady.	t with the last se h may be havin act based verifi	everal g a small ication vs			
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	 more about model 2. Deploy advance applicable to issuin 3. Dual polarization to observe the form effect snow). 4. Develop addition 	 snowfall amounts may also be impacting these statistics. However, overall trends are steady. As forecasters work with higher resolution models such as Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) model, they learn more about model tendencies, allowing more precise and timely warnings. Deploy advanced ensemble modeling techniques. Ensemble techniques provide forecasters with probabilistic information applicable to issuing winter storm warnings. Dual polarization radars, satellite upgrades, and access to Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) – Enables forecasters to observe the formation/dissipation of mesoscale snow bands, which result in locally higher snow accumulation (i.e., lake effect snow). Develop additional training and coordination support with National Centers. 									
Adjustments to targets	No changes were r	nade to this inc	licator since the p	previous Congre	ssional submissi	on.					

	NWS began reporting this measure in its Congressional Justification beginning in FY 2001. These data are available from
Notes	1998 to present. From 1998 through 2006 statistics were calculated manually. Automated verification with additional quality
	control began in October 2007 to present.

Indicator	Marine Wind - Pero	centage of Accu	urate Forecasts	& Marine Wave	e Heights - Perc	entage of Accu	rate Forecasts	5	
Category	Supporting (Non-Sti	rategic Plan)							
Туре	Output								
Description	These performance commerce. These m For the Day 1 marin of forecast errors has forecasts with errors exceeds (20 knots, For the Day 1 wave forecast errors has forecasts with errors feet, 20 feet) respect These measures us	neasures repres te wind speed fo as been used to s less than (7 kn 34 knots, 48 kno height forecast, been used to de s less than (4 fee stively.	ent the percenta recast, errors les define correct fo ots, 10 knots, 15 ots) respectively. errors less than fine correct forec et, 6 feet) are acc	ge of accurate for ss than 5 knots a recasts whenever knots) are accu 2 feet are define casts whenever h curate forecasts	orecasts; accurate are defined as accurate ar higher wind sp rate forecasts whe ed as accurate. So higher waves hav when the observ	cy is defined in te curate. Since FY eeds have occur nen the observed Since FY2014, a ve occurred. Hen ed wave height e	erms of error. 2014, a higher rred. Hence, wi d wind speed e higher thresho nce, all wave he equals or excee	threshold nd speed quals or ld of eight	
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Wind (%)									
Target	71	74	74	75	78	78	79	79	
Actual	76	76	78	80	80	81			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Directional: Positive							•	
Wave Height (%)									
Target	75	75	76	76	81	81	82	82	
Actual	78	81	84	84	85	84			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Directional: Positive	•							
Actions to be taken	Implementation of ir	ncreased training	g opportunities de	etailed on Perfor	mance Website.				
Notes	NWS began reporti	ng this measure	in its Congression	onal Justification	beginning in FY	2001. Legacy st	atistics are ava	ailable from	
	 NWS began reporting this measure in its Congressional Justification beginning in FY 2001. Legacy statistics are available fr FY 1994 through FY 2012. New marine verification program began FY 2013. Beginning in FY 2013, Wind and Wave verification extended out to 5 and 7 days respectively, while the legacy program was limited to verifying Day 1. 								

Indicator	Aviation Ceiling/Vis	ibility Forecast	Accuracy & Fa	se Alarm Ratio	(%) Instrumen	t Flight Rules ((IFR)			
Category	Supporting (Non-Stra	ategic Plan)								
Туре	Output									
Description	Visibility and cloud ceiling forecasts are critical for aircraft safety and efficient operations. When visibility or cloud ceilings are low, pilots rely on instruments to navigate instead of visual reconnaissance. The Federal Aviation Administration establishes Instrument Flight Rule (IFR) thresholds—visibility less than three statute miles and/or cloud ceilings at, or below, 1000 feet— for safety. NWS assesses the quality of IFR threshold forecasts in response to these requirements. Fundamental statistical metrics, specifically Probability of Detection (POD) and False Alarm Ratio (FAR), are used to track IFR forecast performance. Probability of Detection (POD), also known as Accuracy, is a ratio that describes the number of times IFR is correctly forecasted compared to the total number of IFR occurrences. FAR is a ratio that describes the number of IFR forecasts when IFR was not observed compared to the total number of forecast attempts. These two metrics must always be used in conjunction, as one can be improved at the expense of the other. Greater accuracy and a minimized FAR result in safer flight and fewer flight delays; conversely, poorer accuracy and an increased FAR result in a greater incidence of unnecessary flight delays.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Accuracy (%)										
Target	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65		
Actual	61	62	62	65	63	63				
Status	Not Met	Not Met	Met	Met	Met	Met				
Trend	Stable					•				
False Alarm Ratio (%)										
Target	40	38	38	38	38	38	38	38		
Actual	39	37	36	34	38	37				
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded				
Trend	Positive	1	1							
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	Operational emphasis focuses on detecting IFR conditions and making accurate and precise forecasts. Results of improvements to TAF products at 30 busiest airports indicate focused attention on the TAF improves the accuracy. Additional training and coordination on impact of the TAF on air traffic will continue to highlight the importance of providing timely and accurate forecasts. Other efforts are centering on refining performance measures, such as lead time to occurrence and cessation, impacts to operations measures, and other quantitative methods to reveal ways to improve forecast skill and technique. Significant improvement in forecast skill is not achievable without infusion of new science and technology.									
Adjustments to targets	No changes were ma	•						-		
Notes	NWS began reporting Justification beginnin statute miles and/or c	g in FY 2001. Da	ata for aviation pe	erformance meas	sure with IFR th	-				

Indicator	Geomagneti	c Storm Forec	ast Accuracy (%)								
Category	Supporting (N	Non-Strategic Pl	an)									
Туре	Output											
Description	geomagnetic geomagnetic or extreme le experience e	storms, which p storm scale (G vel. During a G	ootentially disru -scale) ranges 5 event, where ge causing sys	pt power syster from the G1 or r aurora may be tem collapse or	at NOAA's Space W ns, spacecraft opera ninor level where we visible over most of blackout; significant ailable.	ations, and navigatio eak power grid fluctu the United States, th	n systems. The lations can occl ne power grid ca	NOAA ur to the G5 an				
	forecast is co storm event v is verified bas	Geomagnetic Storm Forecast Accuracy is a percentage that reflects the amount of time that the SWPC geomagnetic storm forecast is correct over a 24-hour period. The 24 hour geomagnetic storm forecast is considered accurate if a G1 or greater storm event was correctly predicted. This calculation also includes geomagnetic storms which were not forecast. This measure is verified based on ground-based magnetometer observations. This measure is averaged over the 60 most recent										
	FY 2012	storms to main	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Taraot	FT 2012	FT 2013	51	53	53	40	56	57				
Target Actual			40	57	68	65	50	57				
Status			Not Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
Trend	Positive		Notmet	LYCEEden	LYCEEded	LYCEEded						
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	- WSA-Enlil S - Forecaster - WSA-Enlil S - Implementa - Interpretatio - Note STER		el Enhancemer proved Model I el Continuing V e modeling tecl on of NASA So mission lifetime	nts; nterpretation an alidation and Im nniques; lar Terrestrial R	••			entially lost				
Adjustments to targets Notes	this measure of this measure variability of g which the cur NWS began average over	has recovered ure. This measu geomagnetic sto rrent solar cycle reporting this m 30 storms and	and new goals ire has shown s orm intensity ar <u>has been large</u> easure in its Co represented th	for FY18 and b strong variability of frequency ov ely devoid of, ca ongressional Ju e percentage of	a failing to meet perform eyond have been set y over time. Some of er both the solar cycon an be more obvious a stification beginning days that a geomage These data are avail	t to better reflect the f that variability can le and between sola and easier to forecas in FY 2013. In FY 2 gnetic storm event at	e longer-term per be explained by ar cycles. Big st st. 013, this measu t Earth was corr	rformance / the orms, of ire was the				

Indicator	Customer Satisfaction	Index (CSI)						
Category	Кеу							
Description	Weather information u throughout the Nation annual responses.							
	The Customer Satisfa different facets of satis software technology to expectations of service The ACSI was started American Society for (provide information or inputs to an economed economic sectors, as	sfaction with NV o estimate the v e, and a compa in the United S Quality in Milwa satisfaction wi	VS services. An weighting. The t arison to an idea States in 1994 b aukee, Wiscons ith the quality of penchmarks cu	merican Custon hree questions al organization. y researchers a in, and CFI Gro products and s stomer satisfact	her Satisfaction include the ove Indexes are rep t the University up in Ann Arbo ervices availab ion with more t	Index (ACSI) ro rall satisfaction ported on a 0 to r of Michigan, in r, Michigan. The le to consumers han 300 compa	esearchers use of NWS service 100 scale. conjunction wit e Index was dev s. The survey d	proprietary es, th the veloped to ata serve as
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Actual	84	82	84	80	82	82		
Notes	Scores in the 80s are on public opinion and					e scores. Addit	ionally, scores	are based

Indicator	Number of co	mmunities that	utilize Digital C	oast					
Category	Supporting (St	Supporting (Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Output	Output							
Description	level of depth h its users are co geospatial info is used to direc Census-design	Digital Coast is a web-platform providing coastal geospatial information. This measure, obtained via web statistics, provides a level of depth beyond traditional measures, such as number of visits or page views, which allows the effort to assess where its users are coming from. Given that the Digital Coast effort is national in scope, yet local in its approach to providing geospatial information to address coastal issues, such as coastal resilience, this measure provides valuable information that is used to direct outreach efforts and content development. The number of communities using Digital Coast is based on Census-designated places within coastal states, including all Census-defined cities, towns, townships, boroughs, and incorporated municipalities.							
	to absorb and	filter excess wate	er and reduce flo	ded to help coast oding. These toc ons providing the	ols include an inte	eractive interfac	ce, a guide for sp	-	
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	2,807	3,275	4,750	5,375	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,000	
Actual	4,663	5,221	5,249	6,330	5,043	7,040			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded			

Trend	Positive
Adjustments to	FY19 target reflect impacts from program changes in FY19.
targets	
Notes	Data goes back to FY2011.

Indicator	-	Percentage of U.S. coastal states and territories demonstrating annual improvement in resilience capacity to weather and climate hazards							
Category	Key								
Туре	Outcome	Outcome							
Description	hazards. It qu improving the integration of measure. An	This measure tracks a range of contributions to address coastal community risk, vulnerability, and resilience to coastal hazards. It quantifies NOAA's contributions to this important goal across NOAA's coastal programs, measuring how NOAA is improving the Nation's capacity for resilience to hazards and is contributing significantly to NOAA's efforts to improve integration of its coastal programs, and expanding beyond the three coastal integration programs providing inputs to the measure. An index of a range of activities to mitigate coastal community risk and vulnerability to coastal hazards. It measures improvement in the Nation's capacity for end to end preparedness, response, recovery and resilience to hazards.							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	34%	40%	46%	51%	60%	66%	71%	51%	
Actual	46%	57%	54%	60%	74%	69%			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Positive								
Actions to be taken / Future Plans			uture targets if the		•			ngage state	
Adjustments to targets	FY19 target r	eflect the cumul	ative impact of m	ultiple program o	changes in FY19				
Notes	Data goes ba	ick to FY2011.							

Indicator	Percent of	Percent of all coastal communities susceptible to harmful algal blooms verifying use of accurate HAB forecasts.									
Category	Supporting	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Outcome	Outcome									
Description	algal bloom feedback re causes of H species an	ns (HAB) and esponses bef HABs and the d toxins, and ping operatio	the utility and a ore and after a ir impacts to hu collaborate with	accuracy of HAB fo forecast HAB ever imans and coastal n stakeholders to d	erational forecasts) with recasts. Utility and acc nt. This measure inform ecosystems, develop p evelop HAB mitigation all vulnerable commun	curacy are verif is on-going NC products that d strategies. NC	ied through cu DAA efforts to c etect and fore COS, CO-OP	stomer characterize cast HAB S, and partners			
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	TBD	18%	18%	18%	18%	23%	23%	23%			
Actual	18%	18%	18%	18%	18%	23%					

Status		Met	Met	Met	Met	Met			
Trend	Stable	Stable							
Notes	Data goes b	back to FY20	09.						

Indicator	NEW: Perc	ent of top 175	U.S. seaports w	vith access to Phy	sical Oceanogra	phic Real-Time	e Systems (POI	RTS®),
	which imp	roves the safe	ty and efficienc	y of marine transp	ortation	-		-
Category	Supporting	(Strategic Plan)					
Туре	Outcome							
Description	through the through the NOAA's PC information reduction in NOAA's Ce information marine tran Achieving th	300 or so port nation's top 17 RTS® a real- about environr accidents and nter for Operat on tides, water sportation, as w his Strategic Go	s in the U.S. on a 75 seaports. This ime integrated synemtal conditions over \$50M in ec ional Oceanogra levels, currents, vell as providing bal is dependent	eers, who tracks th an annual basis, over measure is the per ystem of sensors we in the seaport. Eco onomic benefits. phic Products and s and other coastal of important information	er 95 percent of a rcentage of the top orking together to onomic studies sh Services (CO-OPS observations that l on to the coastal n lination and availa	II annual U.S. ca p 175 U.S. seap provide mariner ow PORTS®ca S), collects and c help improve the nanagement cor ibility of partner f	argo tonnage pa orts that benefit rs with accurate in provide a 50% disseminates re e safety and effi- mmunity. funding.	sses from and reliable 6 or more al-time ciency of
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target				35%	35%	35%	38%	39%
Actual				35%	35%	37%		
Status				Met	Met	Exceeded		
Trend	Stable							•

Indicator	Hydrographic data acquired to support safe and efficient maritime commerce and for community resilience to storms and other coastal hazards (in square nautical miles)
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)
Туре	Output

Description	 NOAA conducts hydrographic surveys to determine the bathymetry of primarily in U.S. waters significant for navigation This activity includes the detection, location, and identification of wrecks and obstructions with side scan and multi- beam sonar technology. NOAA uses the data to produce nautical charts in a variety of formats for safe and efficient navigation, in addition to the commercial shipping industry, other user communities that benefit from actionable information include recreational boaters, the commercial fishing industry, port authorities, coastal zone managers, marine spatial and emergency planners. Targets for this measure are set by formula, based on available contract func and expected days at sea. However, actual area collected will vary depending on the location and characteristics (dep bottom complexity) of the areas surveyed. Presently NOAA has the capacity to survey roughly 3,000 SNM of navigationally significant Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) waters, evaluate 12% of priority port area shoreline for change each year, and map 3% of the 95,000 miles of U.S. open coastal shoreline; this capacity does fall short of the 10,000 SNM and 20% to 10% total annual requiremen The 50-year re-survey cycle is revised to consider that in addition to re-survey areas, the Nation's need to define emerging critical areas. In 2004, NOAA created this category to allow for designation of areas that currently meet the definition of critical areas in the Gulf of Mexico and in Alaskan waters surrounding Kodiak Island which had areas which were survey in the 1800's using leadline technology and are now experiencing an increase in commercial traffic. NOAA is assessing emerging survey needs of the Arctic that had not been considered in previous assessment of the Hydrographic Priorities (approx. 1 million SNM. Arctic maritime community plan to address this vast (40,000 SNM) critical area survey requirement and efforts to understand changing requirements, hav precluded								
	Prior	ities (http://www.	nauticalcharts	.noaa.gov/hsd	/docs/NHSP_201	I.pdf), but is work	ing to add them		
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	2,200	3,000	2,671	2,556	2,509	2,287	2,279	2,279	
w/supplemental		120	258						
Total Target	2,200	3,120	2,929	2,556	2,509	2,287	2,279		
Actual (Original)							2,213	2,279	
	2,947	2,285	2,207	3,135	3,296	2,480	2,215	2,279	
Impact of Recovery	2,947	2,285	2,207	3,135			2,213	2,279	
Funds	2,947	2,285	2,207	3,135			2,213	2,279	
	2,947	2,285	2,207	3,135				2,279	
Funds Total Actual (Adjustments reflecting Original and Recovery					3,296	2,480		2,279	
Funds Total Actual (Adjustments reflecting Original and Recovery Act Funds	2,947	2,285	2,207	3,135	3,296	2,480		2,279	
Funds Total Actual (Adjustments reflecting Original and Recovery Act Funds Status	2,947 Exceeded Variable	2,285 Not Met	2,207 Not Met	3,135 Exceeded	3,296	2,480 2,480 Exceeded		2,279	

Indicator	Cumulative p	ercent of U.S. and	territories survey	ed to improve	vertical refere	nce system for r	nodernized		
	height/elevati	on data	-						
Category	Supporting (No	on-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Outcome								
Description	American Vert applications in systems and a success in ach important for c assessments a elevations. In F last charted 35 "Enabled" is te heights (height area enabled v	chnically defined as ts relative to sea-le vith regards to a pro	D) initiative and im jundation manager ccurate heights an ategic priorities. The e by determining w anagement and pla was collected to up s having GRAV-D vel) necessary to d e-defined total area	plementation of nent. This impr d is a key comp e need for found there water flow nning decisions date charted de data necessary efine a new nate a that includes l	f a new Nationa oved vertical ref ponent of the end dational coast to vs in order to ma s with improved epths for St. Cro to support a 1 o tional vertical da U.S. territorial la	I Vertical Datum f ference system is hanced geospatia o coast intelligenc ake accurate inun water level predic bix, US Virgin Isla cm geoid supporti atum. NGS will ca and and adjacent I	or a wide variety critical for all ob al framework rec e networks is pa dation models a ctions based on nds, along a sho ng 2 cm orthom culate the perce and and water a	y of serving juired for articularly nd accurate oreline etric entage of areas	
	necessary for final determination of a national vertical reference system. As progress is made, each survey area will be represented by a polygon that will define the completed areas. The performance measure will be tracked as a percent of the total area that is identified as complete.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	20%	28%	36%	45%	53%	62%	70%	79%	
Actual	23.9%	31%	36%	45%	55%	64%			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Positive								
Notes	Data goes b	ack to FY2010.							

Indicator	Fish Stock Sustainability Index (FSSI) (cumulative)
Category	Key (Strategic Plan)
Description	NMFS measures the performance of U.S. Federal fisheries through the Fish Stock Sustainability Index (FSSI). The FSSI is an index of sustainability for domestic commercial and recreational fish stocks in the U.S. The index is comprised of 199 stocks, representing 85% of the total catch of all stocks. These 199 stocks were selected for their importance to commercial and recreational fisheries, including considerations of economic, ecological and social value. The index is scored on a 1,000-point scale, with each stock given a score between 0 and 4 (0=status unknown; 4=meets all sustainable fishing criteria). The FSSI increases when NMFS determines that the status of a stock has improved: it is either no longer subject to overfishing, is no longer overfished, its biomass has increased to at least 80 percent of target, or it is rebuilt. These are all factors that contribute to sustainably managed fisheries. For more information: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/fisheries_eco/status_of_fisheries/fssi.html
Туре	Outcome

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target (FSSI 1)*	603.5	617.0	NA					
Actual (FSSI 1)*	606.0	618.5	640.5					
Target (FSSI 2)*			756 (602/796)	749 (596.5/796)	758 (603.5/796)	754 (600.5/796)	763 (607.5/796)	769.5 (612.5/796)
Actual (FSSI 2)*	689 (548.5/796)	719 (572.5/796)	746 (594/796)	761.5 (606.5/796)	754 (600.5/796)	756.5 (602.5/796)		
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Exceeded	Not Met	Met		
Trend	Positive							
Trend Positive * In FY 2014, NOAA revised the number and make-up of stocks in the index, as well as the score calc methodology, in order to allow more flexibility regarding the number of stocks in the index. Although th changes resulted in a general increase in scores (since the maximum score increased from 920 to 1,0 trend in scores remains the same. However, scores under FSSI 1 are not directly comparable to score FSSI 2. Notes The numbers in parentheses are the raw scores used to derive the index score. The numerator is the individual stock scores (each is between 0 and 4). The denominator is the maximum possible raw score 4 = 796). These numbers are not provided for FSSI 1 because those scores are simply the total of the individual stock scores.								the total of all score (199 x

Indicator	Percent of S	tocks For Whi	ch Catch is be	low the Specifie	d Annual Catch L	imit (ACL) (cumula	tive)					
Category	Supporting	Supporting										
Туре	Intermediate Outcome											
Description	This measure	e tracks the per	centage of fish	stocks that are b	elow their annual ca	atch limit (ACL) in a	given year. In 2	007,				
	Congress enacted a requirement to use ACLs to end and prevent overfishing. The use of ACLs has been successful in ending and preventing overfishing, as stock assessments have shown the number of stocks subject to overfishing continuing to decline. Performance is measured by comparing the final annual catch estimate to the ACL for each stock that has an ACL. If the final annual catch estimate for the stock is less than the ACL, NOAA will report that the stock did not exceed its ACL. For more information: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/management/acls_ams/index.html FY 2012FY 2013FY 2014FY 2015FY 2016FY 2017FY 2018FY 2019											
Target				79.5%	81%	82%	83%	84%				
Actual			91%	89.7%	90.7%	91.9%						
Status				Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
	Stable											

Indicator	Percentage of FS	SSI Stocks with Ad	dequate Populatio	on Assessments a	and Forecasts (cu	umulative)						
Category	Supporting (Non-	Strategic Plan)										
Туре	Output											
	(FSSI), actual dat	a for years prior to	FY 2014 are not co	omparable to data	for FY 2014 and b	eyond due to the	he recent rev	isions to				
	FSSI (see above)											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	57.4%* (132/230)	57.0%* (131/230)	64.8% (129/199)	67.3% (134/199)	61.3% (122/199)	63.8% (127/199)	64.8% (129/199)	64.3% (128/199)				
Actual	56.1%* (129/230)	58.3%* (134/230)	63.3% (126/199)	64.3% (128/199)	62.3% (124/199)	63.3% (126/199)						
Status	Met	Exceeded	Met	Met	Exceeded	Met						
Trend	Stable											
Notes	for FY 2014 and b provided for refere	Stable Since this measure covers the same fish stocks as the FSSI, actual data for years prior to FY 2014 are not comparable to data for FY 2014 and beyond. Data for these years was calculated with a different set of fish stocks. Denominators have been provided for reference. Actuals for FY 14-15 were updated following the discovery of reporting errors in the data.										

Indicator	Percentage of Pro	tected Species Sto	cks with Adequ	ate Populatio	n Assessmer	nts and Forec	asts (cumulat	ive)			
Category	Supporting (Non-St	rategic Plan)									
Туре	Output										
Description	vital to determine th	s the percentage of p he scientific basis for be based on recent of	supporting and	evaluating the	impact of mar	nagement actio					
	assessment freque frequencies, asses Marine Mammal Pr increase as new sp	current stock status based on a variety of data category levels (e.g., life history, threats, stock structure, assessment quality, assessment frequency, and abundance), and conservation status. Stock status projections are highly dependent on survey frequencies, assessment timeframes, and fiscal constraints. This measure covers the protected species stocks covered by the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) or listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The number of such stocks continues to increase as new species are listed and as new stocks of listed species and marine mammals are identified— the latter typically indicates increased knowledge about population stock structure. Denominators are shown for reference.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	19.5% (78/400)	22.0% (88/400)	18.9% (78/412)	21.6% (89/412)	20.7% (89/429)	19.9% (85/428)	21.7% (93/429)	24.9% (107/429)	1		
Actual	19.3% (77/400)	19.0% (76/400)	15.0% (62/412)	18.7% (77/412)	19.2% (82/428)	19.3% (83/429)]		
Status	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Met			1		
Trend	Increasing							•	1		

Type Outcome Description This measure tracks progress toward the recovery of endangered, threatened, or depleted protected species under NMFS' jurisdiction. These species are listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) or as depleted under the Marine Marmal Protection Act (MMPA). Recovery of threatened, endangered, or depleted species can take decades. It may not be possible to recover or de-list a species in the near term, but progress can be made to stabilize or increase the species population. For some species, this means trying to stop steep population declines, while for others it means trying to increase their numbers. FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 Target 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) Image: Species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. Adjustments to targets The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species	Indicator	Number of Protected Species Designated as Threatened, Endangered or Depleted with Stable or Increasing Population										
Type Outcome This measure tracks progress toward the recovery of endangered, threatened, or depleted protected species under NMFS' jurisdiction. These species are listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) or as depleted under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA). Recovery of threatened, endangered, or depleted species can take decades. It may not be possible to recover or de-list a species in the near term, but progress can be made to stabilize or increase the species population. For some species, this means trying to stop steep population declines, while for others it means trying to increase their numbers. FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 Target 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Stable The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are merged. This number increases from 90 when the FY 2		Levels (cumu	ulative)									
Process This measure tracks progress toward the recovery of endangered, threatened, or depleted protected species under NMFS' jurisdiction. These species are listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) or as depleted under the Marine Marmal Protection Act (MMPA). Recovery of threatened, endangered, or depleted species can take decades. It may not be possible to recover or de-list a species in the near term, but progress can be made to stabilize or increase the species population. For some species, this means trying to stop steep population declines, while for others it means trying to increase their numbers. FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 Target 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90)	Category	Кеу										
Description jurisdiction. These species are listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) or as depleted under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA). Recovery of threatened, endangered, or depleted species can take decades. It may not be possible to recover or de-list a species in the near term, but progress can be made to stabilize or increase the species population. For some species, this means trying to stop steep population declines, while for others it means trying to increase their numbers. FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 Target 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) Image: Stable Adjustments to targets The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 2	Туре	Outcome										
increase their numbers. Increase their numbers. FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 Farget 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) Increase Increase Met	Description	jurisdiction. The under the Mar	jurisdiction. These species are listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA) or as depleted under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA). Recovery of threatened, endangered, or depleted species can take decades									
Target 28 27 28 (84) 34 (74) 31 (90) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) 30 (92) 30 (92) Status Exceeded Exceeded Met State State State		increase their	numbers.	•								
Actual 29 30 37 (84) 31 (73) 31 (89) 30 (90) Status Exceeded Exceeded Exceeded Met Met Met Trend Stable Stable The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. Adjustments to targets The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when new species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 28, 2012, listing of the Arctic ringed seal as threatened. Therefore, at this time, Arctic ringed seals are not listed as a threatened species under the ESA. This number increases from 89 to 95 in FY 2017 because two populations of green turtles have been split into six distinct population segments (DPS), while one globally listed species of humpback whale has been separated into three DPS's for a net increase of six listed species.		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Status Exceeded Exceeded Exceeded Met Met Met Trend Stable The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 28, 2012, listing of the Arctic ringed seal as threatened. Therefore, at this time, Arctic ringed seals are not listed as a threatened species under the ESA. This number increases from 89 to 95 in FY 2017 because two populations of green turtles have been split into six distinct population segments (DPS), while one globally listed species of humpback whale has been separated into three DPS's for a net increase of six listed species.	Target	28	27	28 (84)	34 (74)	31 (90)	30 (90)	30 (92)	30 (92)			
Trend Stable Adjustments to targets The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 28, 2012, listing of the Arctic ringed seal as threatened. Therefore, at this time, Arctic ringed seals are not listed as a threatened species under the ESA. This number increases from 89 to 95 in FY 2017 because two populations of green turtles have been split into six distinct population segments (DPS), while one globally listed species of humpback whale has been separated into three DPS's for a net increase of six listed species.	Actual	29	30	37 (84)	31 (73)	31 (89)	30 (90)					
Adjustments to targets The total number of species was reduced from 95 to 90 due to information showing that 5 species live primarily in international waters. In FY 2018 we will begin tracking two newly listed species. The numbers in parentheses denote the total number of species that are listed as threatened, endangered, or depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 28, 2012, listing of the Arctic ringed seal as threatened. Therefore, at this time, Arctic ringed seals are not listed as a threatened species under the ESA. This number increases from 89 to 95 in FY 2017 because two populations of green turtles have been split into six distinct population segments (DPS), while one globally listed species of humpback whale has been separated into three DPS's for a net increase of six listed species.	Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met					
depleted. This number increases when new species are listed or when existing listed species are split into separate stocks, and decreases when species are de-listed or when separate stocks of a listed species are merged. This number decreased from 90 when the FY 2016 target was set to 89 because on March 11, 2016, the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska issued a decision vacating NMFS's December 28, 2012, listing of the Arctic ringed seal as threatened. Therefore, at this time, Arctic ringed seals are not listed as a threatened species under the ESA. This number increases from 89 to 95 in FY 2017 because two populations of green turtles have been split into six distinct population segments (DPS), while one globally listed species of humpback whale has been separated into three DPS's for a net increase of six listed species.				•			•	t 5 species live	primarily in			
nformation Gaps	Notes		depleted. This nun separate stocks, a merged. This num U.S. District Court Arctic ringed seal a under the ESA. Th been split into six o	nber increases when nd decreases when ber decreased from for the District of Ala as threatened. There is number increases distinct population se	n new species are li species are de-liste 90 when the FY 20 aska issued a decis efore, at this time, A from 89 to 95 in F ¹ egments (DPS), whi	sted or when e of or when sep 16 target was s ion vacating N rctic ringed sea Y 2017 becaus ile one globally	xisting listed sp arate stocks of set to 89 becau MFS's Decemb als are not liste e two populatic	becies are split a listed specie lise on March 1 ber 28, 2012, lis d as a threater ons of green tu	into es are 1, 2016, the sting of the ned species rtles have			
	Information Ga	IDS										

Indicator	Number and Percentage of Actions Ongoing or Completed to Recover Endangered and Threatened Species (Cumulative)
Category	Supporting (Strategic Plan)
Туре	Output
Description	This measure tracks the progress of ongoing or completed recovery actions included in NMFS approved recovery plans for species listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The ESA requires NMFS to prepare

	recovery pla	ans for each end	angered or threa	tened species. Th	ne plans include a	list of actions nece	ssary to remove	species		
						in a year; or other				
	monitoring, that may take many years to complete or are ongoing. Recovery of threatened or endangered species is a									
	gradual pro	cess that can tak	e decades, and	completed recove	ry actions can sho	w incremental prog	gress made in ad	chieving		
	recovery. D	enominators are	shown as a refe	rence.						
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target		44.6% (1,875/4,202)	44.4% (1,979/4,457)	46.2% (2,070/4,482)	49.1% (2,229/4,542)	48.7% (2,213/4,545)	48.2% 2,241/4,653	48.8% 2,270/4,653		
Actual	44.3% (1,862/4,2 02)	45.1% (1,897/4,202)	45.2% (2,013/4,457)	48.1% (2,157/4,482)	49.2% (2,233/4,542)	48.0% (2,183/4,545)				
Status		Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met				
Trend	Positive									
Adjustments to targets	action track Tool (RAM was include review of th (benefiting much too hi	The revised targets for FY 17-19 target have been adjusted for numerous errors discovered during a transition of all recovery action tracking from the FWS Recovery Online Activity Reporting (ROAR) database to the NMFS Recovery Action Mapping Tool (RAMT). These errors resulted in 63 fewer actions included as Ongoing or Complete. In addition, a duplicate recovery plan was included in the FY 2017 targets with a total of 299 actions targeted to be Ongoing or Completed. Finally, during a quality review of the data, NMFS discovered that many of the thousands of actions appear in multiple plans but are the same action (benefiting multiple species) and so were being counted multiple times. As a result, the denominator in the outyear targets was much too high. The revised targets (including FY 17) reflect rectification of these errors and are comparable to the previous targets. With data tracking consolidated into a single NMFS database, these errors should not recur.								
Notes	The numbers in parentheses are the raw numbers used to derive the percentages. The numerator is the total number of actions targeted or accomplished. The denominator is the total number of actions in all recovery plans during that fiscal year. The denominators illustrate the increasing number of total actions across all recovery plans, resulting mostly from an increasing number of plans. The total number of actions increased from 4,542 in 2016 to 9,575 in 2017 due to a number of new salmon recovery plans that added thousands of new actions to the total that need to be completed.									

Indicator	Number of Habitat Acres Restored (annual)
Category	Supporting (Strategic Plan)
Туре	Output
Description	NOAA restores habitat areas lost or degraded as a result of development and other human activities, as well as specific pollution incidents and sources. Activities are geared toward NOAA trust resources found across the marine environment, including the Great Lakes region, and are supportive of anadromous species (i.e., species that migrate from the sea to freshwater to spawn). The intent of this measure is to summarize or project the geographic area over which ecosystem function has been or will be improved as the direct result of habitat restoration efforts. This measure does not include restoration conducted through the Species Recovery Grants. Examples of projects that contribute to this measure include hydrologic reconnection of wetlands, shellfish and coral reef restoration, and dam removal and fish passage.

	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	80,007 (6,007 RC + 74,000 PCSRF)	60,228 (8,228 RC + 52,000 PCSRF)	40,820 (11,820 RC + 29,000 PCSRF)	32,460 (9,460 RC + 23,000 PCSRF)	23,922 (8,522 RC + 15,400 PCSRF)	11,050 (4,153 RC + 6,760 PCSRF)	17,280 (4,400 RC + 12,880 PCSRF)	22,300 (8,000 RC + 14,300 PCSRF)
Actual	58,120 (8,242 + 49,878 PCSRF)	46,656 (9,005 RC + 37,712 PCSRF – 61 joint)	31,311 (9,354 RC + 22,007 PCSRF – 50 joint)	22,975 (10,363 RC + 12,688 PCSRF – 76 joint)	21,232 (8,844 RC + 12,388 PCSRF)	10,207 (4,153 RC + 6,054 PCSRF)		
Status	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met	Met		
Trend	Negative							
Adjustments to targets	FY2018-22 Str	ategic Plan.		e retiring this meas		-		
Notes	Acres reported for this measure are restored under two programs, the NMFS Habitat Program Restoration Center (RC) and the Pacific Coastal Salmon Recovery Fund (PCSRF). The numbers in parentheses report the individual total acres targeted restored for these programs. In some cases, there were acres restored by both programs together, which have been reporte as joint acres in order to eliminate double counting. Prior to FY 2011, PCSRF acres were not comparable to RC acres and so were not reported together.							s targeted or en reported

Indicator	NEW: Num	per of natural	resource env	ironments managed	by the Office of Natio	onal Marine Sand	ctuaries in which	ch water,				
	habitat, and living resource quality is stable or improving											
Category	Supporting (Strategic Plan)											
Туре	Outcome											
Description	natural resource tre environment "stable" or "in be maintaini	urces. The Off nds in Conditions, defined for mproving" wat	ice of National on Reports proc each site in its er, habitat and g water, habita	Marine Sanctuaries (C duced during the mana respective Condition R living resource quality	Sanctuary System per NMS) works with inde agement plan review c Report (e.g., nearshore in their most current e uality if trends for no m FY 2016	pendent experts ycle. This measu , offshore, entire valuation. An env	to identify and c re reports the n site), rated as h vironment is cor	locument umber of aving isidered to				
Target						9	9	10				
Actual				9	9	9						
Status						Met						
Trend	Stable											

FY 2019/2017 Annual Performance Plan and Report (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration – NOAA)

OTHER INDICATORS

Indicator	-	Percentage of ingested environmental data safely archived to ensure consistent long-term stewardship and usability of the data (per National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) standards)									
Description	ption Ensures that NOAA safely archives critical data and information according to NARA standards.										
	FY 2012	FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019									
Target	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%			
Actual	99%	99%	99%	100%	98%	98%					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met					
Notes	Consistent lon	ng-term stewards	ship of NOAA's g	jeophysical, oce	ans, coastal, we	ather and clim	ate data				
Information Gaps											

Indicator	Number of StormReady Communities
Description	Americans live in the most severe weather-prone country on Earth. StormReady and TsunamiReady support a Weather- Ready Nation by preparing communities for the occurrence of high impact environmental events. On an annual basis NWS target 100 new StormReady Communities and 10 new TsunamiReady communities pending funding availability.
	StormReady supports NWS' disaster risk reduction strategy and is offered to provide guidance and incentive to officials who want to improve their hazardous weather and flood operations. A long-term goal for the program is to make every county or county-equivalent in the United States StormReady. The 2010 U.S. Census identifies 3,234 county or county-equivalents in the United States. We are 34 percent of the way there with 1,092 county or county-equivalents currently recognized as StormReady.
	A StormReady Community is defined as a local government* entity or facility** that has the authority and ability to adopt the StormReady recognition guidelines for the residents and visitors within its jurisdiction.
	 *The term "local government" means – (A) A county, parish, borough, municipality, city, town, township, local public authority, school district, special district, intrastate district, council of governments (regardless of whether the council of governments is incorporated as a nonprofit corporation under State law), regional or interstate government entity, or agency or instrumentality of a local government; (B) An Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or Alaska Native village or organization; and a rural community, unincorporated town or village, or other public entity, which has the ability to achieve StormReady

	recognition. **The term "facility" for a power plants/utilities, tra (e.g. stadiums).							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Actual	1,909	2,090	2,242	2,409	2,597	2,750		
(cumulative):								
Notes							•	
Information	None							
Gaps								

Indicator	Number of TsunamiReady Communities							
Description	 A TsunamiReady County or Community or Tribe is defined as a coastal local government entity* that has the authority and ability to adopt the TsunamiReady recognition guidelines for the residents and visitors within its jurisdiction. *The term "local government" here means – (A) a county, parish (LA), borough (AK), or municipality (PR) (B) an incorporated municipality, city, town, or township (C) an Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or Alaska Native village or organization (D) a military installation <i>Describe the indicator including how the indicator reflects the bureau's program. It may be that there are significant changes between years as a result of additional funding in a given year. Note that change in the description.</i> 							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Actual (cumulative)	122	155	177	189	199	249		
Notes							11	
Information Gaps	None							

NON-RECURRING INDICATORS
The following indicators are discontinued.

Indicator	Annual numb	per of Coastal, N	larine, and Grea	at Lakes Ecolog	jical Characteri	zations that Me	et Management	Needs		
Category	Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)									
Туре	Output									
Description	condition. To p boundaries, s current state, basis for many community de management Key paramete key indicator b Marine Sanctu coral reef eco "Management science-based including coas can better imp	provide this inform patial extent, and and future condit y coastal and occe emand and priorit action or inaction ers for characteriz paries, National E systems, where t d, ecologically so stal and marine s prove the long-ter	mation, ecosyste l biological, chen ion of ecosysten ean forecasts, as ies, including NC ations conditions a ations that meet stuarine Resea there are differen ederal, state, loc ound decisions w patial planning n im protection and	em characterizati nical, and physic ns, cornerstones seessments, and DAA management nd developing as <i>management ne</i> rch Reserves, the nal, regional, terrif hen conducting of nultiple uses of o d management o	ons are: 1) inclu al characteristics to ecosystem-be management pl nt programs, sign seessments of th eeds (whether co e Great Lakes, th needs and assoc torial, or other er comprehensive co cean and coasta f coastal, marine	cientifically based sive of the identif s that improve un- ased approaches ans; and 3) cond hificance of issue eir present "heal nducted in esser he depths of the of iated ecological of hitities that need a becan and coasta al resources. As a b, and Great Lake	ication of the eco derstanding of the s to managemen ucted in respons , and consequer th" will be identifi- ntial fish habitat, oceans, the coas characterizations iccurate, useful of a result, the Ame as resources.	osystem he history, t; 2) the se to user hees of led with the National stal zone, and s). data to make hanagement, prican public		
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	51	48	48	48	48	48	Retired	Retired		
Actual	51	48	48	48	48	100				
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Exceeded				
Trend	Stable									
	-									
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	NOAA will retire this measure in FY18. Due to the wide range of types of characterizations performed by different NOAA programs, combining these various activities into a single measure has not proved to add value for management purposes.									

Indicator	Cumulative number of coastal, marine and Great Lakes issue-based forecasting capabilities developed and used for management									
Category	Supporting (Strate	gic Plan)								
Туре	Output									
Description	socioeconomic imp	Geographically specific forecasts will allow resource managers to: make decisions based on predicted environmental and socioeconomic impacts; predict the impacts of ecosystem stressors; and evaluate the potential options to mitigate those stressors to better manage ecosystem use and condition.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	55	63	69	73	92	113	Retired	Retired		
Actual	58	63	69	73	91	108				
Status	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met				
Trend	Positive					•				
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	accurate HAB fore	NOAA is replacing this measure with "Percent of all coastal communities susceptible to harmful algal blooms verifying use of accurate HAB forecasts."								
Adjustments to targets	FY2017 target revi	sed based on reas	sessment of cap	bacity of NOS to	develop and s	upport addition	al forecasts.			
Notes	Actual. Data goes	back to FY2006.								

Indicator	Percentage of To Improve Ecosyste			nation Services	that are used by	y NOAA Partner	s/Customers	to
Category	Supporting (Non-S		0					
Туре	Output	,						
Description	This measure track and marine resour ecological, econom tracking each fisca meet stakeholders management. NOA partners and custo resources in the U 2015, NOS develo enabling NOAA pa zoning restrictions. Actuals are derived beginning of the ye	nagement (con ms. By catalog ed and develop system-based s for the Nation decisions affe (e.g., private in areas and res conserving hat	sidering ing and ped to . NOAA .cting dustry). In ources, pitat, and osed at the					
	Services can inclu- training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The numbe iven year doesr nanagement of	ses for managers developed with er of available to a't automatically the Nation's coa	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp ually via develop target. d Great Lakes re	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t	and workshops s and services int, therefore th o all citizens th	and other for e
Target	Services can inclue training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The numbe iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi	ses for managers developed with or of available to n't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and s and services th	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp iually via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas.	and other for e rough
Target Actual	Services can inclu- training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The numbe iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi	ses for manager developed with er of available to n't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product FY 2014	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and is and services th FY 2015	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp ually via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to FY 2016	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce FY 2017	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas. FY 2018	and other for re rough
	Services can inclu- training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012 88%	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The numbe iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi FY 2013 89%	ses for managers developed with er of available to a't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product FY 2014 90%	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and s and services th FY 2015 87%	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp ually via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to FY 2016 91%	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce FY 2017 91%	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas. FY 2018	and other for re rough
Actual	Services can inclu- training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012 88% 88%	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The number iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi FY 2013 89% 91%	ses for manager developed with er of available to n't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product FY 2014 90% 100%	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and ts and services th FY 2015 87% 89%	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp inally via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to FY 2016 91% 100%	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce FY 2017 91% 94%	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas. FY 2018	and other for re rough
Actual Status	Services can inclue training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012 88% 88% Met Stable	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The number iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi FY 2013 89% 91% Exceeded	ses for managers developed with er of available to i't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product FY 2014 90% 100% Exceeded	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and ts and services th FY 2015 87% 89% Exceeded	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp ually via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to FY 2016 91% 100% Exceeded	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce FY 2017 91% 94% Exceeded	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas. FY 2018 Retired	and other for e rough FY 2019 Retired
Actual Status	Services can inclu- training techniques ecosystem manag percentage for a g Benefits of better r sustainable ecosys FY 2012 88% 88% Met	de on-line cours s. New tools are ers. The number iven year doesr nanagement of stems that provi FY 2013 89% 91% Exceeded	ses for managers developed with er of available to i't automatically the Nation's coa ide jobs, product FY 2014 90% 100% Exceeded	s, enhanced web partners and cu ols changes ann suggest a 100% astal, marine, and ts and services th FY 2015 87% 89% Exceeded	bsites, broadcast istomers that imp ually via develop target. d Great Lakes re hat are unique to FY 2016 91% 100% Exceeded	s of live events, a rove our product ment or retireme sources accrue t coastal and oce FY 2017 91% 94% Exceeded	and workshops s and services ont, therefore th o all citizens th an areas. FY 2018 Retired	and other for e rough FY 2019 Retired

FY 2019 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN / FY 2017 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

National Telecommunications and Information Administration

Performance Indicator Information





Summary of Indicator Performance

- Of the eight indicators, six actuals (75%) exceeded their targets and two actuals (25%) met their targets;
- There were eight indicators that had trends (more than three years of data); and
- Of those indicators with trends, two (25%) had positive trends, five (62.5%) had stable trends, and one (12.5%) have variable trend.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Indicator Name	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Percentage of NTIA positions substantially adopted or	75%	95%	Exceeded	Stable
successful at international meetings				
Identify up to 500 MHz of spectrum to support wireless	66%	66%	Met	Stable
broadband				
In coordination with DOC operating units, conduct	6 public forums and	7 multistakeholder	Exceeded	Stable
outreach activities with government, industry, and	proceedings	meetings		
multistakeholders groups to identify and address				
privacy and global free flow of information issues				

Communities to which NTIA provides technical assistance	250	400	Exceeded	Positive
Number of times research publications are downloaded annually	8,000	8,089	Exceeded	Positive
Successfully completed deliverables under reimbursable agreements (on time, on budget, and accepted)	95%	99%	Exceeded	Stable
Delivery of FirstNet and acceptance of each state's network plans or alternatively, FCC approval of a state's plan required for the implementation of the Public Safety Broadband Network	Plans to award a contract	Contract Awarded	Met	Variable
Miles of broadband networks deployed (Infrastructure Projects)	116,000	117,072	Exceeded	Stable
Number of government and private test-bed facilities partnering with the Center for Advanced Communications*				

* This indicator was predicated on signing an agreement with NIST to develop the Center for Advanced Communications. The agreement was never signed, so the indicator never came to fruition.

Current / Recurring Indicators

Indicator	Percentage of	NTIA position	s substantially	adopted or suc	cessful at interi	national meeting	gs			
Category	Supporting	Supporting								
Туре	Intermediate O	outcome								
Description	conferences, re meetings and c international tre	Promote acceptance of U.S. positions and proposals internationally by representing U.S. interests at treaty-making conferences, regional communications conferences and meetings, bilateral and multilateral meetings, and multi-stakeholder meetings and conferences. This measure tracks the number of accepted U.S. technical and policy positions and proposals to international treaty-making conferences, bilateral and multi-lateral meetings, multi-stakeholder meetings, and regional communications conferences.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	75% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/	60% of NTIA positions substantially adopted/		
	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings	successful at international meetings		

Actual	Ach	nieved	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved		
	>80	0% of	>80% of	95% of NTIA	95% of NTIA	95% of NTIA	95% of NTIA		
	N	TIA	NTIA	positions	positions	positions	positions		
	pos	sitions	positions	substantially	substantially	substantially	substantially		
	subst	tantially	substantially	adopted/	adopted/	adopted/	adopted/		
	ado	opted/	adopted/	successful at	successful at	successful at	successful at		
	succe	essful at	successful at	international	international	international	international		
	interr	national	international	meetings	meetings	meetings	meetings		
	mee	etings	meetings						
Status	Exce	eeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend	Stable	Э							
Adjustments to ta	argets	confere Lack of	nces, bilateral a participation an	nd multilateral m d engagement b	neetings, multi-st by NTIA decrease	akeholder meetii es the performan	ngs, and regiona ce on adoption c	tional treaty-maki I communications of U.S. policies an ernmental powers	conferences. d creates a
			ace and the Inte			5	3-	•	5 5

Indicator		In coordination with DOC operating units, conduct outreach activities with government, industry, and multistakeholder groups to identify and address privacy and global free flow of information issues								
Category		Supporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Interme	ediate Outcome								
Description	crafting ground	Partner with stakeholders from industry, consumer groups, government, academia, and technical community to work towards crafting a consensus on privacy and global free flow of information issues. NTIA will seek public input and comments to lay the groundwork for these challenges. NTIA's role is not to substitute its judgment for the views of stakeholders, but rather will ensure he process is open, transparent, and consensus-based								
	FY 20	12 FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			6 public forums and proceedings	6 public forums and proceedings	6 public forums and proceedings	6 public forums and proceedings	6 public forums and proceedings	4 public forums and proceedings		
Actual			9 multistakeholder meetings	10 multistakeholder meetings	7 multistakeholder meetings	7 multistakeholder meetings				
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Stable	·			·		•	·		
Adjustments to targets	o c v	ybersecurity and oluntary cyberse	et cuts and staff de Internet multistake curity, privacy and e ociety, and academ	holder processes, s emerging technolog	severely limiting the	trusted venue for	developing cros	s-sector,		

Indicator	Com	munities	to which NTL	A provides technic	cal assistance					
Category	Key									
Туре	Outpu	ut								
Description	spur now t	economio ake adva	adband technical assistance to unserved and underserved communities to attract new business investments and nic growth. Various communities that were unable to receive NTIA assistance during the BTOP grant period can lvantage of NTIA's technical expertise during NTIA's subsequent outreach program, thereby leveraging the of broadband. This performance metric measures the additional communities that NTIA will assist.							
	FY	2012	FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019							
Target			175 250 250 145 145							
-					communities	communities	communities	communities	communities	
Actual					337	449	400			
					communities	communities	communities			
Status					Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Posit	ive								
Actions to be ta Future Plans	ken /	Collect	ollection of data							
Adjustments to targets		The bu	e budget cuts will reduce the number of communities being served by broadband technical assistance.							
Notes		Commu	unities served a	are not cumulative						

Indicator	Number of	times research	publication are do	ownloaded annual	ly					
Category	Supporting	ipporting (Non-Strategic Plan)								
Туре	Output									
Description	and scientis	Develop telecommunications engineering research publications, software programs, and data sets that are used by engineers and scientists associated with industry, other government agencies, standards development organizations, and academia for echnical data and information to support efficient and effective management of spectrum and innovative use of new echnologies								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			7,000	7,300	7,500	8,000	7,000	7,000		
C C			downloads	downloads	downloads	downloads	downloads	downloads		
Actual			7,707	8,960	8,748	8,089				
			downloads	downloads	downloads	downloads				
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded				
Trend	Positive						•	•		
Adjustments to targets	progr the s	Positive Advanced research technology transferred by publications is giving way to technology transferred through software programs and data set releases. This is a new phenomenon and no trend information is available, but the audience for the software and data sets is known to be smaller than the audience for publications. Resource constraints are also reducing the average number of new research publications available each year.								

Notes	Metric is restated to include downloads of software programs and data sets. Software and data sets represented 23% of downloads in FY 2017 versus 13% of downloads in FY 2014. As the number of print publications decreases and the number of published software programs and data sets increase, the metric will also transition to total downloads.
Information Gaps	None.

Indicator	Successfully	Successfully completed deliverables under reimbursable agreements (on time, on budget, and accepted)									
Category	Supporting (N	on-Strategic Pl	an)	-							
Туре	Process										
	Perform resea	Perform research on cost-reimbursable basis for other federal agencies under IAAs and for private entities under CRADAs. As									
Description	a proxy for cu	a proxy for customer satisfaction with research performed under an aggregate of unique agreements, the laboratory tracks									
	three success	three success parameters – on time, on budget, and accepted – for each deliverable under all agreements.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target			95% of	95% of	95% of	95% of	95% of	95% of			
			customer	customer	customer	customer	customer	customer			
			satisfaction	satisfaction	satisfaction	satisfaction	satisfaction	satisfaction			
			surveys meet	surveys meet	surveys	surveys	surveys meet	surveys			
			expectations on	expectations on	meet	meet	expectations	meet			
			three	three	expectations	expectations	on three	expectations			
			parameters	parameters	on three	on three	parameters	on three			
					parameters	parameters		parameters			
Actual			Achieved 98%	Achieved 99%	Achieved	Achieved					
			customer	customer	99%	99%					
			satisfaction on	satisfaction on	customer	customer					
			three	three	satisfaction	satisfaction					
			parameters	parameters	on three	on three					
					parameters	parameters					
Status			Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend	Stable										

Indicator	Ident	ify up to	500 MHz of s	pectrum to support	rt wireless broadk	band			
Category	Key								
Туре	Outpu	ut							
Description	2020. and ti contir comb	NTIA is undertaking tasks to make available 500 MHz (in bandwidth) of spectrum to support wireless broadband service by 2020. NTIA, with input from federal agencies and the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), developed a Ten-Year I and timetable, identifying over 2,200 MHz of spectrum for evaluation. As this work has progressed, the band analysis proce continues, but much of the effort has turned towards implementation of bands that NTIA and/or the FCC have identified. The combination of the ongoing analysis and implementation of band-repurposing results in a new set of deliverables each fiscal year. NTIA will establish at the beginning of each fiscal year the set of expected deliverables to complete this complex projection.							en-Year Plan sis process tified. The ach fiscal
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	an miles rega t identi of 50 for w	66% of inual stones arding the ification 00 MHz <i>i</i> ireless udband	Meet 66% of annual milestones regarding the identification of 500 MHz for wireless broadband	Meet 66% of annual milestones regarding the identification of 500 MHz for wireless broadband	Meet 66% of annual milestones regarding the identification of 500 MHz for wireless broadband	Meet 66% of annual milestones regarding the identification of 500 MHz for wireless broadband	Meet 66% of annual milestones regarding the identification of 500 MHz for wireless broadband	Retire	Retire
Actual	Ach 100 an	nieved 0% of inual stones	Achieved 100% of annual milestones	Achieved 100% of annual milestones	Achieved 80% of annual milestones	Achieved 97% of annual milestones	Achieved 66% of annual milestones		
Status	Exc	eeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met		
Trend	Stabl	е							
Explanation (if met in 2017) Actions to be ta Future Plans		 Not Applicable NTIA will continue to pursue the identification of spectrum for repurposing from federal to non-federal or shared use, but will reorient the target to a broader goal. 							ared use, but
Adjustments to targets Notes									
Information Ga	NTIA proposes a new indicator that aligns with NTIA's Strategic Initiative for Increased Spectrum Access								
Justification for elimination		 N/A NTIA proposes retiring this indicator since it specifically addresses a goal set by the previous administration and does not address the requirements imposed by the Spectrum Pipeline Act (PL 114-74). 							

Indicator	Num	ber of go	of government and private test-bed facilities partnering with the Center for Advanced Communications							
Category	Supp	orting (No	ng (Non-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Outp	ut								
Description	gover	mment ag	for Advanced Communications (CAC) will become a single point of contact for engaging industry and other t agencies on advanced communications technologies. The CAC will increase its partnerships, in particular, in the ing, validation, and conformity assessments.							
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target					2 partnerships	2 partnerships	5 partnerships	Retire	Retire	
Actual			0 partnerships 0 partnerships							
Status					Not Met	Not Met				
Trend	Not e	nough da	ata							
Explanation (if met in 2017)	not				g an agreement with le indicator never ca		p the Center for	Advanced Com	munications.	
Actions to be ta Future Plans	ken /		his indicator							
Adjustments to targets		None.	lone.							
Notes		None.	None.							
Information Ga	os	None.	None.							
Justification for elimination		The CA	ne CAC activity is no longer being pursued by NTIA and NIST.							

Indicator	Miles of broa	adband networ	ks deployed (In	frastructure Pro	ojects)				
Category	Key								
Туре	Outcome								
Description	BTOP portfoli	BTOP funded projects provide broadband services in unserved and enhance broadband in underserved areas of the U.S. The BTOP portfolio of projects initially included 123 infrastructure projects totaling \$3.5 billion in federal grant funds to construct broadband networks and to connect community anchor institutions (CAIs), such as schools, libraries, hospitals, and public safety facilities. This indicator's target is the cumulative total number of miles of network deployed using BTOP funding.							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	50,000	100,000	113,000	118,000	116,000	116,000	Retire	Retire	
Actual	78,699	111,361	113,555	115,565	117,072	117,072			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Not Met	Exceeded	Exceeded			
Trend	Stable								
Justification for elimination	The gra deploye		Ill but closed, wit	th only two grant	s that remain ope	en. The program r	no longer measur	es miles	

Indicator				ch state's netwo lic Safety Broad		rnatively, FCC ap	proval of a stat	e's plan					
Category	Key (Non-Str			4									
Туре	Outcome												
Description	governor a pl network, upo choose wheth	Under Title IV, Subtitle B of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012, FirstNet must deliver to each state governor a plan for the construction, operation, maintenance, and improvement of the nationwide public safety broadband network, upon completion of the Request for Proposal (RFP) process. Upon delivery of the plan, each State and territory must choose whether to participate in the network deployment as proposed by FirstNet or conduct its own deployment of the radio access network.											
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019					
Target		Issue RFP	Issue RFPs	RFP Development and Consultation with Regional, State, Tribal, and Local Jurisdictions	Issue RFP	Complete RFP Process	Retire	Retire					
Actual		Issuance of 11 Requests for Information (RFIs)	Consultation with State, Tribal, and Local jurisdictions initiated. Two additional RFIs released	Completed consultation with 50 of the 56 states and territories	Issued RFP	Completed RFP Process; Awarded network partner contract.							
Status		Not Met	Not Met	Met	Met	Met							
Trend	Stable							ı					
Justification for elimination		twork partner co	ontract has been	awarded. New i	ndicator propose	ed to track progres	SS.						

Proposed NEW Indicators

Indicator	Crea	te a pipe	a pipeline of spectrum for mission-critical government services and commercial providers								
Category	Key				-			-			
Туре	Interr	nediate (ate Outcome								
Description	pipeli and L comb	ne that p .ocal ent pined wit	In d institutionalize enduring processes that foster full, efficient, and effective use of radio spectrum and result in a nat provides sufficient spectrum access opportunities to meet the increasing needs of the Federal Government, State l entities providing mission critical services, as well as commercial wireless services. The required ongoing analyses l with various possible band-repurposing options results in a new set of deliverables each fiscal year. NTIA will at the beginning of each fiscal year the set of expected deliverables to complete this complex project.								
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Target			Meet 66% of Meet 66% annual annual milestones milestones								
Actual											
Status											
Trend	New	indicator	r – not enough	data.							
Explanation (if n in 2017)	ot met	Not ap	plicable, since	it wasn't a 2017 t	arget						
Actions to be tak	ken /	NTIA w	vill continue to a	conduct spectrum	n assessments in	order to support	informed and ti	mely spectrum sha	aring		
Future Plans		decisio shared	•	produce band stu	dies in order to i	dentify spectrum	for repurposing	from federal to no	n-federal or		
Adjustments to t	argets	Not ap	plicable, since	this is a new indi	cator						
Notes		This re	This revised indicator aligns with NTIA's Strategic for Increased Spectrum Access, as well as the draft new DOC Strategic Plan (Strategy 2.3a).								
Information Gap	S	Not applicable									
Reason for New		To broaden the indicator measure, to update text to remove specific reference to goal of previous administration, and to							ration, and to		
Indicator		incorpo	prate the require	ements imposed	by the Spectrum	Pipeline Act (PL	. 114-74).				
Indicator(s) bein replaced	g	Spectru	um identified fo	r commercial bro	adband use (Pre	vious OSM 500 I	MHz Goal)				

Indicator	Depl	oy, oper	ate, and maint	ain a nationwid	e public safety	broadband netw	vork			
Category	Supp	orting (N	ing (Non-Strategic Plan)							
Туре	Interr	nediate	Outcome							
Description	First respo	Net has to onders.	perate, and maintain a nationwide public safety broadband network. With its selection of a network partner in 2017, as begun its initial five-year period of technical implementation and providing services to public safety first rs.							
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target								Stagger deployment of FirstNet core network and nationwide functions. Initiate Band 14 RAN build- out for Opt-In states	Target public safety device connections and Band 14 coverage in Opt-In states	
Actual										
Status										
Trend	New	indicato	r – not enough (data.						
Explanation (if no in 2017)	ot met	Not Ap	plicable. There	wasn't a 2017 ta	rget					
Actions to be tak Future Plans	en /	Measu	Measurement of network adoption by public safety users against targets within NPSBN contract							
Adjustments to ta	argets	Not ap	Not applicable since this is a new indicator							
Reason for New Indicator		Repres	Represents next phase in the FirstNet program							
Indicator(s) being replaced	9	This in met.	dicator is replac	ing the previous	indicator of the F	Request for Propo	osal (RFP) and	contract award, wl	nich have been	

U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

FY 2019 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN / FY 2017 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

Detailed Indicator Plans and Performance

Performance Indicator Information



Summary of Performance

- A total of 9 indicators; 5 (55.6%) were exceeded, 2 (22.2%) were met, and 2 (22.2%) were not met
- A total of 9 indicators had trends (more than three years of data); and,
- Of those 9 indicators with trends, 1 (11.1%) was varying, 3 (33.3%) were positive, and 5 (55.6%) were stable.

Summary of FY 2017 Indicator Performance

Indicator	Target	Actual	Status	Trend
Number of people, including foreign government officials and U.S. stakeholders, trained on best	5,000	4,134	Not Met	Varying
practices to protect and enforce intellectual property				
Patent Average First Action Pendency (Months)	14.8	16.3	Not Met	Positive
Patent Average Total Pendency (Months)	24.8	24.2	Met	Positive
Trademark Average First Action Pendency (Months)	2.5-3.5	2.7	Met	Stable
Trademark Average Total Pendency (Months)	12.0	9.5	Exceeded	Stable
Trademark First Action Compliance Rate (Percent)	95.5	97.3	Exceeded	Stable
Trademark Final Compliance Rate (Percent)	97.0	98.3	Exceeded	Stable
Trademark Exceptional Office Action (Percent)	40.0	45.0	Exceeded	Positive
 Percentage of prioritized countries for which country teams have implemented at least 75 percent of action steps in the country-specific action plans toward progress along following dimensions: Institutional improvements of IP office administration for advancing IPR Institutional improvements of IP enforcement entities Improvements in IP laws and regulations Establishment of government-to-government cooperative mechanisms 	75.0	100.0	Exceeded	Stable

Current / Recurring Indicators

Indicator			R OF PEOPLE, INCLUDING FOREIGN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND U.S. STAKEHOLDERS, D ON BEST PRACTICES TO PROTECT AND ENFORCE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY								
Category	Key										
Туре	Outp	ut									
Description	enfo	rcemen	bal Intellectual Property Academy (GIPA) offers training programs on protection, utilization and ment of IP rights, patents, trademarks, and copyrights. It is through the GIPA training programs that the is instrumental in achieving its objectives of advancing IP right policies and halting IP theft.								
	FY	2012	E FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019								
Target				4,300	6,300	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000		
Actual	9,	217	7,078	4,960	5,283	4,975	4,134				
Status				Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met				
Trend			ne indicates the predicting future		ance trend is va	ariable with sigr	nificant variabili	ity of the direction	on of the		
Explanation (if r met in 2017)	not										
Actions to be ta Future Plans	ken /	ken / Continue to promote the protection and enforcement of IP of American innovators and creators on both the domestic and international levels.									
Notes	USPTO had actual information for this indicator from FY 2011 to FY 2013, it did not use this as a GPRA indicator until FY 2014 and thus did not have targets for FY 2011 to FY 2013.						a GPRA				
Information Gap	os	None									

Indicator	PATENT AV	ERAGE FIRS	T ACTION PE	NDENCY (MO	NTHS)				
Category	Key								
Туре	Outcome								
Description	date of mailin	This measure indicates the average time from the Utility, Plant and Reissue (UPR) application filing date to the date of mailing the First Office action. The measure is based on a three-month rolling time period. This is one of the two primary measures to track timeliness in the Patent organization.							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	22.6	18.0	17.4	15.7	14.8	14.8	15.4	14.5	
Actual	21.9	18.2	18.4	17.3	16.2	16.3			
Status	Exceeded	Not Met	Met	Not Met	Not Met	Not Met			
Trend		The trend line indicates that the performance trend is positive with some variability of the direction of the trend line in predicting future results.							

Explanation (if not met in 2017)	The USPTO hired only 144 patent examiners in FY 2017 instead of the planned 600 due to government- wide hiring freeze. This combined with less-than-expected overtime usage prevented the USPTO from making its first action pendency target.
Actions to be taken / Future Plans	Although the FY 2019 Budget projects that overall UPR filings will be flat, serialized filingswhich are the largest componentare projected to increase 1.5 percent annually through FY 2023. As a result of these variable filing trends, coupled with a pause in hiring patent examiners in the second half of FY 2017, the USPTO has modified its patent examiner hiring plans to 390 examiner hires a year from FY 2018 through FY 2023, which represents about 50 new hires above the attrition level each year. Although the target has been revised, the USPTO will continue to work toward achieving 10 months first action pendency and 20 months total pendency, as well as reducing the backlog.
Adjustments to targets	The staffing plan brings the patent examining capacity to an optimal level to address the current patent application inventory and the expected number of new patent applications. Changes to planned hiring levels, however, will change projected results. Once the USPTO achieves the optimal pendency levels, the agency will continue to closely monitor inventory and application filing levels to continue calibrating the examination capacity to maintain patent pendency goals while investing in quality.

Indicator	PATENT AV	ERAGE TOTA	L PENDENCY	(MONTHS)					
Category	Key								
Туре	Outcome								
Description	filing date to period. This	atent total pendency is the average time in months for a complete review of a UPR patent application, from the ng date to issue or abandonment of the application. The measure is based on a three-month rolling time eriod. This is one of the two primary measures to track timeliness in the Patent organization. Requests for pontinued Examination (RCEs) are not included.							
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Target	34.7	30.1	26.7	26.4	25.4	24.8	25.0	23.8	
Actual	32.4	29.1	27.4	26.6	25.3	24.2			
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met	Met	Met			
Trend		e indicates that future results.					e direction of th	ne trend line	
Actions to be tal Future Plans	tions to be taken / Although the FY 2019 Budget projects that overall UPR filings will be flat, serialized filingswhich are the								

Adjustments to targets	The staffing plan brings the patent examining capacity to an optimal level to address the current patent application inventory and the expected number of new patent applications. Changes to planned hiring levels, however, will change projected results. Once the USPTO achieves the optimal pendency levels, the agency will continue to closely monitor inventory and application filing levels to continue calibrating the examination capacity to maintain patent pendency goals while investing in quality.
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Indicator	PATENT S	FATUTORY C	OMPLIANCE	METRICS						
Category	Key									
Туре	Outcome									
Description	Title 35 as v applicable r	This metric measures the degree to which a patent is correctly issued in compliance with all the requirements of Title 35 as well as the relevant case law at the time of issuance. A statutorily compliant office action includes all applicable rejections and any asserted rejection is correct in that the decision to reject is based on sufficient evidence to support a conclusion of unpatentability.								
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019		
Statute 35 USC 10	01 (including ut	tility and eligibili	ty)							
Target					Baseline	93.0 - 98.0%	97.0%	TBD		
Actual					97.4%	96.5%				
Status						Met				
Statute 35 USC 10	02 (prior art cor	mpliance)	•							
Target					Baseline	90.0 - 95.0%	95.0%	TBD		
Actual					95.9%	94.4%				
Status						Met				
Statute 35 USC 10	03 (prior art coi	mpliance)								
Target					Baseline	88.0 - 93.0%	93.0%	TBD		
Actual					90.4%	92.4%				
Status						Met				
Statute 35 USC 1	12 (35 USC 11)	2(a),(b) includin	g (a)/(b) rejectio	ns related to 35	USC 112(f))					
Target					Baseline	87.0 - 92.0%	93.0%	TBD		
Actual					93.7%	92.6%				
Status						Met				
Trend	Not enough	data to deterr	mine trend.							

Actions to be taken /	The FY 2017 Statutory Compliance Targets are ranges to take into account each metric's statistical
Future Plans	confidence level. The bounds of each range were set to project the impact of a new review standard that
	were implemented in FY 2017. Under this new review standard, the USPTO will focus not only on
	assessing the correctness of the examiner's ultimate decision to allow or reject under a particular statute,
	but will also evaluate whether the examiner's rationale for supporting their rejection is sufficient. It is
	anticipated that more instances of non-compliance will be identified since this standard sets more rigorous
	criteria for compliance on each statutory basis compared to the previous review standard which
	emphasized assessing the overall correctness of the examiner's decision to allow or reject a claim under a
	particular statute.

Indicator	TRADEMA	TRADEMARK AVERAGE FIRST ACTION PENDENCY (MONTHS)									
Category	Key	Кеу									
Туре	Outcome	utcome									
Description		This measure reflects the timeliness of the first office action as measured from the date of application filing (or notification date for 66(a) filings) to the first office action in months.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5	2.5 – 3.5			
Actual	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1	2.7					
Status	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met	Met					
Trend			at the performating future resul		aintaining stan	dards with slig	ht variability of t	he direction			
Actions to be tal Future Plans	mont corre Prod be re Budg proje applie	hs and an aver lation with the uct (GDP) and silient in the fa et assumes the cted average a cations, the Tra	age total pend general state o venture capital ce of persisten at the economi innual growth r ademark organ	ency of 12 mor f the economy . The U.S. ecc t economic ma c growth will be ate between fiv	oths or less. Tr as measured b phomy continue laise in Europe sustained, wh re and eight pe d to continue ir	ademark applie by the growth of the grow at a s the Middle Ea the will boost tr rcent. Given the	n pendency of 2 cation filings ex f the Gross Don slow rate that h ast, and North A rademark filings his continued gro ademark examin	hibit a strong nestic as proven to frica. The to the owth in			

Indicator	TRADEMAR	RK AVERAGE	TOTAL PENDE	NCY (MONTHS	5)						
Category	Key										
Туре	Outcome	me									
Description	filing to date	This measure reflects the timeliness of the disposal of a trademark application. It is measured from the date of filing to date of registration, abandonment or issuance of a notice of allowance, excluding applications that are suspended, awaiting further action, or involved in inter partes proceedings.									
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0			
Actual	10.2	10.0	9.8	10.1	9.8	9.5					
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Met	Met					
Trend			t the performan g future results.	ce trend is mair	ntaining standa	ards with slight	variability of th	ne direction			
Actions to be ta Future Plans	month correl Produ be res Budge projec applic	ns and an avera ation with the g lot (GDP) and v silient in the fac et assumes that sted average ar ations, the Trad	ge total pender eneral state of t enture capital. e of persistent e t the economic nual growth rat demark organiz	mitted to mainta ncy of 12 month the economy as The U.S. econo economic malais growth will be s e between five a ation will need t and pendency t	is or less. Tra- s measured by omy continues se in Europe, t ustained, whic and eight perc to continue inc	demark applica the growth of to grow at a sl he Middle Eas h will boost tra ent. Given this	ation filings exh the Gross Dom low rate that ha st, and North A idemark filings s continued gro	nibit a strong nestic as proven to frica. The to the owth in			

Indicator	TRADEMAR	TRADEMARK FIRST ACTION COMPLIANCE RATE (PERCENT)										
Category	Supporting											
Туре	Outcome	Outcome										
Description	random sam	This measure is the percentage of applications reviewed meeting the criteria for decision making conducted on andom sample of applications including first office actions to determine the soundness of decision-making under he Trademark Act.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.5				
Actual	96.2	96.3	95.8	96.7	97.1	97.3						
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						
Trend			t the performar g future results		ntaining standa	rds with slight v	ariability of the	direction				

Actions to be taken /	Under the quality assurance program the results of an examiner's first and final office action are reviewed
Future Plans	for the quality of the substantive basis for decision making, search strategy, evidence, and writing. Based
	on the data collected from those reviews, the Office has targeted both electronic and traditional training
	initiatives addressing specific problem areas. This program also provides prompt feedback to examining
	attorneys when their work products are reviewed.

Indicator	TRA	DEMAR	K FINAL COM	IPLIANCE RAT	FE (PERCENT)	l.						
Category	Supp	orting										
Туре	Outco	ome	me									
Description	samp	This measure is the percentage of evaluations meeting the criteria for decision making conducted on a random ample of applications that received a final decision regarding registrability (i.e., registration eligibility) under the rademark Act either by approval or final refusal.										
	FY	2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019			
Target	9	7.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0			
Actual	9	7.1	97.1	97.2	97.6	97.8	98.3					
Status	Exce	eded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded					
Trend						ntaining standa	rds with slight v	variability of the	e direction			
of the trend line in predicting future results. Actions to be taken / Future Plans Under the quality assurance program the results of an examiner's first and final office action are reviewed for the quality of the substantive basis for decision making, search strategy, evidence, and writing. Based on the data collected from those reviews, the Office has targeted both electronic and traditional training initiatives addressing specific problem areas. This program also provides prompt feedback to examining attorneys when their work products are reviewed.							ng. Based training					

Indicator	TRADEMAR	K EXCEPTIO	NAL OFFICE A	CTION (PERC	ENT)							
Category	Support											
Туре	Outcome											
Description		This measure is the percentage of evaluations exceeding the statutory requirement decision making conducted on a random sample of applications that received a first office action regarding registrability under the Trademark Act.										
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019				
Target	20.0	23.0	28.0	36.0	40.0	40.0	45.0	46.0				
Actual	26.1	35.1	43.0	48.3	45.4	45.0						
Status	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded						

Trend		trend line indicates that the performance trend is positive with slight variability of the direction of the trend line edicting future results.							
Actions to be tal	ken /	The Trademark organization continues its efforts to improve quality in a cost-effective manner. To raise the							
Future Plans		bar, the Trademark organization has instituted what is known as an Exceptional Office Action emphasizing							
		comprehensive excellence in office actions, which expands upon the existing first and final action							
standards for correct decision-making. An Exceptional Office Action is one that reflects correct de									
	making, includes excellent evidentiary support, and is exceptionally well-written.								

Indicator	LEAST 75 PROGRE 1. IN 2. IN 3. IM	TAGE OF PRIO PERCENT OF SS ALONG FOI STITUTIONAL I STITUTIONAL I PROVEMENTS TABLISHMEN	ACTION STEP LOWING DIM MPROVEMEN MPROVEMEN IN IP LAWS A	PS IN THE COU ENSIONS: TS OF IP OFFI TS OF IP ENFO ND REGULATI	INTRY-SPECIF CE ADMINISTF DRCEMENT EN ONS	TIC ACTION PL RATION FOR A ITITIES	ANS TOWARI DVANCING IF	D PR
Category	Key							
Туре	Outcome							
Description	and enfore specific ac	e USPTO's effor cement, capacity ction plans.	/ building, and I	egislative reforr	n, including cre	ation of country	/region strateg	ic plans and
	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Target	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	65.0	65.0
Actual	75.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Status	Met	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded	Exceeded		
Trend		line indicates th of the trend line i			intaining standa	ards with signifi	cant variability	of the
Explanation (if met in 2017)	not NO	APPLICABLE						
Actions to be ta Future Plans		tinue to promote estic and internation		and enforceme	nt of IP of Ame	rican innovators	and creators of	on both the

Resource Requirements Table

(Dollars in thousands)	FY 2017 Actual	FY 2018 President's Budget	FY 2018 Current Plan	FY 2019 PB Submission	FY 2020 Estimate	FY 2021 Estimate	FY 2022 Estimate	FY 2023 Estimate
	USPTO G	oal 1: optimizi	e patent qu	ALITY AND TIME	LINESS			
Amount	2,875,256	2,887,575	3,069,228	3,078,877	3,138,265	3,278,517	3,373,306	3,443,643
Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	11,385	11,517	11,385	11,480	11,537	11,588	11,639	11,694
	USPTO GOA	L 2: OPTIMIZE T	Rademark (QUALITY AND TI	IELINESS			
Amount	281,884	292,887	324,141	323,258	332,245	361,586	383,575	403,422
FTE	1,072	1,123	1,191	1,244	1,331	1,434	1,547	1,664
USPTO GOAL 3: PROVIDE DOMESTIC A	ND GLOBAL LE		MPROVE INTI NORLDWIDE	ELLECTUAL PRC	PERTY POLIC	Y, PROTECTIO	N AND ENFOR	RCEMENT
Amount	46,852	63,393	54,132	57,132	57,403	58,806	60,029	61,195
FTE	138	194	159	161	161	161	161	161
Amounts not Supporting Goals ¹	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
USPTO Requirements	3,205,992	3,245,855	3,449,501	3,461,266	3,529,913	3,700,910	3,818,909	3,910,260
FTE	12,596	12,835	12,735	12,885	13,028	13,183	13,346	13,519
Fee Collections	3,078,887	3,321,024	3,430,123	3,416,366	3,551,159	3,713,311	3,983,970	4,008,633
Other Income/Recoveries	39,445	22,257	39,445	39,445	39,445	39,445	39,445	39,445
Funding to(-) / from(+) Operating Reserve	87,659	(97,427)	(20,067)	5,455	(60,690)	(51,846)	(204,505)	(137,818)
TOTAL FUNDING	3,205,992	3,245,855	3,449,501	3,461,266	3,529,913	3,700,910	3,818,909	3,910,261
Operating Reserve: Patents	252,926	384,659	271,070	255,484	290,518	314,988	475,169	550,878
Operating Reserve: Trademarks	120,652	104,880	122,572	132,703	158,359	185,736	230,060	292,171

¹ Amounts transferred to the Department of Commerce Office of the Inspector General

APPENDIX A: FY 2019 Evidence Submission (per M-15-11)

Section 1. Agency Strategy to Advance the Use of Evidence in Decision Making

(a) Current Efforts and Future Plans

The Department has implemented four strategies during the past two years to increase the use of evidence in decision making: 1) Make more data available and accessible; 2) develop and execute an annual evidence agenda; 3) foster increased cross-bureau collaboration; and 4) leverage regular forums to review evidence. The following key initiatives illustrate the Department's progress in increasing data availability and improving accessibility—NOAA's advancement of its Big Data Project to improve access to terabytes of data per day by partnering with commercial cloud providers; the Census Bureau's collaboration with developers to increase available application programming interfaces (APIs); USPTO's launch of a new Open Data Portal and enhancements to its API catalog; and ITA's Data Services Platform and GitHub site that provide trade data resources and APIs.

By having its Strategic Goal leaders develop annual evidence agendas, the Department encouraged alignment of evidence activities with strategic priorities. The FY 19 portfolio of evidence and learning agenda is aligned to the new strategic goal areas in our draft FY 2018-2022 Strategic Plan. Crossbureau collaboration continues to progress through best practice sharing via the Departments Performance Excellence Council (PEC) and Strategic Planning Working Group. The Department considered key evidence during the FY 18 Annual Strategic Review. The Commerce IT Review Board (CITRB), the Commerce Working Capital Review Board (CWCRB), HR Stat, and CFO/ASA Stat all involve regular reviews of performance information. Additionally, the Department has piloted the use of enhanced dashboards and data visualization.

Current efforts will continue and expand in the future. Each of the aforementioned big data and API initiatives have plans for further development. Several programs within the Department have procured, or are in the process of procuring, customer relationship management (CRM) software that will profoundly improve work processes, customer service, and the ability to conduct significantly more sophisticated customer data segmentation and analyses. BIS is working with interagency partners to develop an automated process to evaluate the bona fides of foreign parties to export transactions and link data within BIS systems. NIST is leading an initiative to revise all International Systems of Units to be defined in terms of physical constants of the universe by 2018. The Department will also be responsive to the recommendations of the bipartisan Commission on Evidence-Based Policy Making, which received administrative support from the Census Bureau.

(b) Recent Major Progress

In addition to notable process in making more data available and accessible, a major achievement was publication of the "Building Smarter Data for Evaluating Business Assistance Programs" a guide for practitioners. The Department was a leader of the Evaluating Business Technical Assistance Program (EBTAP) working group which developed this guidebook and championed its publication in May 2017. The Department recently revised legal language in the federal funding opportunities (FFO) and standard terms & conditions documents to notify grantees that data they provide may be used for program evaluation. This new policy affects more than 5,000 grants across the Department worth approximately \$1.3 billion and opens the door to increased use of

administrative data for evaluation and learning. ITA built on the success of Global Markets' collaboration with the Census Bureau on a quasi-experimental analysis of the impact of export promotion program. The Department has worked with the Census Bureaus' Center for Economic Studies (CES) and Center for Administrative Records Research and Applications (CARRA) to increase the number of collaborative interagency analysis and use of Federal Statistical System Research Data Centers (FSRDCs). The Department also shared many of these best practices directly with the Commission on Evidence-Based Policy Making.

- (c) <u>Current Barriers</u>. Capacity is the fundamental challenge in advancing the use of evidence in decision making. Many of the best practices cited by OMB in Chapter 6 of the President's FY 18 Budget are implemented by agencies that have resources specifically authorized for program evaluation and "what works" clearing houses. At the direction of OMB, the Department conducted an assessment of performance and evaluation capacity within Department headquarters and all 12 bureau headquarters. The results of this assessment were presented to OMB during the FY 16 Annual Strategic Review meeting with a discussion of the capacity of our smaller bureaus where one or two employees may be responsible for managing budget, performance, evaluation and risk management. The implementation of the Program Management Improvement and Accountability Act (PMIAA) could either improve or exacerbate these challenges depending on whether the approach fosters synergies with the current Federal Performance Framework. Funding will be needed for training to effectively execute this new mandate.
- (d) <u>Development and Use of a Learning Agenda</u>. The development of our agenda employed environmental scanning, visioning, and foresight approaches. In preparation for strategic planning, the Department conducted an environmental scan of macro-level trends and key influencers of global trade, regulations, jobs, technology, environment, and intellectual property.

Previous year's learning agendas were aligned with the FY 2014-2018 Strategic Plan and encouraged the use of logic models across the Department. Our FY 19 learning agenda was fully integrated into the planning and budget formulation processes and is included in the text of the strategic objectives in the four goal areas: 1) exports and foreign direct investment; 2) innovation and competitiveness; 3) data and scientific intelligence; and 4) customer-centric service excellence. This integration will make the Annual Strategic Reviews more robust and data based.

Section 2. Top-Priority Requests

The continuation and expansion of CRM capabilities across the Department is believed to have the most potential to improve both capacity and evidence. A CRM is used to track services provided to a client. It can also track cycle time, and customer satisfaction. If thoughtfully designed, it can facilitate program evaluation by compiling information needed to match client data with data in statistical business surveys. CRMs also can be used for analytics to determine critical success factors when business assistance is provided. Therefore, the Department has taken a major step to streamline the acquisition and interoperability of CRM systems by establishing a standard blanket purchase agreement through our recently created enterprise services contracting office.

ITA is working to improve evidence as it analyzes the results of their annual survey of export promotion customers. The annual survey will be enhanced this year with CRM data. ITA is also estimating the impact of trade barriers reduced, removed, or prevented, as it conducts case studies of several trade barriers removed in the last five years. These efforts will provide insight on the long-term impact of ITA's trade barrier work and better focus future trade policies.

Section 3. Updates on M-14-06, "Guidance for Providing and Using Administrative Data for Statistical Purposes"

- (a) <u>Recent Progress</u>. The Department deployed an integrated approach to improve the use of administrative data. First and foremost, the Department completely removed a historical barrier to the access and use of administrative data by revising and clarifying its policy and legal language for all new grants. Second, best practices and lessons learned were identified, documented, and shared by the publishing of the "Building Smarter Data for Evaluating Business Assistance Programs" guidebook. And third, the Department increased training and awareness of opportunities to use administrative data by hosting a dedicated training session on this topic during the 2017 Big A Conference training in concert with training and communication with our community of practice via the Department's Performance Excellence Council (PEC).
- (b) <u>Priorities</u>. The further maturity of CRM systems across the Department provides the most promise to improve the use of administrative data. CRM systems provide improved management and access to real-time operations data for analysis. They also have the capability to share and integrate data via APIs with other authoritative administrative data sources which enables lower cost and more timely evaluation.
- (c) <u>Current Barriers</u>. To scale the use of administrative data, many components of the Department's workforce will need to develop better analytical knowledge and skills. While the Department is home to some of America's top economists and technical experts, many frontline employees and program managers lack the know how to successfully exploit the latest digital revolution, leverage the capabilities offered by CRM systems and other data tools, and conduct rigorous program analyses and evaluations.
- (d) <u>Data Stewardship</u>. The Department established a CRM executive development team to assess the adoption of CRMs across the 12 bureaus and Department headquarters. This initiative is a critical pathway to improve data stewardship as it seeks to establish a uniform data methodology for all CRM instances, develop CRM data standards, and recommend an enterprise-wide approach to CRM data governance. Additionally, the Department has worked to modernize and streamline the collection, analysis, and warehousing of performance indicators that are used in annual budget justifications, annual performance plans, and annual performance reports. Census, ITA, NOAA, and USPTO are each working with external stakeholders within their respective developer and data user communities to improve the identification, sharing, and stewardship of specific data sets that are deemed most valuable to these stakeholders. Progress is evident on the respective bureau data portal websites which are actively updated and enhanced based on customer feedback.