# U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



## Privacy Impact Assessment for the Agency Administrative Support System (AASS)

Reviewed by: Henry J. Holcombe, Bureau Chief Privacy Officer	
<ul> <li>☒ Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Official</li> <li>☒ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Official</li> </ul>	
Jennifer Goode	5/5/2022
Signature of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer	Date

# U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Agency Administrative Support System (AASS)

**Unique Project Identifier: PTOC-002-00** 

**Introduction:** System Description

Provide a brief description of the information system.

Agency Administrative Support System (AASS) is a major application. It is designed to serve many purposes within the USPTO such as consolidating document imaging, providing a visual representation of the IT facility and resources, providing a centralized repository of information about USPTO IT facilities. It also provides automatic discovery of software, hardware, configuration file, and network devices, managing and tracking automated and software assets, providing USPTO enterprise-wide solutions to identify and track strategic goals and business and organizational information, providing a solution to store data and perform statistical analysis in a secured environment, and collecting, storing, and displaying organizational and performance metric data.

Address the following elements:

(a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system AASS is a major application.

#### (b) System location

AASS is located at 600 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314

(c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

AASS interconnects with the following systems:

**Network and Security Infrastructure System (NSI)** is an infrastructure information system and provides an aggregate of subsystems that facilitates the communications, secure access, protective services, and network infrastructure support for all USPTO IT applications.

Enterprise UNIX Services (EUS) consists of assorted UNIX operating system variants (OS), each comprised of many utilities along with a master control program, the kernel.

**Service Oriented Infrastructure (SOI)** provides a feature-rich and stable platform upon which USPTO applications can be deployed.

**Database Services (DBS)** is an infrastructure information system and provides a database infrastructure to support the mission of USPTO database needs.

Consolidated Financial System (CFS) - CFS is a Master System composed of the following four (4) subsystems: 1) Momentum 2) Concur Integration, 3) E-Acquisition (ACQ) and 4) VendorPortal.

Enterprise Desktop Platform (EDP) is an infrastructure information system which provides a standard enterprise wide environment that manages desktops and laptops running on the Windows 10 operating system (OS), providing United States Government Configuration Baseline (USGCB) compliant workstations.

**Security and Compliance Services (SCS)** provides a centralized command and control console with integrated enterprise log management, security information and event management network behavior analysis, and reporting through the collection of events, network/application flow data, vulnerability data, and identity information.

Enterprise Windows Servers (EWS) is an infrastructure information system and provides a hosting platform for major applications that support various USPTO missions.

**Enterprise Software Services (ESS)** provides Enterprise Directory Services, Role-Based Access Control System, Email as a Service, PTO Exchange Services, Symantec Endpoint Protection, Enterprise SharePoint Services, etc.

Intellectual Property Leadership Management System (IPLMSS) is a master system and facilitates grouping and managing of seven general support subsystems that collectively support the USPTO Director; Deputy Director; Office of the General Counsel (OGC), including OGC's components, the Office of General Law (OGL), Office of the Solicitor, and Office of Enrollment and Discipline (OED); Trademark Trial and Appeal Board (TTAB); Patent Trial and Appeal Board (PTAB); Office of Patent Training (OPT); and Office of Policy and International Affairs (OPIA).

Patent Capture and Application Processing System-Examination Support (PCAPS-ES) consists of several applications that enable patent examiners and public users to search and retrieve application data and images and patent examiners and patent applicants to identify individuals and organizations with intellectual property, pre-grant, and published applications.

(d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4 AASS is a major application composed of the following subsystems:

Corporate Imaging Document Management System (CIDM) is a consolidation of all imaging document systems in Corporate Systems Division (CSD) that meets user requirements and conforms to USPTO system infrastructure requirements specified by the Chief Information Officer (CIO) for Automated Information Systems (AISs). CIDM provides similar content management requirements and functionalities to several offices including Vendor Management Division (VMD), Office of Commissioner for Patents (PEO), Office of Enrollment and Discipline (OED), Office of Patent Information Management (OPIM), and the Deputy Undersecretary (DUS).

Collection of Economic Analysis Tools (COEAT) is a COTS product that contains tools needed for data analysis, data management, and graphics and is used by OPIA and USPTO to respond to official requests related to various data sets. COEAT is used by the Chief Economist's office of the USPTO to store data and perform statistical analysis in a secured environment and is fully integrated with the current Windows desktop environment and is accessible to users via the USPTO Intranet (PTONet). COEAT includes hundreds of statistical tools and many data-management commands that provide complete control of all types of data that include byte, integers, long, float, double, and string variables. COEAT generates publication-quality, distinctly styled graphs using an integrated graph editor. To ensure that no unauthorized users access the system, the COEAT applicant has built-in security controls. COEAT collects and maintains PII related to patent examiners and applicants such as age, race, national status, disability status, veteran status, sex, length of service, etc.

Data Center Facilities Management System (DCFMS) creates a centralized repository of information about USPTO IT facilities. Aperture Vista 600 provides a visual representation of the IT facility that is linked to detailed information about the IT resources within that facility. Aperture Vista 600 will allow the IT facility manager to document and track equipment locations, network connectivity, Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) requirements and capacity, and electronic connectivity and capacity. DCFMS is based on Aperture commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) products by Emerson Network Power. DCFMS does not collect, maintain, or disseminate any PII.

Global Enterprise Architecture Repository System (GEARS) provides a holistic view of the USPTO enterprise and helps identify and track strategic goals, business functions, business processes, roles, organizational structures, business information, key performance metrics to technologies including software applications, services, platforms, and network infrastructure. GEARS presents views, roadmaps, and analytics of the current as-is and future to-be state of the enterprise. GEARS supports Enterprise Architecture Division which extends the enterprise interests and relationships to key partners, suppliers, and customers. GEARS is developed using a Commercial-off-the-Shelf (COTS) product called TrouxTM. The repository offered by Troux

allows for a flexible foundation to store data about the agency's business objectives, capabilities, and processes, along with the business linkages to the supporting IT assets. Additionally, Troux ships with a pre-built web front end application that allows users to analyze data relationships, execute and view reports, and (if given sufficient privilege) add or update repository data. GEARS does collect, maintain, or disseminate PII, for example internal names of product owners.

OCIO Data Driven Dash Board (OCIO-DDD) is an intranet only web application that collects, stores and displays organizational and performance metric data for the OCIO office. OCIO-DDD consists of a .NET custom code base. Users have varying levels of permission to view, add, and update metrics and measurements and to view various metric status charts. OCIO-DDD does not collect, maintain, or disseminate any PII.

### (e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

Information in AASS is retrieved via USPTO intranet access, dashboard, SharePoint, and registered accounts.

#### (f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

Information is encrypted and transmitted to AASS via HTTPS (TLS 1.2) and SSH.

### (g) Any information sharing

AASS shares PII within the bureau and DOC bureaus on a case by case basis. AASS shares PII on a case-by-case basis and via bulk transfer with the public. AASS shares PII via bulk transfer with foreign government.

# (h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information

- Title I of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. app. 101)
- Executive Order 9397
- Executive Order 12674 (as modified by Executive Order 12731)
- 5 CFR Part 2634, Subpart I, of the Office of Government Ethics (OGE) regulations
- Privacy Act at 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(1).
- GE/GOVT-2 Executive Branch Confidential Financial Disclosure Reports Privacy Act system of records
- 35 U.S.C. 5
- 35 U.S.C. 2
- 5 U.S.C. 301

# (i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

AASS is a Moderate system.

## **Section 1:** Status of the Information System

General Personal Data (GPD)

1.1 Indicate whether the	inforr	natior	system is a new or e	xistin	g system.	
☐ This is a new informat	ion s	vstem	1.			
		-		at cre	ate new privacy risks. (C	hock
<b>C</b>	nman	011 5	ystem with changes the	at CIC	ate new privacy risks. (C	neck
all that apply.)						
Changes That Create Ne	w Priv	acv Ri	isks(CTCNPR)			
a. Conversions			d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses	
b. Anonymous to Non-			e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or	$\boxtimes$
Anonymous			f. Commercial Sources	<del> </del>	Collection	
c. Significant System Management Changes			i. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data	
j. Other changes that crea	ate new	priva	cy risks (specify):			
	, •			1		1
_		-			not create new privacy ris	ks,
			proved Privacy Impact			
$\Box$ This is an existing info	ormati	on s	ystem in which change	es do	not create new privacy ris	ks,
and there is a SA	OP ap	prov	ed Privacy Impact Ass	sessm	nent.	
Castian 1. Information in	tha C	rva to m	•			
<b>Section 2:</b> Information in	me s	ysten	1			
2.1 Indicate what person	allv ic	lentifi	able information (PII	)/busi	ness identifiable informat	ion
1	•		r disseminated. (Chec	_		
			1		11 0 /	
Identifying Numbers (IN)		СТ	) · , t ·	_	· F: · 1 A	
a. Social Security*	Ш		Driver's License	$\boxtimes$	j. Financial Account	$\boxtimes$
b. Taxpayer ID	$\boxtimes$		assport	$\boxtimes$	k. Financial Transaction	$\boxtimes$
c. Employer ID	$\boxtimes$		Alien Registration	$\boxtimes$	Vehicle Identifier	$\boxtimes$
d. Employee ID	$\boxtimes$	i. (	Credit Card	$\boxtimes$	m. Medical Record	$\boxtimes$
e. File/Case ID	$\boxtimes$					
n. Other identifying numbers (						
system may include other PII the been redacted.	natuse	ers nav	e voluntarily submitted, bu	it any i	instances of PII not requested	iave
*Explanation for the business	needto	colle	ct, maintain, or dis seminate	the S	ocial Security number, includi	ng
truncated form:						

a. Name	$\boxtimes$	h. Date of Birth	$\boxtimes$	o. Financial Information	$\boxtimes$
b. Maiden Name	$\boxtimes$	i. Place of Birth	$\boxtimes$	p. Medical Information	$\boxtimes$
c. Alias		j. Home Address	$\boxtimes$	q. Military Service	$\boxtimes$
d. Gender	$\boxtimes$	k. Telephone Number	$\boxtimes$	r. Criminal Record	$\boxtimes$
e. Age	$\boxtimes$	1. Email Address	$\boxtimes$	s. Marital Status	$\boxtimes$
f. Race/Ethnicity		m. Education	$\boxtimes$	t. Mother's Maiden Name	$\boxtimes$
g. Citizenship	$\boxtimes$	n. Religion			
u. Other general personal dat	a (spec	ify):	•		
W. I D.I. ID. (AVDD)					
Work-Related Data (WRD)		e. Work Email Address		Dygingg A	
a. Occupation				i. Business Associates	
b. Job Title		f. Salary		j. Proprietary or Business Information	
c. Work Address	$\boxtimes$	g. Work History	$\boxtimes$	k. Procurement/contracting records	
d. Work Telephone Number		h. Employment Performance Ratings or other Performance Information			
Distinguishing Features/Bio	metric	s (DFB)			
a. Fingerprints		f. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		k. Signatures	$\boxtimes$
b. Palm Prints		g. Hair Color	$\boxtimes$	l. Vascular Scans	
c. Voice/Audio Recording		h. Eye Color	$\boxtimes$	m. DNA Sample or Profile	
d. Video Recording		i. Height	$\boxtimes$	n. Retina/Iris Scans	
e. Photographs		j. Weight	$\boxtimes$	o. Dental Profile	
p. Other distinguishing features/biometrics (specify):					
System Administration/Audi	it Data				
System Administration/Audia. User ID	it Data	(SAAD)  c. Date/Time of Access	$\boxtimes$	e. ID Files Accessed	$\boxtimes$
	ī			e. ID Files Accessed f. Contents of Files	
a. UserID		c. Date/Time of Access f. Queries Run			
a. User ID b. IP Address g. Other system administration		c. Date/Time of Access f. Queries Run			
a. User ID b. IP Address		c. Date/Time of Access f. Queries Run			
a. User ID b. IP Address g. Other system administration		c. Date/Time of Access f. Queries Run			
a. User ID b. IP Address g. Other system administration		c. Date/Time of Access f. Queries Run			

2.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)

Directly from Individual about Whom the Information Pertains
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In Person	$\boxtimes$	Hard Copy: Mail/Fax	$\boxtimes$	Online	$\boxtimes$
Telephone	$\boxtimes$	Email	$\boxtimes$		
Other(specify):					
<b>Government Sources</b>					
Within the Bureau	$\boxtimes$	Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies	$\boxtimes$
State, Local, Tribal	$\boxtimes$	Foreign	$\boxtimes$		
Other (specify):					
Non-government Sources					
Public Organizations	$\boxtimes$	Private Sector	$\boxtimes$	Commercial Data Brokers	$\boxtimes$
Third Party Website or Applic			$\boxtimes$		
Other(specify):					
AASS is secured using appropriate administrative, physical and technical safeguards in accordance with the NIST security controls (encryption, access control, auditing). Mandatory IT Awareness and role-based training is required for staff who have access to the system and addresses how to handle, retain, and dispose of data. All access has role-based restrictions, and individuals with access privileges have undergone vetting and suitability screening. The USPTO maintains an audit trail and performs randomperiodic reviews to identify unauthorized access and changes as part of verifying the integrity of data.					
.4 Is the information covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act?					
Yes, the information is covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act. Provide the OMB control number and the agency number for the collection. 0651-0012 0651-0017 0651-0080 0690-0035					
No, the information is not covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act.					

2.5 Indicate the technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed. (Check all that apply.)

Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Pre	eviously	Deployed (TUCPBNPD)	
Smart Cards Biometrics			
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other(specify):			
	, . D	NT/NT' (1 (1 (1 ' 1 1 1	1
There are not any technologies used that co	ontain P	II/BII in ways that have not been previously deplo	yed.
Section 3: System Supported Activities			
Indicate IT system supported activitie <i>apply.</i> )	s whic	ch raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check al	l that
Activities	_		
Audio recordings		Building entry readers	
Video surveillance		Electronic purchase transactions	
Other(specify):			
There are not any IT system supported act	ivities w	hich raise privacy risks/concerns.	
(Check all that apply.)	tem is	being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
Purpose For a Computer Matching Program		For administering human resources programs	
For admin is trative matters		To promote information sharing initiatives	
For litigation	$\boxtimes$	For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online		For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization		For web measurement and customization	
technologies (single-session)	$\boxtimes$	technologies (multi-session)	
Other(specify):			

## **Section 5**: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated

will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

AASS collects, maintains, and disseminates PII about employees, contractors, and members of the public for administrative matters, litigation, civil enforcement activities, to improve federal services online for web measurement and customization technologies (multi and single session), to promote information sharing initiatives, for intelligence activities, for employee or customer satisfaction.

In terms of intelligence activities and information sharing, AASS is a repository for registered patent practitioners and trademark practitioners. Through AASS, OED administers the registration examand maintains a roster of current patent practitioners. OED also investigates grievances submitted against practitioners, provides public information about disciplinary actions against practitioners, coordinates a nationwide Patent Pro Bono Program for under-resourced inventors seeking free legal help, and administers a Law School Clinic Certification Program where law students gain experience in intellectual property law.

COEAT, GEARS and OCIO-DDD aid in the improvement of federal online services and provide web measurement and customization technologies. COEAT includes hundreds of statistical tools and many data-management commands that provide complete control of all types of data that include byte, integers, long, float, double, and string variables. COEAT generates publication-quality, distinctly styled graphs using an integrated graph editor. GEARS provides a holistic view of the USPTO Enterprise and helps identify and track strategic goals, business functions, business process, roles, organizational structures, business information, key performance metrics to technologies including software applications, services, platforms and network infrastructure. OCIO-DDD is an intranet only web application that collects, stores and displays organizational and performance metric data for the OCIO office.

CIDM system provides content management requirements and functionalities and DCFMS creates a centralized repository of information about Information Technology (IT) facilities of the USPTO. CIDM aids employees by providing content managing and imaging. DCFMS aids in employee satisfaction by providing HVAC services, IT services, and other facility services.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy, such as insider threat, as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

USPTO has also identified and evaluated po which may cause a loss of confidentiality, ac one, weekly, and monthly training. All users controls of the system. Furthermore, the syst protection. Data retention is managed autom retention policy. System access to PII/BII da	ccessibility and integrity have access restriction temhas the ability to pa atically using IQ Archi	y of information. Users or permissions based of assword protect any sen wist in accordance with	are provided one-on- on the built-in security sitive data for added
Section 6: Information Sharing and A  6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau in PII/BII will be shared. (Check as	tends to share the I	PII/BII in the IT sys	tem and how the
Recipient		w Information will be S Bulk Transfer	
Within the bureau	Case-by-Case		Direct Access
DOC bureaus			
Federalagencies			
State, local, tribal gov't agencies			
Public		$\boxtimes$	
Private sector			
Foreign governments		$\boxtimes$	
Foreign entities			
Other(specify):			
The PII/BII in the system will not be s	shared.		
6.2 Does the DOC bureau/operating a shared with external agencies/ent	•	n on re-disseminati	ion of PII/BII
Yes, the external agency/entity is required dissemination of PII/BII.	•		
No, the external agency/entity is not redissemination of PII/BII.		•	ng unit before re-
No, the bureau/operating unit does no	tsnare PII/BII with exte	ernai agencies/entities.	
6.3 Indicate whether the IT system co	onnects with or rece	eives information from	om any other IT

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systems authorized to process PII and/or BII.

	process PII and/or BII.		rmation from another IT system(s) authori				
	Provide the name of the IT system and	d describe th	te technical controls which prevent PII/BII	leakage:			
	Yes, this IT system connects with orr process PII and/or BII.	eceives info	rmation from another IT system(s) authori	zed to			
Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:							
	AASS interconnects with the following		ms:				
	<ul><li>Consolidated Financial Syste</li><li>Security and Compliance Ser</li></ul>						
	<ul> <li>Security and Compliance Ser</li> <li>Enterprise Software Services</li> </ul>						
	Intellectual Property Leaders		ment System(IPLMSS)				
	Patent Capture and Applicati	on Processi	ng System-Examination Support (PCAPS-	-ES)			
	network and logical access is segregat list that limits access to only a few app all activities and events within the ser personnel review audit logs received of inappropriate or unusual activity is ide	ted with nety proved an au vers storing on a regular entified. Ac	a highly sensitive zone within the USPTC work firewalls and switches through an Ac athorized account. The USPTO monitors in the potential PII data and a subset of USPT bases and alert the appropriate personnel with the potential pile and a "need to know" basis segregate users in accordance with their further	ccess Control n real-time ΓΟ C3 when s, and there is			
	N. d. W.	*.4		1 1 1			
	No, this IT system does not connect w process PII and/or BII.	ith or receiv	ve information from another IT system(s) a	iuthorized to			
	process i nuna, or Bit.						
64	Then in Vine class of lisers wind wi	m nave ac	cess to the LL system and the PH/RI	II (('hock			
	all that apply.)	iii nave ac	cess to the IT system and the PII/BI	II. (Check			
Clas	all that apply.)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Clas Gene	all that apply.) ss of Users eral Public	iii nave ac	Government Employees	II. (Check			
Clas Gene Cont	all that apply.) ss of Users eral Public tractors			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Clas Gene Cont	all that apply.) ss of Users eral Public	$\boxtimes$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Clas Gene Cont Othe	all that apply.) ss of Users eral Public tractors	$\boxtimes$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Clas Gene Cont Othe  Sectio	all that apply.)  ss of Users eral Public tractors er (specify):  on 7: Notice and Consent	be notified	Government Employees  I if their PII/BII is collected, mainta				
Clas Gene Cont Othe  Sectio	all that apply.)  ss of Users eral Public tractors er (specify):  on 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will disseminated by the system. (Cha	be notified eck all that	Government Employees  I if their PII/BII is collected, mainta	ained, or			
Clas Gene Cont Othe  Sectio	all that apply.)  Ss of Users  eral Public  tractors  er (specify):  On 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will disseminated by the system. (Characteristic)  Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a second discussed in Section 9.	be notified eck all that ystem of records acts tatemen	Government Employees  It if their PII/BII is collected, maintain the apply.)  ords notice published in the Federal Registand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act s	ained, or			
Clas Gene Cont Othe  Sectio	all that apply.)  ss of Users eral Public tractors er (specify):  on 7: Notice and Consent  Indicate whether individuals will disseminated by the system. (Cha  Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a s discussed in Section 9.  Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy A	be notified eck all that ystemofred ects tatement Policy: htt	Government Employees  I if their PII/BII is collected, maintant apply.)  ords notice published in the Federal Registand/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act so://www.uspto.gov/privacy-policy	ained, or			

	No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:
7.2	Indicate whether and how individua	ls have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.
	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how: Yes, submitting personal information is voluntary. USPTO does not collect PII from applicants, practitioners, or members of the public unless an individual chooses to provide personal information.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not:
	Indicate whether and how individua their PII/BII.	ls have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of
$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how: Yes, individuals have the opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII. Individuals consent by choosing to provide information. Submitting personal information is voluntary.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not:
	Indicate whether and how individua pertaining to them.	ls have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII
	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how: Yes, individuals have the opportunity to review/update their PII pertaining to them. OED forms can be used by applicants and practitioners to update their information. Employees may update their profile information using MyUSPTO.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not:
8.1	Indicate the administrative and technology apply.)	logical Controls  nnological controls for the system. (Check all that
	All users signed a confidentiality agreen	ment or non-disclosure agreement.
	All users are subject to a Code of Condu	net that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
$\boxtimes$	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	ved training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to auth	2
	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored Explanation: Audit Logs	tracked, or recorded.

$\boxtimes$	The information is secured in accordance with the Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA) requirements.
	Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A):September 19, 2021
	☐ This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
$\boxtimes$	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
$\boxtimes$	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended
	security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
$\boxtimes$	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
$\boxtimes$	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
$\boxtimes$	Contracts with customers establish DOC ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.
$\boxtimes$	Other (specify): Employees and contractors sign a confidentiality agreement or non-disclosure agreement and are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
3.2	Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).

All access has role-based restrictions and individuals with access privileges undergo vetting and suitability screening. Data is maintained in areas accessible only to authorized personnel. The USPTO maintains an audit trail and performs randomperiodic reviews to identify unauthorized access. The data is encrypted in transit and at rest. Additionally, AASS is secured by various USPTO in frastructure components, including the NSI system and other OCIO established technical controls to include password authentication at the server and database

#### Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1	Is the l	PII/BII searchable by a personal identifier (e.g, name or Social Security number)?
	$\boxtimes$	Yes, the PII/BII is searchable by a personal identifier.
		No, the PII/BII is not searchable by a personal identifier.
9.2	Indicat	e whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C.

§ 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN).

As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."

$\boxtimes$	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN).
	Provide the SORN name, number, and link. (list all that apply):
	<ul> <li>COMMERCE/DEPT-3: Conflict of Interest Records, Appointed Officials.</li> <li>COMMERCE/DEPT-10: Executive Correspondence Files.</li> <li>COMMERCE/PAT-TM-4: Government Employee Invention Rights.</li> <li>COMMERCE/PAT-TM-7: Patent Application Files. (Note: This notice is broken down, where indicated, into three subsystems relating to the status of the files: a. Pending; b. Abandoned; and c. Patented).</li> <li>COMMERCE/PAT-TM-23: User Access for Web Portals and Information Requests</li> <li>COMMERCE/PAT-TM-1: Attorneys and Agents Registered or Recognized to Practice Before the Office</li> <li>COMMERCE/PAT-TM-2: Complaints, Investigations and Disciplinary Proceedings Relating to Attorneys and Agents Registered or Recognized to Practice Before the Office.</li> <li>COMMERCE/DEPT-18, Employees Personnel Files Not Covered by Notices of Other Agencies</li> </ul>
	Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).
	No, this system is not a system of records and a SORN is not applicable.

## Section 10: Retention of Information

10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. (Check all that apply.)

$\boxtimes$	There is an approved record control schedule.
	Provide the name of the record control schedule:
	GRS 5.1:020: Non-recordkeeping copies of electronic records. Temporary. Destroy immediately after copying to a recordkeeping system or otherwise preserving, but longer retention is authorized if required for business use.
	GRS 3.2:020, Computer security incident handling, reporting, and follow-up reports. Temporary. Destroy 3 year(s) after all necessary follow-up actions have been completed, but longer retention is authorized if required for business use.
	GRS 3.2:010, Systemand data security records. Temporary. Destroy 1 year(s) after system is superseded by a new iteration or when no longer needed for agency/IT administrative purposes to ensure a continuity of security controls throughout the life of the system.
	GRS 3.2:030 and 031, System Access Records. Temporary. Destroy when business use ceases.
	NY 4
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.  Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:
$\boxtimes$	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance to the schedule.
	No, retention is not monitored for compliance to the schedule. Provide explanation:

10.2 Indicate the disposal method of the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Disposal			
Shredding	$\boxtimes$	Overwriting	
Degaussing		Deleting	$\boxtimes$
Other(specify):			

## Section 11: NIST Special Publication 800-122 PII Confidentiality Impact Level

11.1	Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the
	organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed. (The PII
	Confidentiality Impact Level is not the same, and does not have to be the same, as the
	Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category.)

	Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
$\boxtimes$	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
	High – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact level. (Check all that apply.)

	Identifiability	Provide explanation: AASS collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about DOC employees, contractors, and the public. The types of information collected, maintained, used or disseminated by the systemincludes identifying numbers, Employee ID for example which uniquely identify an individual.
	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation: The number of records collected generate an enormous amount of PII. There are approximately 60,000 patent practitioners active. The cases and customers not registered but that access AASS is much larger.
	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: The types of identifying numbers such as credit card and name as well as information about disciplinary action regarding practitioners can be sensitive.
$\boxtimes$	Context of Use	Provide explanation: AASS contains PII regarding grievance investigations submitted against practitioners and provides public information about disciplinary actions against practitioners which if breached could lead to embarrassment and loss of trust.
$\boxtimes$	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: Based on the data collected, USPTO must protect the PII of each individual in accordance to the Privacy Act of 1974 and USPTO Privacy Policy requires the PII information collected within the system to be protected in accordance with

	NIST SP 800-122, Guide to Protecting the Confidentiality of Personally Identifiable Information.
Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: The servers storing the potential PII are located in a highly sensitive zone within the USPTO internal network and logical access is segregated with network firewalls and switches through an Access Control list that limits access to only a few approved an authorized accounts. Authorized privileged users access the applications for administrative functions only, and authorized non-privileged users access some applications as required for their roles within their group. The strict access to and secure location of PII lower the PII Confidentiality Impact rating.
Other:	Provide explanation:

### Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

USPTO has also identified and evaluated potential threats to PII such as insider threats and adversarial entities which may cause a loss of confidentiality, accessibility and integrity of information. Users are provided one-on-one, weekly, and monthly training. All users have access restriction or permissions based on the built-in security controls of the system. Furthermore, the system has the ability to password protect any sensitive data for added protection. Data retention is managed automatically using IQ Archivist in accordance with records management retention policy. Systemaccess to PII/BII data is limited to a restricted set of users.

12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes.  Explanation:
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.

12.3 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes.  Explanation:
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.

## Points of Contact and Signatures

System Owner	Chief Information Security Officer
Name: Myles Roberts	Name: Don Watson
Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer	Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
(OCIO)	Phone: (571) 272-8130
Phone: (571) 272-9182 Email: Myles.Roberts@uspto.gov	Email: Don.Watson@uspto.gov
Email. Myles.Roberts@usplo.gov	
I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security	I certify that this PIA is an accurate representation of the security
controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.  Digitally signed by Users, Roberts,	controls in place to protect PII/BII processed on this IT system.
Users, Roberts, Myles Myles Date: 2022.03.21 10:23:05 -04'00'	Signature: Users, Watson, Don Digitally signed by Users, Watson, Don Date: 2022.03.2111:54:33-0400'
Signature.	
Date signed:	Date signed:
C	
Privacy Act Officer	Bureau Chief Privacy Officer and
Name: Ezequiel Berdichevsky	Authorizing Official
Office: Office of General Law (O/GL)	
Phone: (571) 270-1557	Name: Henry J. Holcombe
Email: Ezequiel.Berdichevsky@uspto.gov	Office: Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO)
	Phone: (571) 272-9400
I certify that the appropriate authorities and SORNs (if applicable)	Email: Jamie.Holcombe@uspto.gov
are cited in this PIA.	I certify that the PII/BII processed in this IT system is necessary, this
	PIA ensures compliance with DOC policy to protect privacy, and the
Users, Berdichevsky, Digitally signed by Users,	Bureau/OU Privacy Act Officer concurs with the SORNs and
Signature: Ezequiel Berdichevsky, Ezequiel Date: 2022.03.14 14:51:02 -04'00'	authorities cited.
	Users, Holcombe, Digitally signed by Users, Holcombe, Henry
Date signed:	Signature: Henry Date: 2022.03.22 15:11:21 -04'00'
	Data signadi
	Date signed:
Co-Authorizing Official	
Name: N/A	
Office: N/A Phone: N/A	
Email: N/A	
Eman. IVA	
I certify that this PIA accurately reflects the representations made	
to me herein by the System Owner, the Chief Information Security	
Officer, and the Chief Privacy Officer regarding security controls in place to protect PII/BII in this PIA.	
in place to protect I if Diff in this I IA.	
Cianatura	
Signature:	
Date signed:	

This page is for internal routing purposes and documentation of approvals. Upon final approval, this page <u>must</u> be removed prior to publication of the PIA.