Date

## U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



# Privacy Impact Assessment for the Zoom For Government (ZFG)

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Signature of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

# U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Zoom For Government (ZFG)

**Unique Project Identifier: EIPL-EUS-06-00** 

**Introduction: System Description** 

Provide a brief description of the information system.

The Zoom for Government (ZfG) Platform is a Zoom product offering for the US Federal community and international community. The platform unifies cloud video conferencing, simple online meetings, and a software defined conference room into one solution. The platform can be used for an international audience by various business units. It also provides video, audio, and wireless screen-sharing across Windows, Mac, Linux, Chrome Operating System (OS), Internetwork Operating System (iOS), Android, BlackBerry, Zoom Rooms, and Internet Protocol signaling standards H.323/SIP room systems. The ZfG products include:

**Zoom** Cloud Video Conferencing – a cloud-based collaboration service which includes video, audio, content sharing, chat, webinar, cloud recording and collaboration.

**Zoom Rooms** – software-based group video conferencing for conference and huddle rooms that run off-the-shelf hardware including a dedicated Macintosh (MAC) or Personal Computer (PC), camera, and speaker with an iPad controller.

**Zoom API** – provides the ability for developers to easily add Video, Voice and Screen Sharing to your application. Zoom's Application Platform Interface (API) is a server-side implementation designed around Representational State Transfer (REST). The Zoom API helps manage the pre-meeting experience such as creating, editing, and deleting resources like users, meetings and webinars.

**Zoom Phone** – modern, cloud-based phone system that is available as an add-on to Zoom's video communications suite.

**Zoom Client** – allows users to start/join a meeting, employ in-meeting controls for participants, hosts, and cohosts, webinar controls, manage participants, share screen controls, update profiles, chat, establish channels, add contacts, and modify settings.

#### Address the following elements:

(a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system ZFG is a Software as a Service (SaaS).

#### (b) System location

ZFG is in the ZFG Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) SaaS cloud managed platform.

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

ZFG is a standalone system and does not interconnect with any other systems.

(d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4

The host, or user that schedules the meeting, logs into ZFG FedRAMP managed platform SaaS cloud via a web browser client. The host then opens the scheduler window to select meeting settings, once the meeting settings are saved, the system will generate the meeting invite. The host can then invite pre-determined participants to the ZFG meeting via the system generated meeting invite link.

Security settings include creating a meeting passcode that participants will be required to input before joining the meeting, *Waiting Room*, which enables the waiting room for the meeting, and *Only authenticated users can join*, a feature that restricts access to the meeting so that only signed-in users can join. Encryption options include a choice between the standard enhanced encryption (encryption keys stored in the cloud) and End-to-end encryption (encryption keys stored on a local device) for the meeting.

(e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

A host is required to authenticate, via Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS), to the Zoom site with their user credentials such as user identification (ID) and password or single-sign-on (SSO). Information is then retrieved from the system via a secure Internet connection to the ZFG FedRAMP Managed Platform SaaS Cloud.

(f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

ZFG follows strict guidelines regarding handling and transmitting information. Data transmitted to and from ZFG is protected by secure methodologies such as HTTPS, used for secure communication over a computer network and Internet. In HTTPS, the communication protocol is encrypted using Transport Layer Security 1.2 (TLS 1.2). Security Assertion Markup Language 2.0 (SAML 2.0) is used for exchanging authentication and authorization of identities between security domains. All data stored at rest is also encrypted.

(g) Any information sharing

ZFG will share information within the bureau via case-by-case, bulk transfer, and direct access.

- (h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information
- 5 U.S.C 301, 35 U.S.C. 2, E.O.12862, and E-Government Act provide the authority for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating information in ZFG.
- (i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

The FIPS 199 security impact category for the system is Moderate.

#### **Section 1:** Status of the Information System

1.1 Indicate whether the	1.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system.							
☐This is a new informa	$\Box$ This is a new information system.							
		•						
☐ This is an existing inf	formati	on sy	ystem with changes th	at cre	ate new privacy risks. (Ch	ieck		
all that apply.)	all that apply.)							
<b>Changes That Create No.</b>	ew Priv	acy Ri						
a. Conversions			d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses			
b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous			e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection			
c. Significant System Management Changes	1		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data			
j. Other changes that cre		vpriva	cy risks (specify):		or Buttu			
and there is a SA  Section 2: Information in  2.1 Indicate what person (BII) is collected, m	and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.  ⊠ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment.  Section 2: Information in the System  2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (Check all that apply.)							
Identifying Numbers (IN)								
a. Social Security*		f. I	Oriver's License		j. Financial Account			
b. TaxpayerID			assport		k. Financial Transaction			
c. Employer ID			Alien Registration		1. Vehicle Identifier			
d. Employee ID		i. (	Credit Card		m. Medical Record			
e. File/Case ID								
n. Other identifying numbers	(specif	y):						
*Explanation for the business need to collect, maintain, or disseminate the Social Security number, including truncated form:								
General Personal Data (GPI	<b>D</b> )							
a. Name		h. D	ate of Birth		o. Financial Information			
b. Maiden Name		i. Pl	ace of Birth		p. Medical Information			
c. Alias		j. H	ome Address		q. Military Service			

d. Gender		k. Telephone Number		r. Criminal Record	
e. Age		l. Email Address	$\boxtimes$	s. Marital Status	
f. Race/Ethnicity		m. Education		t. Mother's Maiden Name	
g. Citizenship		n. Religion			
u. Other general personal dat	ta (spec	eify):			
Work Doloted Data (WDD)					
Work-Related Data (WRD)  a. Occupation		e. Work Email Address	$\boxtimes$	i. Business Associates	
b. Job Title		f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business Information	
c. Work Address		g. WorkHistory		k. Procurement/contracting records	
d. Work Telephone Number		h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information			
l. Other work-related data (s	specify	):			
Distinguishing Features/Bio	metric	s(DFR)			
a. Fingerprints		f. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		k. Signatures	
b. Palm Prints	<u> </u>	g. Hair Color		l. Vascular Scans	$\overline{\Box}$
c. Voice/Audio Recording		h. Eye Color		m. DNA Sample or Profile	
d. Video Recording	$\boxtimes$	i. Height		n. Retina/Iris Scans	
e. Photographs	$\boxtimes$	j. Weight		o. Dental Profile	$\overline{\Box}$
p. Other distinguishing featu		ometrics (specify):			
	'. D	(CAAD)			
System Administration/Aud a. UserID	It Data	c. Date/Time of Access	$\boxtimes$	e. ID Files Accessed	
b. IP Address		f. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files	
g. Other system administrat	ion/aud	,	Ш	i. Contents of thes	Ш
g. Other systemathinistrat	ion/auc	iit dam (speerly).			
Other Information (specify)					
2.2 Indicate sources of the	.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)				
Directly from Individual abo	ut Wh	om the Information Pertains			
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	$\boxtimes$
Telephone		Email			
Other(specify):		1			

Government Sources					
Within the Bureau	$\boxtimes$	Other DOC Bureaus	$\boxtimes$	Other Federal Agencies	
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign		3	
Other (specify):		1 0101811			
NI 40					
Non-government Sources Public Organizations		Private Sector		Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or App	lication	Tilvate Sector		Commercial Data Brokers	
,	Jiicauon				
Other(specify):					
				safeguards in accordance wit	h the
auditing). Mandatory info	rmation to	echnology (IT) Awareness	and role-b	(encryption, access control, ased training is required for s	
				dispose of data. All access hargone vetting and suitability	is
screening.	ı iliaiviau	iais with access privileges	nave under	igone vetting and sunability	
				ws to identify unauthorized a	
				clude creating a meeting pas iting Room, which enables the	
				ature that restricts access to t	
meeting so that only signe	d-in users	s can join. Encryption optic	ons include	e a choice between the standa	ard
			end-to-en	d encryption (encryption key	'S
stored on a local device) for	or the mee	eting.			
4 Is the information co	overed b	y the Paperwork Reduc	ction Act	?	
		d by the Paperwork Reducti			
Provide the OMB co	ntrolnun	nber and the agency number	for the coll	ection.	
No, the information	is not cov	ered by the Paperwork Redu	iction Act.		
5 Indicate the technolog		I that contain DII/DII in	waya tha	t have not been provious	<b>.</b> 7
			ways ma	t have not been previously	y
deployed. (Check all	тан ар	Jiy.j			

Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Previously Deployed (TUCPBNPD)

		Biometrics	ΙШ
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other(specify):	•		
There are not any technologies used tha	t contain F	PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deplo	ved
There are not any technologies used that	- COntain i	In Birm ways that have not over proviously depre	y ca.
ection 3: System Supported Activities	8		
v			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ties which	ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al	l tha
apply.)			
Activities			
Audiorecordings	$\boxtimes$	Building entry readers	
Video surveillance		Electronic purchase transactions	
Other(specify): Video recordings			•
☐ There are not any IT system supported a	ctivities w	hich raise privacy risks/concerns.	
•			
ection 4: Purpose of the System			
cuon ii i uipose oi ine system			
ettor i. Turpose or the System			
<del></del>	vstem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s	ystem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
	ystem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s  (Check all that apply.)	ystem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s  (Check all that apply.)  Purpose	ystem is		ed.
I Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s  (Check all that apply.)  Purpose  Fora Computer Matching Program		being collected, maintained, or disseminated.  For administering human resources programs.  To promote information sharing initiatives.	
I Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters	ystem is	For administering human resources programs	ed.
Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters  For litigation		For administering human resources programs  To promote information sharing initiatives	
Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters		For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities	
1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities		For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities	
Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose For a Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities For employee or customer satisfaction	
1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT s (Check all that apply.)  Purpose Fora Computer Matching Program For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online For web measurement and customization		For administering human resources programs To promote information sharing initiatives For criminal law enforcement activities For intelligence activities For employee or customer satisfaction For web measurement and customization	

#### **Section 5**: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in

reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

ZFG collects information about Department of Commerce (DOC) employees, contractors working on behalf of DOC, other federal government personnel, and members of the public for administrative matters, to improve federal services online, to promote information sharing initiatives, and for employee and customer satisfaction. ZFG provides a virtual meeting space whereby participants such as employees and USPTO customers can exchange information. ZFG virtual meetings help USPTO bring their teams together in an environment that is easy to use, reliable, and accessible in the cloud. Participants can use video, voice, content sharing, and chats across a variety of devices including mobile, desktops, telephones, and room systems.

Audio and video recordings will be used to recall and share meeting data. Encryption options include a choice between the standard enhanced encryption (encryption keys stored in the cloud) and End-to-end encryption (encryption keys stored on a local device) for the meeting.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

Potential threats to privacy include foreign entities, insider threats, compromised credentials, missing or poor encryption, and misconfiguration etc. ZFG implements security and management controls to prevent and mitigate these potential threats to privacy. Management controls such as access control policies and procedures and automated audit actions, for example. Audit actions are when the systemautomatically audits account creation, modification, enabling, disabling, and removal actions and notifies the appropriate USPTO personnel. ZFG uses privileged user accounts, established based on user roles and separation of duties. Separation of duties means that no one person has sole control over the lifespan of an action. This prevents errors and fraud. USPTO enables least privilege and session lock. Least privilege authorizing access to users only when necessary. Session lock is when the systemautomatically locks the workstation after 15 minutes of inactivity.

In addition, users are provided one-on-one, weekly, and monthly training. Data transmitted to and from ZFG is protected by secure methodologies such as HTTPS, used for secure communication over a computer network and Internet. In HTTPS, the communication protocol is encrypted using TLS 1.2. SAML 2.0 is used for exchanging authentication and authorization identities between security domains. All data stored at rest is also encrypted.

USPTO requires annual security role-based training and annual mandatory security awareness procedure training for all employees. The following are current USPTO policies; Information Security Foreign Travel Policy (OCIO-POL-6), IT Privacy Policy (OCIO- POL-18), IT Security Education Awareness Training Policy (OCIO-POL-19), Personally Identifiable Data Removal Policy (OCIO-POL-23), USPTO Rules of the Road (OCIO-POL- 36). All offices of the USPTO adhere to the USPTO Records Management Office's Comprehensive Records Schedule or General Records Schedule that describes the types of USPTO records and their corresponding disposition authority or citation.

#### **Section 6:** Information Sharing and Access

6.1	ndicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the	3
	PII/BII will be shared. (Check all that apply.)	

	How Information will be Shared				
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access		
Within the bureau	×	$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$		
DOC bureaus					
Federalagencies					
State, local, tribal gov't agencies					
Public					
Private sector					
Foreign governments					
Foreign entities					
Other(specify):					
6.2 Does the DOC bureau/operating unit place a limitation on re-dissemination of PII/BII shared with external agencies/entities?  Yes, the external agency/entity is required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before redissemination of PII/BII.  No, the external agency/entity is not required to verify with the DOC bureau/operating unit before redissemination of PII/BII.  No, the bureau/operating unit does not share PII/BII with external agencies/entities.					
6.3 Indicate whether the IT system connects with or receives information from any other IT systems authorized to process PII and/or BII.  Yes, this IT systemconnects with or receives information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII.  Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:					
No, this IT system does not connect w process PII and/or BII.	vith or receive in format	ion fromanother IT sys	tem(s) authorized to		

6.4		all that apply.)	have ac	cess to the 11 system and the PII/BII. (Ch	eck
_	Class				
		s of Users eral Public	$\neg \neg$	Government Employees	$\boxtimes$
<u> </u>	Cont	tractors		1 3	
		er(specify):			
L		T(Specify).			
<u>Se</u>	1	on 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will be disseminated by the system. (Chec		d if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, of	or
Г	$\boxtimes$	• • • • • •		cords notice published in the Federal Register and	
L		discussed in Section 9.		•	
	$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy Act and/or privacy policy can be found at: ht		tand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statemen w.zoomgov.com/privacy	t
	$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify	how: https://www.uspto.gov/privacy-policy	
		No, notice is not provided.	Specify	why not:	
7.2	2	Indicate whether and how individua	ls have	an opportunity to decline to provide PII/B	II.
		Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify	how:	
		No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	have the	why not: USPTO employees and contractors do not entered by the opportunity to decline to provide PII because to gle sign on (SSO) through Role-based access contained and do not have an opportunity to decline to PII.	hey
7.3		Indicate whether and how individua their PII/BII.	ls have	an opportunity to consent to particular use	s of
		Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify	how:	
	$\boxtimes$	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	have the PII. The	why not: USPTO employees and contractors do not enough to consent to particular uses of the ey use SSO through RBAC and do not have an unity to consent to uses of PII.	

		Members of the public have an opportunity to consent to uses of their PII/BII. Submitting personal information is voluntary. When a user voluntarily submits information, it constitutes their consent for the use of the information for the purposes stated at the time of collection, however the members of the public can not consent to particular uses of the PII/BII they provide.				
	Indicate whether and how individua pertaining to them.	ls have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII				
$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how: Yes, members of the public can update their account information directly through Zoom's website (privacy@zoom.us). USPTO employees and contractors may update their PII held in their account profile and preferences by logging into ZFG.				
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not:				
	apply.)	nnological controls for the system. (Check all that				
	All users signed a confidentiality agreen	_				
		ect that includes the requirement for confidentiality.				
$\boxtimes$	,	ved training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.				
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to autl	norized personnel only.				
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored Explanation:	l, tracked, or recorded.				
$\boxtimes$	(FISMA) requirements.  Provide date of most recent Assessment  ☐ This is a new system. The A&A dat	te will be provided when the A&A package is approved.				
$\boxtimes$	The Federal Information Processing Star moderate or higher.	ndard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a				
$\boxtimes$	MIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).					
$\boxtimes$	A security assessment report has been re that there are no additional privacy risks	eviewed for the information system and it has been determined.				
$\boxtimes$		mare subject to information security provisions in their contracts				
		Cowners hip rights over data including PII/BII.				
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of P	II/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.				
	Other (specify):					

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).

PII in ZFG is secured using appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards in accordance with the applicable federal laws, Executive Orders, directives, policies, regulations, and standards. All access has role-based restrictions, and individuals with access privileges have undergone vetting and suitability screening. Data is maintained in areas accessible only to authorize personnel. The USPTO maintains an audit trail and performs random periodic reviews to identify unauthorized access. Additionally, ZFG is secured by various USPTO infrastructure components, including USPTO established technical controls that includes end-to-end transport layer protocols and where applicable data-at-rest and in-transit encryption.

#### Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1	Is the P	II/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?
	$\boxtimes$	Yes, the PII/BII is searchable by a personal identifier.
		No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.
9.2	§ 552a. by an ex	whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered xisting SORN).  Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned idual."
	• COM of Com	is systemis covered by an existing systemof records notice (SORN). e the SORN name, number, and link. (list all that apply):  [MERCE/DEPT-23, Information Collected Electronically in Connection with Department merce Activities, Events, and Programs [MERCE/PAT-TM-19, Dissemination Events and Registrations]
		SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).
	No, thi	s system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.

#### **Section 10: Retention of Information**

10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. (Check all that apply.)

$\boxtimes$	There is an approved record control s	chedule.					
	Provide the name of the record control schedule:						
	• GRS 5.1, item 020: Non-red	cordkeeping c	opies of electronic record				
	• GRS 5.2, item 020: Intermediary Records						
	ĺ	-					
	No, there is not an approved record co	ontrol schedule	2.				
	Provide the stage in which the project	t is in develop	ing and submitting a records control schedule:				
	Fj	F					
	Yes, retention is monitored for compl	liance to the so	hedule				
$\boxtimes$	-						
	No, retention is not monitored for cor	npliance to the	e schedule. Provide explanation:				
10.2	T 1' 4 1 1' 1 1 1 1 C1	DII/DII	(Cl. 1 11.1 ( 1 )				
10.2	Indicate the disposal method of the	ne PII/BII.	(Cneck all that apply.)				
Dist	oos al						
	edding		Overwriting				
			<u> </u>	ш			
Deg	aussing		Deleting	$\boxtimes$			
Othe	er(specify):	<u>.</u>					
	(-F7).						
Section	on 11: NIST Special Publication	800-122 P	II Confidentiality Impact Level				
, o o o o o							
11.1	Indicate the potential impact that	could result	to the subject individuals and/or the				
	• •		-				
	organization if PII were inappropr	riately acce	ssed, used, or disclosed. (The PII				
	Confidentiality Impact Level is n	ot the same.	and does not have to be the same, as the	?			
	Confidentiality Impact Level is not the same, and does not have to be the same, as the						
	Federal Information Processing	Standards (.	FIPS) 199 security impact category.)				
	☐ Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse						
$\boxtimes$				se			
-	effect on organizational operations, o						
			availability could be expected to have a serious				
	adverse effect on organizational opera						
	High – the loss of confidentiality, into	egrity, or avail	ability could be expected to have a severe or				
			ions, organizational as sets, or individuals.				
L		<b>i</b>	, 8				
11.2	Indicate which factors were used	to determine	e the above PII confidentiality impact lever the state of the confidentiality impact lever the conf	vel.			
			<b>J</b> 1				
	(Check all that apply.)						
	Idantifiability	Dravi da avra	lanation TEC autlanta maintains, andissamina	+			
$\boxtimes$	Identifiability		lanation: ZFG collects, maintains, or dissemina	nes			
			SPTO employees, other federal employees,				
		contractors	and members of the public. The type of				
		information	such as email address, video and audio record	ings.			
			and last name, etc. when combined may unique				
				Ciy			
		identify an i	nuividual.				
$\boxtimes$	Quantity of PII	Provide exp	lanation: The quantity of PII is based on severa	al			
		factors but t	he primary driver of the amount of data will be	e			
			e number of users accessing and creating an				

		account on the site and the quantity of data shared. USPTO has 10 licensed accounts that can host online meetings.
	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: The combination of email address, first name, and last name together can identify a particular person especially if the audio and/or video recording is also available.
$\boxtimes$	Context of Use	Provide explanation: The email address, first name, and last name collected will be used primarily for account creation and logging into the system. Audio and video recordings will be shared on a need to know basis if requested.
	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: USPTO Privacy Policy requires the PII information collected within the system to be protected accordance to NIST SP 800-122, Guide to Protecting the Confidentiality of Personally Identifiable Information. In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, PII must be protected.
	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: Access to ZFG is limited to authorized USPTO employees and contractors. The PII is secured using appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards in accordance with FedRAMP SaaS Authorization. ZFG does not disseminate PII information to any other systems.
	Other:	Provide explanation:

#### **Section 12:** Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

Foreign and adversarial entities, insider threats, and computer failure are activities which may raise privacy concerns related to the collection, maintenance, and dissemination of PII. USPTO has implemented a baseline of security controls to mitigate the risk to information to an acceptable level. USPTO mitigates such threats through mandatory training for systemusers regarding appropriate handling of information and automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule.

12.2	Indicate whether	the conduct of	of this	PIA results	in any	required	business	process	changes

Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes.  Explanation:			

	$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.	
12	2.3	Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.	
		Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes.  Explanation:	
	$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.	

### **Points of Contact and Signatures**

System Owner	Chief Information Security Officer
Name: He, Gengshu Scott	Name: Don Watson
Office: Collaborative Services Division (I/CSD)	Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
Phone: (571) 272-0038	Phone: (571) 272-8130
Email: Ghe@@uspto.gov	Email: <u>Don.Watson@uspto.gov</u>
I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.	I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.
Signature:	Signature:
Date signed:	
c	Date signed:
Drivoay Act Officer	Dung an Chief Driveny Officer and
Privacy Act Officer Name: Caitlin Trujillo	Bureau Chief Privacy Officer and
Office: Office of General Law (O/GL)	Authorizing Official Name: Henry J. Holcombe
Phone: (571)270-7834	Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
Email: Caitlin.Trujillo@uspto.gov	Phone: (571) 272-9400
J 0 1 2	Email: Jamie.Holcombe@uspto.gov
	Linuin. Juniie. Holeomoe@uspto.gov
I certify that the appropriate authorities and SORNs (if applicable) are cited in this PIA.	I certify that the PII/BII processed in this IT system is necessary, this PIA ensures compliance with DOC policy to protect privacy, and the Bureau/OU Privacy Act Officer concurs with the SORNs and authorities cited.
Signature:	Signature:
Date signed:	D ( ) 1
	Date signed:
Co-Authorizing Official	
Name: N/A	
Office: N/A	
Phone: N/A	
Email: N/A	
I certify that this PIA accurately reflects the representations made	
to me herein by the System Owner, the Chief Information Security	
Officer, and the Chief Privacy Officer regarding security controls	
in place to protect PII/BII in this PIA.	
Signature:	
Detection of	
Date signed:	

This page is for internal routing purposes and documentation of approvals. Upon final approval, this page <u>must</u> be removed prior to publication of the PIA.